

ing—This department, is certain to be of great just at this time.

## Forecast

w-cut Shoes  
is delightful leeway  
choice of leathers and  
il variety as to the  
ender last, but fash-  
trees the

and Oxford Favored  
e Interestingly  
iced \$8.50 Pair

pumps may be had in pat-  
gun metal with turned  
and covered heels. Note  
sketched at the right.

ad in dark tan and black  
ized kid with Cuban heels

Third Floor, South.

## ton Fabrics

tions come these very  
enough to meet any

gs, 45c Yard  
Linen, 75c Yard

ulti-colored woven stripes  
ch width, 45c yard.  
re 36 inches wide and re-  
rd.

s, white with  
s—95c yard.

ale—

Are \$3.35



athers and details of finish-  
ery way. Special at \$3.35.

erth.

## March Sale

worth while values  
for special mention:

bedspreads with bolster  
at \$11 the set.

s and bolster cover to  
2 x 88 inches, \$8.25 set.

spreads with scalloped  
75 each.

75 x 92 inches, \$4.

North.

## Housewares



boiler racks priced at 40c.

n benches, 5 ft. long, 85c.

of galvanized iron, \$1.35.

tric irons, nickel-plated, with  
e priced \$1.85.

waste paper baskets, 75c.

## Continues

mental room rugs to lino-  
s. For this event we have

ire Line  
Reduced

is discontinued have been pur-  
e. These rugs are noted for

0 4x7 1/2 ft., \$27.50

\$65 and 8 1/2 x 10 1/2 ft. at \$60.

ale Prices  
e at \$37.50

fringe. These rugs are always  
these pricings notable values.

# The Chicago Daily Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FINAL EDITION

VOLUME LXXVIII.—NO. 60. C.

(COPYRIGHT, 1919, BY THE TRIBUNE COMPANY.)

TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 1919.—30 PAGES.

THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF TWO SECTIONS—SECTION ONE.

PRICE TWO CENTS IN CHICAGO. SUBSCRIBERS AND FOREIGN, THREE CENTS.

# EXECUTE BERLIN REBELS

## \$1,672,000,000 U. S. AIRCRAFT TO GO TO JUNK?

### Report That Most of War Equipment Will Be Sold.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., March 10.—(Special.)—Reports that the war department contemplates selling for junk the greater part of the aviation equipment produced during the war at a cost of \$1,672,000,000 stirred up considerable indignation among Republican members of the military affairs committee today.

According to information of the department plans which have reached senators, the military air service is to be reduced from 30,000 flyers and 30,000 mechanics to 3,000 flyers and 3,000 mechanics, and the larger proportion of the 7,500 training and 6,334 service planes and 20,000 Liberty motors sold to the highest bidder.

To Resell Spruce and Lichen. The plan, it is said, also contemplates the sale to the highest bidder of 20,000,000 feet of selected airplane spruce, valued at \$800,000,000, together with 7,000,000 yards of airplane linen, and thirty aerodromes and balloon depots.

In the absence of Secretary Baker, war department officials declined to affirm or deny the report. Senator New of Indiana, member of the senate committee on military affairs, said he was looking into the matter and added that if the war department really intended to wreck the air service and junk the equipment the act will be little short of a crime, in view not only of the valuable material that would be sacrificed but of the setback that would be given the future of aerial navigation in the United States.

Contrasted with England. While the United States is taking no steps in the direction of the development of commercial aviation, Great Britain has adopted a vast program and has decided that it is imperative for her to attain supremacy of the air, "whatever the cost."

The London government has sent air attachés to embassies at Paris, Rome, and Washington, Col. Lionel E. O. Charlton being the attaché who has just arrived here. When the United States agreed to receive the British attaché Washington informed London that no American air attaché would be sent to England.

When the Republican congress meets Senator New will press vigorously his bill for the establishment of an air ministry to develop both commercial and military aviation.

Has Seven Year Program.

"Since early in the spring of 1918 England has had an air ministry, with Sir William Weir at its head," said Senator New. "It marked the end of her troubles and the beginning of her real progress, and today England easily leads the world in aeronautics. Is this ministry to be dissolved now that the war is over? Not at all. She is already engaged upon a seven year program of development, for which there has been made an annual budget of \$100,000,000."

Sober men are today talking of transatlantic flights, and even now such undertakings are being planned."

Scored in New York Address.

New York, March 10.—(Special.)—"Not a single boche machine was brought down on the western front by an American airplane."

"America is behind every other civilized country in the development of aviation."

In a slashing attack upon the government's "lack of policy" toward the future of aviation, Maj. F. H. La Guardia, aviator and member of the house of representatives from the Fourteenth district, this city, made these statements today.

He declared the army, navy, and postal departments were responsible for the retardation of aviation "through their overlapping authority in all activities connected with aviation." He then said congress would adopt a policy of starvation to these departments in order to bring them to the realization of the importance of a separate department of aviation.

## FARMERS KILL BANK BANDIT WHO TOOK \$8,000

### Silver Lake Posse Trails Man to Wood; Rifle Ends Him.

The farmers of Kenosha county fought a battle yesterday and killed a man in Coxwell's woods—a former farm hand, who had robbed the Silver Lake bank of nearly \$8,000.

The man, who was known only as Charley, had served a term in Waupun some time ago. Silver Lake hadn't seen him for three years. He entered the bank with two revolvers and forced the cashier, W. G. Schlecht, and the bookkeeper, Charles Dean, to stand with their faces to the vault. Then he helped himself to all the money in sight and ran.

Sheriff Joseph Meyers of Kenosha county was called. All the adjacent farms were notified. The bandit was on foot. His flight was followed from farm to farm on the telephone. The countryside turned out with every kind of weapon imaginable.

Sheriff Leads in Taxi. Sheriff Meyers came in a taxicab, his automobile being broken. He organized the posse.

"We found him in Sherman's woods first," the sheriff said. "We found much money there after we had chased him from that woods. We cornered him in Coxwell's woods and I called upon him to throw down his guns and surrender."

"Surrender hell!" he said. "If you keep following me I'll get one of you or you'll get me."

"He was standing behind a tree, and he let go with both revolvers. We were out in the open, behind a barbed wire fence. Bert Neal was there, also John Van Lear, Leslie and Irvin Holiday, Bill Weaver, Herman Schultz—O, a lot of men I had deputized."

Orders Shot to Kill.

"Shoot to kill," I told them. "Remember, he'll give you no chance."

"They knew it, too. He had fired at Mrs. Byron Riggs, and at P. E. Vanderville, and sent three bullets through the sweater of a lad named Day Weeks before this."

"The bullets were coming too close and too fast just for comfort. He seemed to have lots of ammunition."

"Bert Neal turned to me and said he didn't like to shoot to kill any man. I told him to shoot for the leg."

"He did. He caught the man in the leg; and he fired again as the bandit was falling, catching him in the head."

Sheriff Recovers \$7,500.

The sheriff recovered about \$7,500. On the dead man's person was a Traveler's Insurance receipt made out to Herbert E. Cooley of Milwaukee.

There were also, in his pockets, papers on which were written the names of Charles J. Meyers, 782 Fourth street, Milwaukee, and Charles Beck, 115 Reed street, Milwaukee.

He also had in his possession a laborer's badge issued by the Murphy Plumbing company at Fort Sheridan. It was No. 655.

Woman Is Candidate for Argentine Chamber

BUENOS AIRES, March 10.—Señora Julieta Lanteri de Renshaw, a physician, has announced her candidacy for the chamber of deputies as a representative from the national capital. She is the first woman candidate for parliament in the history of Argentina.

The Chicago Advertising Score

In the week ending March 9th, 1919, Chicago newspapers published the following number of columns of advertising: (The measurement is on the uniform basis of 300 square lines per column. Figures from the Washington Press, an independent audit bureau.)

Morning and Sunday Papers

The Tribune.....1,203.85 cols.

Herald and Examiner.....1,113.31 cols.

Total 2 morning and Sunday papers.....2,317.16 cols.

Evening Papers

The Daily News.....928.46 cols.

The American.....324.67 cols.

The Journal.....284.60 cols.

The Post.....245.95 cols.

Total 4 evening papers.....1,783.68 cols.

Advertisements printed in other papers not accepted by the Tribune.....100.18 columns

The Tribune led for the week, printing 29% more advertising than the first evening paper, and more than the second, third and fourth evening papers combined.

## ROCHOTTE AND CHANCE SEIZED; ADMIT KILLING

### Soldier Visits Scene of Vengeance and Finds Gun.

Virginia Rochotte's avengers were arrested last night in Dore's hotel at 113 South Clinton street.

John A. Chance, 20 years old, a private in the United States army assigned to recruiting duty in Chicago, was the one who fired the shot that killed Virginia's reluctant-to-wed sweetheart, Jame Cavanaugh, 19 years old, in front of a poolroom at 2411 North Clark street Sunday night. Chance was married to Virginia's sister, Seville, on Oct. 4 last. In his confession of the killing he says that he acted because Cavanaugh had wronged the girl.

Harry Rochotte, the girl's married brother, was with Chance at the time of the shooting and was captured with him.

Conspiracy Suggested. A possible widening of this tragedy into a conspiracy on the part of members the Rochotte family to kill Cavanaugh because he refused to wed the girl who is about to become a mother and because the Cavanaugh family refused to pay over \$2,000 for the care of the girl and baby is seen in the detention by the police of the two women who accompanied the men to the front of the poolroom just before the shooting—Chance's wife and Mrs. Harry Rochotte. They will be held with their husbands until the inquest, which has not been set.

Both young men, badly frightened, admitted the killing soon after they were arrested. Then they denied it. Then they admitted it again in a more formal statement to Capt. Thomas Meagher of the Sheffield avenue station. Their denials were broken down by the statements of eye witnesses, notably William Karl, a barber.

Family Conference Held.

The killing of the Cavanaugh boy, a handsome young fellow who had studied for the aviation corps and had had a battle of whiskey with a companion, was preceded by a conference at the Rochotte home, 2312 Larrabee street, a flat over a candy store, where the father and grandmother and six children live. It is charged that the four who went out to look for Cavanaugh had been drinking. A bottle of whiskey was found in the overcoat which the soldier, Chance, left behind in his flight.

He and Rochotte came to town in a yellow taxi which they hailed in Lincoln park a few minutes after the shooting. They spent the night in a West Madison street hotel and phoned in the afternoon for William Bagley, a lawyer, to come to see them. Then the police found them.

Girl Makes Statement.

Virginia Rochotte is 23 years old. She was in bed yesterday. They said she had convulsions after she learned of Cavanaugh's death.

Callers were not admitted, but a reporter for THE TRIBUNE obtained this statement from her:

"I first met Jame Cavanaugh at a party last summer. We went together and became sweethearts. He took me to the movies and to cafes until October."

"I hate him now. I would not marry him if I could."

"He should have done the right thing by me. He tried to send me to a doctor. Then he wanted to try another doctor, and said he would come for me in a machine. He did not come. He evaded me. He did not come to see me any more."

"I sent word over to the Cavanaugh's. My father went to see them. He should have done something for me, but he would not."

Chance and Rochotte were captured by Lieut. Maurice Moore and Detective Sergeants Thomas O'Malley, Thomas Kelleher, and James Checkley of the Desplantes street station.

Chance Denies Identity.

Traffic Officer Walter Zylch heard that the men were on West Madison street and aided the detectives in the search. When the detective walked into the office of Dore's hotel they recognized him.

(Continued on page 5, column 1.)

## WHY EVERY GOOD CITIZEN WILL REGISTER TODAY IF HE OR SHE IS NOT ALREADY REGISTERED

(Copyright, 1919, By John T. McCutcheon.)



## THE WEATHER

TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 1919.

Sunrise, 6:08 a. m.; sunset, 5:52 p. m. Moon sets at 3:43 a. m. Wednesday.

Chicago and vicinity: Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, with moderate temperature; light, westerly wind; becoming moderate to fresh southerly Wednesday.

Illinois: Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; somewhat warmer Wednesday.

TEMPERATURE IN CHICAGO (Last 24 hours.)

MAXIMUM, 5 P. M.....42

MINIMUM, 2 A. M.....31

3 a. m.....35 11 a. m.....37 7 p. m.....41

6 a. m.....35 12 m.....38 9 p. m.....39

6 a. m.....35 1 p. m.....40 10 p. m.....36

7 a. m.....37 2 p. m.....40 11 p. m.....38

8 a. m.....35 3 p. m.....41 Midnight.....33

9 a. m.....36 4 p. m.....41 2 a. m.....31

10 a. m.....38 5 p. m.....41 3 a. m.....31

Mean temperature for 24 hours, 35.5; normal for the day, 32. Excess since Jan. 1, 35.2 degrees.

Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., .02 inch. Deficiency since Jan. 1, .25 inch.

Relative humidity, 7 a. m., 82; 7 p. m., 65.

SHIPPERS' ADVICE. Protect shipments originating in or passing through Chicago to reach destination by Wednesday night from temperatures as follows: North and west, 25; south and east, slightly below freezing.

PLAN TUNNELING ENGLISH CHANNEL AND BOSPORUS

LONDON, March 10.—The Daily Mail claims to have definite information that the British and French governments have agreed to the construction of a tunnel under the channel and that the details are now being discussed by a special commission in Paris, which also is considering the building of tunnels under the Bosphorus and the Strait of Gibraltar.

The engineering plans for the channel tunnel, according to the Mail, are so far advanced that work could be begun immediately.

"It is proposed," says the Mail, "to start the tunnel some distance inside both countries instead of near the coast."

In addition to tracks the tunnel will carry telephone and telegraph wires, superseding the present sea bed cables, and also pneumatic tubes for carrying letters and parcels."

## RAINBOW STARTS HOME ON APRIL 1

### Famous Division Gets Orders on Rhine to Pack Up.

COBLENZ, March 10.—[By the Associated Press.]—The Forty-second American division (the Rainbow), the first division of the army of occupation to start for home, will begin entraining for Antwerp on April 1. Orders to this effect have been received from headquarters.

It is estimated that about a week will be required to transport the entire body of men and their equipment from headquarters on the Rhine to Antwerp. All the locomotives and cars to be used are to be of American make, because they are larger than the French or German.

Base at Rotterdam.

Rotterdam is to be used as the base of supplies for the third army, which, it is announced, will begin arriving by way of the Rhine river. The Thirty-sixth division is expected to leave Antwerp for home during April.

(The Rainbow division includes the One Hundred and Forty-ninth field artillery, composed chiefly of Chicago and Illinois men.)

Aid Victory Loan.

Washington, D. C., March 10.—The original information here was that the Rainbow division was to embark for home about April 26. Secretary Glass recently requested that the sailing date be advanced so the division could participate in the victory Liberty loan campaign.

Under the schedule as announced today the Rainbow division should reach the United States by May 1.

No formal plans for the reception of the division have been announced, but Secretary Baker has expressed the hope that it would be possible for this body of troops to parade in Washington.

## NONPARTISAN VOTERS! ATTENTION!

The political managers today are not going to pay attention to you. They have planned to register those whose attitude on the mayoralty candidates is already known.

Your door bell will not be rung this morning if you have not already pledged yourself.

So it is up to you to act the part of a good citizen without a special urge. Do it the first thing today.

The polls open at 8 o'clock this morning and close at 9 o'clock tonight.

## FIRE IN HOTEL SERVANT ROOMS CAUSES SCARE

Fire caused excitement among seventy-five women and twenty-five men in the old Velle hotel, 31, 33, and 35 South Clark street, early this morning, and caused a mild scare in the Morrison hotel just to the north. The upper four stories of the Velle are now used by the Morrison as the sleeping quarters for its employees.

Many of the occupants ran down the fire escapes and a number of them were carried down by firemen and policemen. The smoke spread through the Morrison and awakened many guests. Six asleep in the Morrison annex, between the Velle and the Morrison, were routed out of bed.

Nobody was hurt and the blaze was under control within an hour or so. The first floor is occupied by the U. S. Loan Bank, Economy Book shop, and Fitzpatrick's saloon.

The Velle building is almost a total loss and the damage in the stores will be heavy.

## National Debt of Britain Put at \$29,605,479,095

LONDON, March 10.—A white paper issued today showed the national debt on March 31, 1918, was \$29,605,479,095, compared with \$5,530,770,550 at the corresponding date in 1914.

## Ebert Forces Killing All Rebels Caught

BULLETIN.

BERLIN, March 10.—(By the Associated Press.)—The inhabitants of eastern and northeastern Berlin are suffering from hunger, because often they have been unable to leave their homes to buy provisions and also because the provision shops in their districts have been plundered by insurgents.

BULLETIN.

BASLE, March 10.—Communists attacked the parliament house at Budapest Saturday night according to a dispatch to the Basle Nachrichten. Several banks and government buildings were under attack, but government troops defeated the communists and drove them out of the city.

BERLIN, March 10.—[By the Associated Press.]—Murders, fighting, and plundering continued throughout Sunday in various parts of the city. There was much sniping from the roofs.

Many Spartacists were made prisoner during the forenoon and summary executions began in the afternoon following the appearance of the order of Herr Noske, secretary of military affairs, that, because of the atrocities, all caught in armed opposition to the government should be executed without trial.

Three looters caught in the act were the first to be executed. The government soldiers were so embittered by their opponents' atrocities that Herr Noske's decree was welcomed.

Instance of Treachery. An instance of communist treachery was noted in the Kaiserstrasse, where a sailor approached a small body of government troops, holding up his hands and crying "don't shoot."

The troops advanced to meet him and were quickly surrounded by a band of insurgents, who disarmed them.

The incident had been observed, however, and a force of government soldiers quickly appeared and arrested these Spartacists. The sailor, who proved to be a laborite dressed in a marine uniform, was summarily shot.

More than 250 wounded persons were taken to various hospitals Sunday, including many women and children. Many bodies of dead also were taken to the morgue. The Spartacists remove a large number of their own victims.

Murders by Wholesale. A story of cold-blooded murders, including the shooting of sixty detectives by the Spartacists, was told today under oath by a government soldier who had been captured by the insurgents but escaped. He and eight other soldiers had been captured in the vicinity of Warschauerstrasse, in the eastern part of the city, and were taken into a court back of a group of buildings occupied by the Spartacists.

The prisoners, the soldier asserts, were compelled, one by one, to climb into a wagon, where they were shot down by the insurgents. When the wagon became full of bodies, it was taken away and another brought forward.

Killed by Revolver Shots. While this was going on a band of Spartacists brought in sixty detectives who had been captured in the attack on the Lichtenberg police station. The detectives were killed with revolver shots between the eyes. Those who resisted were held by other Spartacists while the executioner fired.

A woman soldier in the Spartacist ranks who was captured by the government troops is declared to have confessed participation in more than twenty killings.

The government's preliminary estimate of the damage from looting is placed at \$10,000,000.

Raise Flag of Ex-Kaiser. COFENHAGEN, March 10.—On Saturday night Spartacists hoisted the imperial standard over the palace at Berlin, according to advices received here from the German capital. The flag was immediately removed by government troops.

"The cruelty displayed by the Spartacists in the fighting against us," reads an order issued by Gustave Noske, the German minister of defense, "compels me to order any person found fighting against the government with arms in his hand to be shot immediately."

Plan Reign of Terror. After referring to the excerpts from the seized mail matter, the solicitor general's memorandum said: "This propaganda is being conducted



with such regularity that its magnitude can be measured by the bold and outspoken statements contained in these publications and the efforts made therein to inaugurate a nation-wide reign of terror and overthrow the government.

In classifying these statements they are submitted in a major or general class as follows: I. W. W., radical Socialist, and Socialist.

Amalgamation Is Made.

"It will be seen from these excerpts, and it is indeed significant, that this is the first time in the history of the United States that the radical elements have found a common cause [bolshivism] in which they can all unite.

"The I. W. W., 'Reds,' Socialists, radical and otherwise—in fact all dissatisfied elements, particularly the foreign element—are perfecting amalgamation with one object in mind and with one object only, in view, namely, the overthrow of the government of the United States by means of a bloody revolution and the establishment of a bolshivist republic."

Some Chicago Excerpts.

The excerpts from the "red" papers offered by Mr. Lamar, included the following from "Golos Truzenka" of Chicago:

"The aim and object of this organization (I. W. W.) is the destruction of slavery and the overthrow of the present capitalist government of the United States and its replacement by a government of revolutionary syndicates and uniting all workmen in this organization signs the death verdict for the ruling bourgeoisie, for capitalism, and its power throughout the world."

The Nuevo Proletario of Chicago, on Dec. 23, under the heading, "This Is Your Task, Workmen," said:

"First—Defend the Russian revolution wherever you can, as it is the first true revolution of the proletariat ever accomplished in the history of humanity."

"Slaves of America, Awake!"

"Slaves of America, awake!" said A. Pels Badulus of Chicago, on Feb. 1. "Things will hereafter change, no matter whether the American Huns, the industrial kaisers, their associates and hirelings, like it or not."

The same paper on Jan. 25, under the heading, "The Duties of the Working Class," said:

"The war of the capitalists is concluded. It is a fact that the war between the money magnates and the workers has ended, but class struggle has only now started on its way. The red terror of revolution breaks its way throughout the entire world. The industrial democracy of a new world knocks at the door. They await the birth of our democracy, and we cannot be quiet about the birth of OUR democracy. . . . Every one will be forced to this by the industrial and financial crisis in this country."

Loose Only the Chains.

Naukenas, a Lithuanian daily of Chicago, on Nov. 26, 1918, said:

"Aside intelligence! Let's stir up, friends! We, extra bolshivist, absolutely loose nothing except the chains with which continuously they knock at our heads."

L'Avanti of Chicago, on Dec. 15, 1918, said:

"The red flag is flying over more than two-thirds of Europe, while others are getting ready to follow. Their cathedrals, their bastles of capitalism, day after day are falling in front of the irresistible advance of the red arms."

Spravednost of Chicago, in the issue of Jan. 6, said:

"Hurrah for the bolshivist! This shout resounded in the Coliseum yesterday afternoon from the mouths of more than 6,000 present at every mention of the Russian revolution."

"Our Harvest Is Coming."

Robitnyk of New York on Jan. 24 said, under a caption of "Our Harvest": "And we will get rid of them today or tomorrow. This present civilization has to be overthrown, to root it out. It gives us nothing but hard work, sweat, cold, and tears. On the ruins of capitalist civilization we will build our civilization. It will be our harvest."

"Lenine and all those who are behind him are fighting for the establishment of the Socialist society throughout the entire world, but as real statesmen they know that this cannot be accomplished without revolutionary methods. There is hope that soon also the American workmen will come to understand that simple truth."

"The great work can be undertaken only by the proletariat, and only through one channel—the bolshivist one."

L'Avanti of New York, on Nov. 1, said:

"Certainly America will not be the privileged country where the working men and bourgeoisie could live in peace and harmony. The harmony of classes is not possible in America. The laborers of America should possess their country."

## HOW U. S. FAILED TO KEEP RUSSIA FOE OF GERMANY

Robins Submits Papers Showing Deals with Bolsheviki.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., March 10.—(Special.)—The extraordinary but unceasing efforts of David R. Francis, American ambassador to Russia, and Col. Raymond Robins, head of the American Red Cross mission in Russia, to make the bolshivist fight Germany were disclosed today in documents submitted to the senate propaganda committee by Col. Robins. Their efforts failed for two chief reasons, it was shown. They were:

First—The American and allied governments did not give Lenine and Trotsky assurances of support when they promised to fight if helped.

Second—The bolshivist feared that the United States and the allies were about to give their consent to Japanese intervention in Siberia.

It was shown that Mr. Francis stood ready at one time to go to the aid of the bolshivist, but that he was deterred by the fact that the United States had not yet decided upon proper assurances of its intention to renew hostilities against Germany.

Bolsheviki Like Carranza Rule.

Col. Robins reiterated the belief that bolshivism is a fundamental menace to the world, but insisted that the correct course to pursue during the war would have been to help the soviet revolution wherever you can, as it is the first true revolution of the proletariat ever accomplished in the history of humanity.

Col. Robins told the committee that Carranza's program in Mexico is very similar to that of the bolshivist and that the United States had not hesitated to recognize the Carranza government when it thought the circumstances warranted.

Col. Robins denied with emphasis the statement made by Mr. Francis last Saturday that he (Robins) endorsed the principles of bolshivism. He pronounced this "a statement without a scintilla of fact." He said in substance that he was willing to play the bolshivist "game," as long as they were willing to "play the game" against Germany. To win the war against Germany was America's first purpose.

Francis' Promise of Aid.

The first of the list of documents read into the record by Col. Robins today was a suggested communication to the Russian commissary for foreign affairs. It was dated Jan. 2, 1918, and bore the O. K. of Ambassador Francis written in pencil at the bottom. This was while the negotiations at Brest-Litovsk were in progress.

Col. Robins also submitted to the committee a copy of a cablegram sent at the same time by Ambassador Francis to the state department in Washington. In it the ambassador said:

"Bolshevik leaders will welcome information as to what assistance may be expected from our government if continuance of war is decided upon. Assurances of American support in such event may decidedly influence their decision."

Under these circumstances, and notwithstanding previous cables, I have considered it my duty to instruct Gen. Judson to informally communicate to the bolshivist leaders the assurance that in case the present armistice is terminated and Russia continues the war against the central powers I will recommend to the American government that it render all aid possible. I have also told Robins of Red Cross to continue his relations with bolshivist government, which are necessary for the present."

Early in March, it appeared, the question of Japanese intervention in Siberia came up. On March 9, 1918, the ambassador cabled Secretary of State Lansing that the Moscow and Petrograd soviet had instructed their delegates at Brest-Litovsk to support the ratification of the German peace terms, obnoxious as they declared them to be.

As further showing the attitude of the American government toward his position on the Russian situation, Col. Robins told the committee that Edgar G. Eison of the bureau of public information gave him 75,000 rubles to be used in spreading bolshivist propaganda in Germany. The purpose was to foment revolution in the central powers and undermine the morale of their army.

Register today unless you registered last fall or you can vote on Tuesday, April 1. Polls open from 8 a. m. until 9 p. m.

Featuring Suits and Overcoats at \$30 Made to your special order.

1,500 combinations in fashions and fabrics for your selection.

Location—at Wholesale Plant: 731 S. Wells Street At the Corner of Polk Street One Block from Harrison St. Depot

15 minutes will save you \$15

DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOES

It is in these sloppy days that the owners of Dr. A. REED CUSHION SHOES most fully appreciate their staunch wearing qualities and absolute comfort.

Keep your feet dry and comfortable in a pair of

DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOES

John E. Reed Shoe Co. 13 E. ADAMS STREET J. P. Smith Shoe Co. Makers of Men's

## OPPOSE AUSTRO-GERMAN UNION



Reports from Paris state France and Italy are in accord in opposing the union of German Austria and Germany. This protest is backed also by Czechoslovakia.

By the annexation of this remnant of the empire of the Hapsburgs the Berlin government would gain lower Austria, upper Austria, Salzburg, Styria, Carinthia, Tyrol, and Vorarlberg, with a combined area of 39,015 square miles and a population of about 7,000,000.

Silesia to the northeast of Moravia, now a part of the Czechoslovak republic, also would go to Germany if the Teuton union is accomplished. To this the Czechoslovaks are objecting, as it would increase the danger of a salient between Poland and Czechoslovakia. Silesia has an area of 1,988 square miles and a population of about 750,000.

One plan proposed for these remnants of the Austro-Hungarian empire is that they be neutralized and formed into a buffer territory around Germany.

## CINCINNATI MAYOR CALLS 'SOCIAL UNIT' PLAN DANGEROUS

CINCINNATI, O., March 10.—Mayor John Galvin of this city created a sensation here today by issuing a formal statement to the newspapers to the effect that the Social Unit, organized with its headquarters in a certain district here for the first time, and which is being advocated for extensions throughout every large city in the country, is a most dangerous type of socialism. The mayor said:

"I consider it a dangerous institution in our city and but one step away from bolshivism."

Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane is chairman of the national Social Unit organization, and it was an announcement from the east that plans were being perfected to extend the experiment to all other large cities that prompted Mayor Galvin to issue his statement.

The mayor also gave out a letter written by the late Dr. J. H. Landis, former health officer of Cincinnati, who was responsible for bringing the first experiment of the social unit to this city. In this letter, addressed to W. C. Phillips, executive secretary of the national social unit organization, Dr. Landis pointed out that both Mr. and Mrs. Phillips had told him that they were radical socialists, and further down in the letter stated that "Mr. Hart, your assistant, met with a group of Socialists in Pittsburgh and made the statement that 'in Cincinnati we have socialism with its feet on the ground.'"

Mr. and Mrs. Phillips are reported to be in the east, but Courtney Dindwille, acting head of the social unit organization, answered the mayor's announcement with a statement that the social unit is the most sane and constructive effort in community service now going on in America.

"Just such constructive measures to achieve the highest ideals of our great republic are the best answers to bolshivism and class measures of all kinds," he stated.

formation gave him 75,000 rubles to be used in spreading bolshivist propaganda in Germany. The purpose was to foment revolution in the central powers and undermine the morale of their army.

Register today unless you registered last fall or you can vote on Tuesday, April 1. Polls open from 8 a. m. until 9 p. m.

Featuring Suits and Overcoats at \$30 Made to your special order.

1,500 combinations in fashions and fabrics for your selection.

Location—at Wholesale Plant: 731 S. Wells Street At the Corner of Polk Street One Block from Harrison St. Depot

15 minutes will save you \$15

DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOES

It is in these sloppy days that the owners of Dr. A. REED CUSHION SHOES most fully appreciate their staunch wearing qualities and absolute comfort.

Keep your feet dry and comfortable in a pair of

DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOES

John E. Reed Shoe Co. 13 E. ADAMS STREET J. P. Smith Shoe Co. Makers of Men's

## BULLETS SWEEP BERLIN CROWDS IN STREET TRAP

Most of Victims of Battles Are Women and Children.

BY RICHARD HENRY LITTLE. [Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.] [By Special Cable.] [Copyright: 1919. By the Tribune Company.]

BERLIN, March 9, via Bern and Paris, March 10.—I think there must have been many people killed yesterday; perhaps more women and children than men or government soldiers. The brightest sunshine and balmy breezes lured the people out to enjoy the perfect spring day. The street battles start so suddenly it is impossible for the people on the street to get out of the way without some of them being killed or wounded.

There being no underground or street car traffic, even the people were warned of the danger they had to walk six miles to their homes, and it is impossible this week to go any blocks without running into bullets.

One plan proposed for these remnants of the Austro-Hungarian empire is that they be neutralized and formed into a buffer territory around Germany.

formation gave him 75,000 rubles to be used in spreading bolshivist propaganda in Germany. The purpose was to foment revolution in the central powers and undermine the morale of their army.

Register today unless you registered last fall or you can vote on Tuesday, April 1. Polls open from 8 a. m. until 9 p. m.

Featuring Suits and Overcoats at \$30 Made to your special order.

1,500 combinations in fashions and fabrics for your selection.

Location—at Wholesale Plant: 731 S. Wells Street At the Corner of Polk Street One Block from Harrison St. Depot

15 minutes will save you \$15

DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOES

It is in these sloppy days that the owners of Dr. A. REED CUSHION SHOES most fully appreciate their staunch wearing qualities and absolute comfort.

Keep your feet dry and comfortable in a pair of

DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOES

John E. Reed Shoe Co. 13 E. ADAMS STREET J. P. Smith Shoe Co. Makers of Men's

## REIMS HOSPITAL TO BE MEMORIAL FOR AMERICANS

PARIS, March 10.—Overlooking the 15,000 roofless houses of Reims and overshadowed by its battered cathedral will stand the first great memorial to the American dead in France. This seems assured by the official advice that has reached the Paris headquarters of the American Fund for French Wounded to the effect that the French government will deed to the fund ground in the environs of Reims, on which a great American hospital will be erected.

The sum of \$100,000 for the purpose has been guaranteed by the American Fund for French Wounded in the United States. What remains to be accomplished is the raising of an endowment fund for the hospital. This will be achieved by perpetual endowments of memorial beds by individuals. Offers of money for such beds are already reaching the headquarters of the fund from Americans at home and in France.

The American hospital at Reims will not only constitute a monument to the thousands of American soldiers lying buried throughout the battle areas of France but is intended also to be an enduring reminder that America had brought relief to France even before the American armies arrived.

There being no underground or street car traffic, even the people were warned of the danger they had to walk six miles to their homes, and it is impossible this week to go any blocks without running into bullets.

One plan proposed for these remnants of the Austro-Hungarian empire is that they be neutralized and formed into a buffer territory around Germany.

formation gave him 75,000 rubles to be used in spreading bolshivist propaganda in Germany. The purpose was to foment revolution in the central powers and undermine the morale of their army.

Register today unless you registered last fall or you can vote on Tuesday, April 1. Polls open from 8 a. m. until 9 p. m.

Featuring Suits and Overcoats at \$30 Made to your special order.

1,500 combinations in fashions and fabrics for your selection.

Location—at Wholesale Plant: 731 S. Wells Street At the Corner of Polk Street One Block from Harrison St. Depot

15 minutes will save you \$15

DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOES

It is in these sloppy days that the owners of Dr. A. REED CUSHION SHOES most fully appreciate their staunch wearing qualities and absolute comfort.

Keep your feet dry and comfortable in a pair of

DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOES

John E. Reed Shoe Co. 13 E. ADAMS STREET J. P. Smith Shoe Co. Makers of Men's

## LIFE IN RUSSIA A NIGHTMARE IN LUNATIC ASYLUM

Hunger and Madness Stalk the Street in All Cities.

Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable. [Copyright: 1919.]

GENEVA, March 9.—[Delayed.]—Fugitives from Russia describe life in Russia under Lenine's rule as a nightmare in a lunatic asylum. These unfortunate continue to straggle into Switzerland. I have talked with many of the victims of the bolshivist madness, who are still haunted by the terrible scenes they have witnessed, and unnerved by the mental and physical tortures they have endured, and the tales they tell are full of grotesque horror.

"The city of Moscow," one of them says, "is reduced to about 1,000,000 inhabitants. Before the bolshivist régime it had 3,000,000. The population is dying of starvation and plague, decimated by executions, rotting in prisons. Flight is almost impossible, for the trains have stopped running."

Fight for Horses' Bodies.

"In the streets, tragic and terrifying scenes are enacted. A horse falls exhausted with hunger and is immediately attacked by a score of famished dogs, who begin tearing it. Red guards with loaded revolvers keep off the crowd which soon assembles, watching the horrible sight with ferocious looks of envy."

"Sometimes, like everything else, are in time and then men and women cast themselves upon the carcass, slashing it with their knives and fighting with the snarling dogs for the flesh, which they devour on the spot."

Lunatics Stalk the Streets.

"Such is the communist paradise which the bolshivist promised. Fear and famine have engendered a veritable epidemic of insanity. The asylums are overcrowded and lunatics and maniacs of all kinds stalk raving through the streets."

"Fugitives, like everything else, are carried away in carts and dumped into a vast common grave at the cost of the state. No religious ceremony is performed."

Kill Four Grand Dukes.

COPENHAGEN, March 9.—[Delayed.]—Four grand Russian grand dukes have been executed at Petrograd by the bolshivist during the last fortnight on the charge of being involved in a monarchist plot, according to advices to the Berlingske Tidende.

Typhus Rages in Moscow.

PARIS, March 10.—[By the Associated Press.]—Typhus is adding to the horrors of hunger and disorder in Moscow, which the population has christened "the graveyard," according to a British business man who has just arrived in Paris from Russia. There are no disinfectants or medicines or soap, and hot water is scarce.

Recently railway officials in Moscow, the business man reports, ordered the crowd out of the central railway station in order to clean it, and found the bodies of five victims of the typhus which had been lying for days among the peasants sleeping on the floor.

Their individuality means sanitation—and they are also sterilized in manufacture and packed in sealed cartons. Phone Franklin 1037 and install them today.

The Sanitary Cup and Service Company 180 N. Market St., Chicago

Mar. 1st to Mar. 12th TOMORROW

Savings deposited on or before March 12th will draw interest from March 1st.

Liberty Loan Bonds carried in safe-keeping for our Savings Depositors without charge.

The National City Bank OF CHICAGO

DAVID R. FORGAN President

Southwest Corner Dearborn and Monroe Sts. National Bank Protection For Your Savings

HEALTH RESORTS

MUDLAVIA A wonderful place to rest during the winter

Mud Baths Tone Up Your System Good hotel, comfortable, best of service. Write for booklet. Address W. C. KRAMER, Box 3, Kramer, Ind.

READ THE TRIBUNE FOR INFORMATION



## BLAST FOREVER GERMAN HOPES FOR WAR BLOW

Allies Reduce the Foe's  
Power of Arms to  
Impotency.

BY RICHARD V. OULAHAN.  
Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable.  
[Copyright: 1919.]

PARIS, March 10.—Definite steps to put Germany forever beyond the hope of obtaining military domination over the world were taken today by the supreme war council with Premier Clemenceau presiding, Premier Lloyd George present, and Secretary Lansing and Col. House representing the United States. The Kaiser's great armies are to be reduced to a mere police force and other steps severer than have been contemplated were provided for. The German government must accept them or take the consequences.

In connection with this action it has been agreed that the German plenipotentiaries shall be called to Versailles possibly as early as March 20 to receive the draft of the preliminary peace treaty, including the military conditions.

### Submit Treaty to Weimar.

The plenipotentiaries will then go to Weimar to submit the treaty to the national assembly, whose views will guide the plenipotentiaries in the formal peace conference.

An interesting sidelight on today's important proceedings is that Von Bernstorff will not be one of the German plenipotentiaries. Fiat hints have been conveyed to Berlin that he would be the worst possible selection of all men. The American, British, and French peace commissions were behind this hint, and no doubt it felt here it will be accepted.

In today's session Marshal Foch was generally triumphant in having his conditions accepted. Certain important changes have been made, however, one of which imposes severer conditions than even Foch proposed. It was Lloyd George, who offered this. He asked that the German army strength be fixed at 140,000 men.

### Fix Army at 100,000 Men.

As a result of the discussion, it was agreed to fix the strength at 100,000, less than half the original figure recommended under the terms laid down by the allies. Germany must raise this force by voluntary enlistment. In order to prevent an army of this size being trained every year, it was provided that enlistments should be for the period of twelve years. The number of German officers was fixed at 4,000, instead of 6,000, as originally contemplated.

All artillery and other equipment in excess of the requirements of a reduced army must be surrendered. The imperial general staff is abolished. Other military provisions require the destruction of the Rhine forts and the reduction of the munitions output to the needs of the reduced army. The naval terms will be considered Tuesday. Gratification was expressed over the progress made at today's session.

### WEIGH TAFT'S VIEWS.

PARIS, March 10.—[By the Associated Press.]—The amendments to the draft of the league of nations plan, which have been proposed by William Howard Taft are receiving the close study of the various delegations to the peace conference.

The understanding prevails that the suggestions made by Mr. Taft might be adopted if assurance could be had that the reopening of the whole subject will not be involved and that further amendments will not be offered by other nations. It is generally admitted in well informed circles, however, that some French and Italian proposals are to be expected.

The ground is being canvassed quietly in an effort to secure further information on the points raised by Mr. Taft anticipatory to the arrival of President Wilson, who must render final judgment on any American amendments to the draft.

### End Small Power Dispute.

The supreme council today settled the disputed question of representation of the small powers on the economic and financial committee of the peace conference by deciding to name their representatives first, thus eliminating all contention between the European and Latin-American countries as to proportionate representation.

This decision was reached on a report of M. Pichon, the French foreign minister, which recommended that nations like Brazil, Panama, and Cuba, which had special interests involved in the action of these commissions or which had taken some part in the war, should in any case be represented. The small nations had asked that their representation be increased to ten members, in order to satisfy all parties. The council decided to increase their representation to seven members on each commission, to be selected by the council itself.

### The Official Statement.

The supreme council official statement reads: "The supreme council met this afternoon at the Quai d'Orsay from 3 to 5:30 o'clock. The council decided that the great powers should designate the representatives of the powers with special interests on the economic and financial commissions."

"The council then turned to the report of the military experts, presented by Marshal Foch, relative to the definite military status of Germany. The terms of this report were fixed and its conclusions adopted."

"The committee on the international régime of ports, waterways, and railways met this morning in plenary session at 9:30 at the ministry of public works," says today's official communiqué from the committee. "It continued the discussion of the clauses to be inserted in the treaty of peace and began the examination of the control of navigation on the Rhine."

### Don't Wait on Wilson.

LONDON, March 10.—[British Wireless Service.]—"We have reached the turning point of the conference," the Paris correspondent of the Daily News says. "Not even when the Germans come will there be a week end more important than the last one. The preparatory work is nearly finished and

## HOW CHICAGO WELCOMED HER "BUFFALO BOYS" OF THE 365TH INFANTRY

Troopers, Who Made Great Record in Some of the Biggest Battles in France, Get Joyous Greeting



Lieut. and Mrs. L. E. Southe  
and Baby

Sergt. and Mrs. L. J. Lindsay  
and Son Robert.

PHOTOS BY CHICAGO TRIBUNE NEWS PHOTO SERVICE

### MARSHALL SAYS LEAGUE NEEDED TO PREVENT WAR

Phoenix, Ariz., March 10.—Voicing his personal preference to "eat a little dirt rather than to have another war," and declaring with regard to the league of nations that since the day of Washington's stand against the signing of the Rhine forts and the reduction of the munitions output to the needs of the reduced army. The naval terms will be considered Tuesday. Gratification was expressed over the progress made at today's session.

"While I would be forever against anything which would besmirch the honor of our flag or lessen the grandeur and glory of the American people," he said, "yet I am convinced that we are facing a new era."

"We have piled up an enormous debt, spent billions on useless engines of war to kill our fellow men, and for myself I have seen so many of our boys come back shattered and know of so many others who will not come back that I would rather eat a little dirt than have another war."

The preliminary convention of peace will be ready in a few days.

"By the time President Wilson reaches Paris the naval and military conditions will have been settled. "It is an open secret that Premier Lloyd George considers disarmament the touchstone of conference success and that his insistence on disarmament for Germany is merely the first step in a general policy of pacification intended to lead to disarmament in all countries."

### Foe Envoys Get Ready.

BERLIN, Sunday, March 9.—Philipp Heinen, director of the North German Lloyd, is reported on good authority, will be among the experts to accompany Foreign Minister von Brockdorff-Rantzau to the peace conference.

### Predict Chicago-New York Aerial Mail by Summer

New York, March 10.—Regular operation of the aerial mail service between New York and Chicago before the summer is over and its probable early extension from Chicago to Minneapolis, St. Paul, Omaha, was promised today by Otto Praeger, second assistant postmaster general, who was the guest of honor at today's sessions of the aeronautical exposition.

When you think of writing  
Think of  
WHITING  
Whiting Paper Company, New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, etc.

### THOSE 'BUFFALO BOYS' COME HOME, CHICAGO HAPPY

365th Men, Hemmed  
In by Kin and Friends,  
Parade the Loop.

"Back on the sidewalk" ordered the policeman.

"He's my brother," she retorted, "and I'm going to him." And she darted across State street and took her place beside the marching, smiling Negro corporal.

Nearly all of Chicago's colored population, it seemed, turned out yesterday afternoon to welcome the returning Three Hundred and Sixty-fifth Infantry—our own "Buffaloes"—and most of the Second ward followed the parade, which began at the Coliseum at 2 p. m., wound into Michigan avenue, and then through the loop to the Union depot, where it entrained for Camp Grant, there to be demobilized.

Scores of policemen found it difficult to hold back the cheering crowd that tramped along through the slush. In front of the Art Institute the throng

broke through the police cordon and pressed into the street in front of the stand where Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, together with Capt. Edward Evers, U. S. N., and Col. William Nelson Pelouse, chairman of the welcome committee, stood reviewing the troops.

Scores of wives, sweethearts, and sisters disregarded the efforts of the police and took the places they felt rightfully belonged to them beside their long absent heroes. Gen. Wood didn't seem displeased.

On Randolph street the doorman—no doorwoman—of a moving picture theater darted from her post and bestowed a hearty kiss upon a private with a wound stripe on his arm. It was a unanimous welcome.

The Three Hundred and Sixty-fifth Infantry is part of the Ninety-second (Buffalo) division, and is commanded by a white officer, Maj. Warner A. Regs. The regiment saw almost continuous service for ten months. The drummer of the regiment band has marked his drum with the names of some of the places he has seen—names long to be famous—Argonne, Metz, Le Mans, St. Die, Chateau Thierry.

The "outfit" was within ten miles of Metz when the armistice stopped them.

The parade was preceded by a reception at the Coliseum, where kisses and coffee, doughnuts and devotion were bestowed with unlimited generosity.

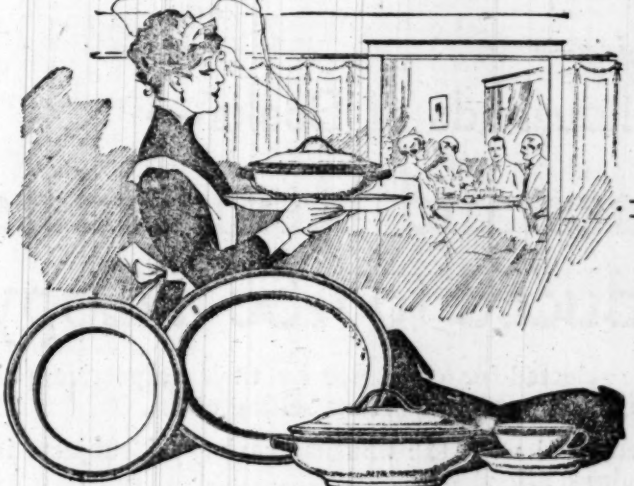
### A. J. BALFOUR TO QUIT MINISTRY OF LLOYD GEORGE

LONDON, March 10.—Arthur J. Balfour, the secretary for foreign affairs, will retire at the close of the peace conference, the Evening Standard today says it understands. Secretary Balfour, adds the newspaper, will be succeeded by Earl Curzon, president of the council and government leader in the house of lords.

### Compers, in Paris, Urges Universal Union of Labor

PARIS, March 10.—[By the Associated Press.]—The delegates of the American Federation of Labor visited the labor exchange today. Mr. Compers urged a universal union of the working classes in a fraternity of the peoples.

Register today unless you registered last fall or you cannot vote on Tuesday, April 1. Polls open from 8 a. m. until 9 p. m.



### —an attractive Burley Pattern in French China

A 55-piece "Add to It" Dinner Service (1/2 dozen cups, saucers, plates, etc.) of the service illustrated above costs only \$59.50

One of the original designs in French China by William Guerin and Company of Limoges—a dinner service of decided character—black border design with an all-over gold edge.

The Burley "Add to It" Dinner Services have become very popular—they are true economy—only the necessary dishes for the ordinary requirements of the average family and ample for every occasion.

Everything in Quality China and Glass

Burley & Company  
CHINA-CRYSTAL-SILVER  
Seven North Wabash Avenue

### DANIELS HALTS WORK ON 6 BIG U. S. CRUISERS

Will Take Experts to  
Europe to Study  
New Methods.

Washington, D. C., March 10.—Secretary Daniels today directed suspension of work on the six great battle cruisers authorized in 1916 until he and the American naval experts have decided on the future type of American capital ships in the light of information they will obtain on their projected trip to Great Britain, France, and Italy.

Work on the big ships is now only in the first stage, as their construction was held up during the war so that destroyers might be built.

Recommendations of the navy department that six additional battle cruisers be authorized were stricken from the naval bill in the last congress because of the disagreement between naval officers as to the kind of capital ship that should be built in the light of the lessons gained in the war.

### Difference of Opinion.

Secretary Daniels issued this statement: "The conclusion relating to the type of capital ships resulting from a close study of naval activities of the present war has created such a difference of opinion among naval experts that the secretary of the navy has directed the temporary suspension of the building of the large battle cruisers."

Admiral Mayo, the commander in chief of the United States Atlantic fleet, when before the committee on naval affairs of the house, stated that in his opinion the most effective capital ship of today is a high speed battle ship. Admiral Benson and Admiral Sims concur in the opinion of Admiral Mayo.

Many of the experts of the general board are of the opinion that the battle cruiser, as planned, should be proceeded with and battleships of slower speed, greater gun power, and greater protection be likewise constructed.

### Huge Sum Is Involved.

"Because of the difference of opinion among naval experts the large amount of money involved (between \$180,000,000 and \$200,000,000), and the great question of fighting efficiency being involved, the secretary of the navy has directed temporary suspension of the construction of the battle cruisers."

It is not contemplated that the delay of two months or so will be such as to seriously interfere with the proper decision in the matter. It is because of the difference of opinion among experts and to study naval lessons taught by the war that the secretary of the navy is taking the chiefs of the technical bureaus of the navy department with him to Europe to study the question with naval experts."

### Curb Film Reflecting on Countess Von Bernstorff

New York, March 10.—Exhibition of a banquet scene in a play which depicts Countess von Bernstorff, wife of the former German ambassador to the United States, as an accessory to a murder plot hatched by her husband was restrained for three days by Justice Colahan in the Supreme court here today.

Remember VENUS PENCILS. Remember VENUS PENCILS—Advertisement.

### BAKER IN CITY; WORKS FOR JOBS FOR SOLDIERS

Says War Department  
Will Help Them Find  
Employment.

The war department, from the secretary down, is doing everything in its power to aid returning soldiers in finding permanent employment, was the declaration made by Secretary Newton D. Baker, who passed through Chicago last night.

Secretary Baker was accompanied by Gen. Peyton C. March and is taking an inspection trip to all camps where soldiers are being demobilized. They arrived at 8:55 o'clock and left at 11 o'clock for Camp Dodge. From there they will go to Camp Funston and then to Camp Lewis, in Washington.

### To Speak for Loan.

Secretary Baker agreed last night to be one of the speakers during the next Liberty loan campaign, provided it is possible for him to find time before his trip to France. He also said that he knew of no army regulation that would prevent officers taking part in the campaign.

Secretary Baker's attention was called to a report that army airplanes are to be scrapped and sold as junk.

"I have seen that story," said Secretary Baker. "I know absolutely nothing about it. Gen. Menoher, who is in charge of the air division, has made no recommendation as to the disposition of aircraft, and the matter has not come to my attention officially."

"I am greatly interested in the efforts that are being made to the work for soldiers as they are demobilized. I will do everything I can to help the men in this regard, and so will every one else connected with the department."

### Wood Wants Beds for Them.

A proper central establishment, either in a building in the loop or in tents in Grant park, where returning soldiers and sailors could be given temporary lodging, is wanted by Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood.

Plans for caring for the men properly were discussed yesterday at a meeting in the office of Gen. Wood at army headquarters. Gen. Wood plans to visit all the churches to cooperate in an effort to find work for men discharged from government service.

He pointed out that conditions are not as bad in Chicago as they are in the east, and added he did not intend to have the army uniform slandered by having it worn by any man who is begging.

### The Chicago Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER  
Vol. LXXVIII. Tuesday, March 11. No. 69.  
Published daily at No. 7 South Dearborn Street.  
Mail Subscription Price—Daily with Sunday for \$10.00 per annum in advance.  
Entered as Second Class Matter June 3, 1906 at the Postoffice at Chicago, Illinois under act of March 3, 1879.



Official headquarters  
for Boy Scouts of  
America

You've a right to be particular  
about your boy's clothes; we can  
meet your requirements here

LET us show you the new, beautiful styles in better material boys' clothes; all the newest models; lively colors, latest fabrics, in all-wool materials Dress-up suits, sport suits, school suits, well-waist suits, Norfolk suits with vests, suits with extra pants, and novelty suits. Boys' reefers, top coats and overcoats that will dress the little fellow in the same style that his dad likes.

All these boys' clothes are guaranteed to satisfy or your money back.

There is an unusual selection right now in the popular Sampeck boys' clothes; the finest values you can find anywhere

\$12 \$15 \$18 \$20 \$25 \$30 \$35

YOU shouldn't miss this special assortment of boys' and young men's woven colored and printed Madras shirts—1919 spring patterns \$1.25

Fifth Floor.  
Maurice L. Rothschild  
S. W. Corner Jackson and State  
Chicago Minneapolis St. Paul

### A Cup of Tea In Perfection

"SALADA"

Fresh From The Gardens  
Sealed Packets Only  
Black—Green or Mixed

Try a Packet  
To Day

crease the  
ce-Value  
Your Office

The business  
house which  
adopts modern  
improvements  
in essentials  
stamps itself  
"Progressive".

But the firm  
which in addition,  
equips its  
office with up-  
to-the-minute  
conveniences is  
recognized as  
"Prosperous".

se  
lily  
aper  
inking  
Cups

They are not  
only a delightful  
convenience,  
but a positive safe-guard  
against the  
evils of the  
common office  
drinking glass.

Their individuality means  
sanitation—and  
they are also  
sterilized in  
manufacture  
and packed in  
sealed cartons.  
Phone Franklin  
1037 and install  
them today.

Sanitary Cup and  
Service Company  
N. Market St., Chicago

Mar. 1st  
to  
Mar. 12th  
—TOMORROW—

savings deposited on or  
before March 12th will  
draw interest from  
March 1st.

Liberty Loan Bonds carried  
safe-keeping for our  
Depositors without charge.

The National  
City Bank

OF CHICAGO  
DAVID R. FORGAN  
President

Southeast Corner  
Marborn and Monroe Sts.

National Bank Protection  
For Your Savings

HEALTH RESORTS

MUDLAVIA

Mud Baths

Tone Up Your System

and hotel, comfortable, best of service.  
Write for booklet. Address  
C. KRAMER, Box 3, Kramer, Ind.

READ THE TRIBUNE  
FOR INFORMATION



## ASSERT BRITISH CENSORS SPY ON U. S. TRADE

Dutch Protest on Mail  
and Cable Leaks in  
England.

PARIS, March 10.—Holland merchants are asking why it is necessary that, with the war over, British censors continue to censor mail both ways between Holland and American business houses. They also wish an explanation of the remarkable coincidence that develop following the commitment to the mail of trade secrets.

Director "Chicago Tribune" Foreign News Service.

BY FREDERICK A. SMITH.  
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

(Copyright, 1919, by the Tribune Company.)

ROTTERDAM, March 8.—[Via Paris, March 10].—Some days ago an ocean liner bound from New York to Rotterdam stopped at Falmouth, England, while 6,000 sacks of mail were unloaded for the British war censor's office. The bulk of the mail was from American business houses and private individuals addressed to business houses and private individuals abroad. It required four hours to take it off the liner.

If it required four hours to unload 6,000 sacks of American mail in an English port, how long did it take to censor the 6,000 cables to Holland sent by mail and make careful notes of all the trade information contained therein? How much longer to reassemble the envelopes and start the mail once more on its way?

Cable Delayed Seventeen Days.  
On Feb. 7 the Holland representative of a great Chicago corporation offered bids on quantities of pure lead. He used the cable, as usual. His cable and reply passed through the hands of that busy censor in London—the same who had 6,000 sacks of mail to analyze. The Holland gentleman received his cable reply on Feb. 24.

But in the meantime the price of pure lead had advanced from \$25 per 100 pounds to \$26. Somebody lost a lot of money because of the seventeen day delay on the cables.

Ask U. S. Censorship.

If it seems necessary to continue to censor the mail and cables to Holland pending the signing of peace, American merchants in Holland ask why should not an American censorship be established in an American port, and cut off entirely from English jurisdiction? Why must American merchants submit their trade secrets for the next few critical months to their chief trade competitor?

The battle of business is over and the trade tug of war is on. American and Dutch merchants say America professes to be wide awake, but they beg to disagree of that claim on the present showing.

Dutch File Protests.

So aroused have they become over mail and cable delays they have written a joint protest to the United States minister at The Hague, the English minister at The Hague, and the war censor in London.

They also have laid some facts before THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE correspondent, with the hope that publicity will stir the merchants of the United States to a realization of the disadvantages under which our commerce is striving to build up its export business. The merchants say it is only necessary to go to the heads of the larger exporting houses of Chicago and elsewhere in the United States to get ample confirmation of these allegations.

It is believed here a congressional inquiry might result in the production of official records which would do American commerce a lot of good.

Index Trade Changes.

For four years practically all mail of neutral and belligerent countries has passed through British hands. Under the censorship the war trade intelligence department of England has been enabled to prepare and card index practically all trade opportunities. This gives Britain a healthy asset in her world drive for the mastery of the world's commerce. England has the

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

## CHICAGOANS WIN CONGRESSIONAL MEDALS

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10.—[Special.]—Two Chicagoans are in the list of fighting heroes awarded the congressional medal of honor for gallantry in action announced by the war department today. The Chicago soldiers are Corporal Jake Alex, 4350 South Ashland avenue, and Corporal Thomas A. Pope, 6946 Eleventh avenue.

The war department describes their feats of heroism as follows:

"Corporal Jake Alex (Alex), Company H, One Hundred and Thirty-first Infantry. For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy at Chippilly ridge, Aug. 9. At a critical period in the action, when all the officers with his platoon had become casualties, Corporal Alex took command of the platoon and led it forward into the advance was stopped by the fire from a machine gun nest. He then advanced alone for about thirty yards in the face of intense fire and attacked the nest. With his bayonet he killed five of the enemy and when it was broken used the butt end of his rifle, capturing fifteen prisoners. Home address, Anthony Alex, brother, 4350 South Ashland avenue, Chicago, Ill. This soldier has already been awarded the Distinguished Service cross.

"Corporal Thomas A. Pope, Company H, One Hundred and Thirty-first Infantry. For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy at Hamel July 4. Corporal Pope's com-

pany was advancing behind the tanks when it was halted by hostile machine gun fire. Going forward alone, he rushed a machine gun nest, killed several of the crew with his bayonet, and standing astride of his gun, held off the others until reinforcements arrived and captured them. Home address, J. J. Pope, brother, 6946 Eleventh avenue, Chicago. This soldier has been awarded the Distinguished Service cross.

Corporal Edwin F. Keachie of Chicago, who died heroically in the battle which raged at Soissons from July 18 to July 24, when he displayed unusual ability as well as courage by taking the place of officers who had been wounded, was posthumously cited for a Distinguished Service medal today.

Corporal Keachie, whose home was at 1142 Parnell avenue, was a member of Battery B, Fifth field artillery, which was under a severe flanking fire during this engagement. "He continually exposed himself to violent bombardment until killed," says the official citation.

Another Chicagoan awarded the Distinguished Service cross today was a marine, John F. Smith, of West Franklin street, Downers Grove. He was a private in the machine gun company of the Fifth marine corps. Near St. Etienne, Oct. 4, during heavy counter-barrage, Private Smith was engaged as a runner and displayed exceptional bravery in carrying messages through intense shell fire, finally falling severely wounded after his fourth journey.

Names of customers of American merchants in Holland, she has the prices and the quality of goods summarized in a commercial what's what and a who's who which make her competitors' plans and possibilities an open book.

It is charged in Holland that American firms have mailed samples of their wares to Holland and that the samples never reached Holland. It is alleged that American firms later received their own samples from some English firm, asking what price they will make on certain specified samples.

The same is charged to be true of offers of samples made to American importers by Dutch exporters.

It is not charged that the British censors have formed official alliances with British business for the acquisition of dollars for England, but it is demanded to know under just what circumstances American trade secrets are leaking out to individual English firms to whom they will do the most good.

DEEP READING.

BARBER PROVES

NO BOLSHEVIST

A perfectly plausible bolshevist plot blew up last night when Detective Lawrence McDonough, the police expert who passes on the effects of the wild-eyed and long-haired boys, pronounced the suspect no worse than a disciple of Tolstoin theories of life.

It all came about through the arrest of Charles Simonson by his barber partner, Sam Simon, on a charge of disorderly conduct, etc., following the row they had when they split up. Detective Manly and Tomeshik pinched Simonson and ran across a lot of literature, including Tolstoin essays, in the suspect's place at 5231 North Ashland avenue. The sleuths grabbed all the pamphlets in sight, as well as pomades, hair tonics, face powder, lotions, massage cream, and the like, as possible ingredients for the manufacture of deadly explosives.

But one slant at the tonsorial junk showed McDonough they contained no hint of T. N. T.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

## CHAMBERLAIN ASSAILS ARMY COURT ACTIONS

Senator Declares Unjust  
Sentences Help Make  
Bolsheviks.

New York, March 10.—Describing certain court martial sentences in the American army as "things that make bolsheviks of our young men," United States Senator George E. Chamberlain, chairman of the senate committee on military affairs, sharply criticized court martial procedure in an address before the United Waist League of America here today.

"These sentences are imposed absolutely without any system in the administration of the criminal laws of the land," he said, "and they are really imposing the order of the commander-in-chief, because if the court makes a ruling which is unpopular to the commanding officer he will order the court reconvened and in some cases issue instructions to the court."

"I have found boys of 17 and 18, not yet mature," he continued, "sent away for long terms in prison, some of them because they were absent without leave—homesick youths who left to say good-by to their mothers or perhaps to have a last word with their sweethearts. Five days away led one of them to be sentenced for forty years."

Unprepared After War.

Senator Chamberlain urged a better treatment of the returning soldier, and asked every business man to employ men who gave up positions to enter the service, if they were physically capable of doing the work. The question of unemployment, he asserted, was largely up to the business man for settlement.

Senator Chamberlain severely criticized what he described as American military procedure in the war, and asked whether post-war unpreparedness against the menace of radical labor and bolshevism was going to be allowed to continue.

FORD PLAN FOR  
NEW COMPANY  
MAY MEET SNAG

Detroit, Mich., March 10.—[Special.]—Neither Henry Ford nor his son will be allowed to withdraw from the Ford Motor company to manufacture a cheaper automobile, or for any other commercial purposes which will antagonize the present interests, without a legal fight, according to Elliott G. Stevenson, attorney for the Dodge brothers, who own stock in the Ford Motor company.

The statement followed remarks by Edsel B. Ford, president of the Ford company, who told of the plans of his father, Henry Ford, and himself to withdraw from the Ford Motor company and establish a new company with factories all over the United States to make a motor car to sell at \$250 to \$350.

"The plans," Edsel said, "are undeveloped as yet, but we know in a general way what we will do. The recent Supreme court decision whereby we must distribute \$19,000,000 accumulated profits is the thing that definitely convinced us a new company was essential. We expect to start work on our plants in the early part of next year."

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

Index Trade Changes.

## UPPER AND LOWER HOUSE OF WOMEN TO AID SUFFRAGE

NEW YORK, March 10.—[Special.]—An upper and lower house of women, to be known, respectively, as the house of voters and the house of delegates, may develop as an outcome of the fifth annual convention of the National American Woman Suffrage association in St. Louis this month, at which a League of Women Voters is to be formed.

This has been suggested as one way of keeping the voters and the non-voters in close touch with each other while they are all working for the passage of the federal amendment for woman suffrage.

After this has been passed it is possible that the national association will merge entirely into the proposed League of Women Voters. These are, at any rate, the chief points for discussion at the coming convention, to be held from March 24 to March 29, inclusive.

More than 12,000 women in the United States over 21 years of age are eligible to vote for the next presidential election, according to an estimate by Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National Woman Suffrage association, and president of the International Suffrage alliance.

## FIRST SINN FEIN CLUB IN CHICAGO WILL CELEBRATE

Fagh a Balaigh! The first Sinn Fein club in Chicago has been organized, and plans to hold its initial meeting at Orchestra hall "St. Patrick's day in the evening."

"It will be a celebration," says the Rev. J. K. Fielding, president of the new club. "The first Sinn Fein flag to reach America from Ireland will be exhibited; also the first Irish flag to be given a salute of twenty-one guns will be on exhibit on the night of the celebration."

Ensign Thomas J. Roach, U. S. N., brought the new flag out of Queens-town harbor, flying from the mizenmast of the U. S. S. West Indian. The Rev. Father Thomas Small will be chairman. Patrick H. O'Donnell and others will speak. There will be Irish dancers and pipers and fiddlers, and I will give a lecture illustrated with 200 pictures."

William R. Maloney, brother of T. J. Maloney, Irish member of parliament, who has been in jail in England, is vice president of the club; Michael Parkinson, secretary; Roger Guthrie, treasurer; and Ensign Roach, financial secretary.

Found Dying in Hotel;

Leaves Identity in Doubt

The police are trying to establish the identity of a man who yesterday was found dying in a room at the Victoria hotel which he had occupied since Saturday night. He registered as "L. C. Fox, Grand Rapids."

An examination of the body by Undertaker Lewis Cohen disclosed the initials "Y. L. d. L." tattooed on the right forearm.

The man was about 40 years old. Inside the case of his watch was the name "L. H. Normand" and inside the back of the case was stamped "Reed City, Mich."

A woman who said she lives in Reed City, but who refused to give her name, called THE TRIBUNE early this morning and said she would go to the morgue today and see if she could identify the body.

## CHICAGO YANKS SO NEAR HOME, AND YET SO FAR

Newport News, Va., March 10.—[Special.]—Seven Chicago men almost came back on the transport Buford, which arrived yesterday from Bordeaux after a trip on which everything went wrong. They, with about fifty more—some from other Illinois cities—according to Chicago men, were on the Buford when the authorities said the ship had more men aboard than it should carry and the men were sent ashore.

The Chicago men who were listed to come back on the Buford and did not were: Oscar L. Olson, 1651 Avenue M, Three Hundred and Eleventh ammunition train.

Charles L. Osgood, 1401 North Fairfield avenue, Sixty-second C. A. C. Bert Secoy.

John F. O'Brien, 4722 Patterson avenue. Oscar Ankerberg, 10717 Glenroy avenue.

Charles J. Narbutt, 211 Marshall boulevard. John J. Thom, 2807 Wilson avenue, One Hundred and Thirty-second infantry.

20,000 Longshoremen Quit

Work at New York Piers

New York, March 10.—In sympathy with the strike of marine workers against private boat owners, nearly 20,000 longshoremen quit work today, refusing to handle freight delivered to piers by boats manned by nonunion workers.

Swift & Company's sales of beef in Chicago for the week ending Saturday, March 8, averaged as follows: Domestic beef, 19.51 cents per pound—Advertisement.

## WILSON'S COLD IS CONQUERED; APPEARS ON DECK

ON BOARD U. S. S. GEORGE WASHINGTON, March 10.—[By Wire.]—President Wilson this afternoon appeared to have entirely recovered from the cold from which he had been suffering. The president walked about on deck with Mrs. Wilson.

President Wilson received several messages today from Col. E. M. House regarding the developments at the peace conference and the program which has been arranged after the president's arrival in France. The president sent replies.

The president also received a wireless dispatch from the mayor of Brest, expressing a desire to extend him a welcome on behalf of the municipality of Brest on the arrival of the George Washington. President Wilson sent an acceptance, but asked that the ceremonies be as brief and informal as possible, saying he desired to proceed immediately to Paris.

The George Washington is maintaining good speed and is expected to arrive at Brest between 3 and 8 p. m. on Thursday.

U. S. Crosses Peanuts Off

Import Restriction List

Washington, D. C., March 10.—Removal of peanuts from the list of restricted imports was announced tonight by the war trade board. Licenses will be issued for the importation of peanuts from the country of origin or primary overseas market, but not from stores now held in Canada unless purchase was made prior to April 14, last.

## "Faith in advertising"

Many earnest proponents of advertising ask people to have "faith in advertising."

These same advocates would not think of urging "faith" in letter writing—"faith" in telephoning—or "faith" in any other method of thought transference.

Advertising is one means of conveying messages.

The message itself may be what you will; it may inspire to heroism or lull to sleep, and—advertising, like the telephone, will carry either.

Any magazine or newspaper carries advertising which results show to be "good advertising," and the same identical issue of the same publication will also carry "poor advertising."

The publication is identical, the reader is the same, the difference, therefore, must lie in the message and its presentation.

When you have a message to convey by advertising, employ an advertising agency with ability and experience to prepare that message.

Put your "faith" in the message.

Advertising space in the Butterick publications is for sale by accredited advertising agencies.

Butterick—Publisher

The Delineator

Everybody's Magazine

Two dollars the year, each

## Clip This Sponge Specification!

WHY buy baled sponges by weight when anyone can increase the weight of a sponge at will?

Here's the specification leading users of sponges in quantity are rapidly adopting:

- (1) All sponges will be purchased and paid for by the piece.
- (2) Variety..... Grade..... Forms (or Cuts)—all others rejected.
- (3) Size..... inches. The sponges making up each shipment received will be soaked in water and wrung out:



When so treated, "forms" must pass without forcing through a hole..... inches in diameter, but must not pass without forcing through a hole two inches smaller in diameter.

When so treated, "cuts" shall show a perimeter of not less than..... inches nor more than..... inches.

With its own sponge packing houses in charge of salaried employees, the House of Rhodes enforces the most rigid packing specifications in the American market.

All "Colossus" Sponges are guaranteed pure and unadulterated. We challenge competition under by-the-piece specifications. Write or Telephone Our Nearest Office.

## Colossus Sponges

James H. Rhodes & Company Dept. B

Colossus Sponges are sold by the bale to the consuming trade—also in cases and individually wrapped, certified by our price tag and "Colossus of Rhodes" trademark, at leading stores for household and automobile use.



## ROCHOTTE AND CHANCE SEIZED; ADMIT KILLING

Soldier Taken to Scene of Vengeance and Finds Gun.

(Continued from first page.)

ognized Chance at once. He had been detailed on recruiting duty in the district before.

"Your name is Chance, isn't it?" said O'Malley.

"No, my name is Rogers," said the detective. "I know you. Where's your partner?"

"Upstairs."

In a room on the second floor they found Rochotte, asleep. He was awakened. He said his name was Robertson.

The men were taken to the Desplaines street station, where Lieut. Moore questioned them, with O'Malley.

### Shot to Avenge Girl.

"What did you shoot Cavanaugh for?" asked Moore.

"I did the shooting because of my sister-in-law's condition," was Chance's reply.

Chance said there had been trouble before the shooting, about 8 o'clock, in which shots were fired at him.

"Then I went to my room on La Salle street and got my gun and went back and shot him," he said.

"Are you willing to make a statement to this effect in writing?" Lieut. Moore asked.

### Chance's Confession.

Chance's statement to Capt. Meagher follows:

"I was informed seven or eight months ago of the condition of my sister-in-law and I went to see Cavanaugh. I asked him what he was going to do about it. He refused to do anything. When I came back to Chicago this time I got a room with my wife on La Salle street Friday night and Sunday her brother and father and I went to look for Cavanaugh.

"We went out to his home on Arlington place Sunday evening about 8 o'clock and met him when he came out. We walked to Roslyn place, where he met a soldier friend. They threatened us and there were two shots fired at us while we were near the park. I went home and got my revolver.

"My wife and I and Harry and his wife went over to Clark and Fullerton at about 10 o'clock. We stood two doors south of the poolroom on the west side of the street. I took off my coat and gave it to my wife. Harry and I crossed the street to the front of the poolroom.

### Says He Feared Attack.

"I met William Karl in front and asked him where Cavanaugh was. Before he had time to answer, I saw Cavanaugh come out. As he approached me he put his hand toward his hip pocket. I fired two shots at him and then another shot. I did not fire at Garvin Cavanaugh, although he fell. I thought the Cavanaghs were after us.

"Then Harry and I ran down Fullerton parkway to Commonwealth avenue, where I saw an alley. We ran and threw my gun away. We ran to Belden and then into the park. I saw a taxi and stopped it. The man said he would be back soon. We waited for him and had him take us to Madison street and the river. We spent the night in a hotel near the Northwestern station.

"I shot Cavanaugh because he had wronged my sister-in-law. We all discussed it at the house."

Rochotte confirmed the story of Chance.

### Taken to Scene of Crime.

The prisoners were taken to Sheffield avenue station from Desplaines street. There they denied the killing at first, declaring that they had fired the shots. Then Chance was taken out by Lieut. John Meehan to the scene of the crime. He took him to the poolroom and down Fullerton parkway to Commonwealth avenue. Here, in an alley, the gun was found which Chance said he had thrown away. Three shells were exploded. Chance's full confession followed, the police say.

The part played by Mrs. Harry Rochotte in the alleged planning of the killing will be investigated carefully. According to Lieut. Doherty of the Sheffield avenue station, she went to Cavanaugh several months ago and threatened him, telling him that if he did not "make good" she would fix him or get some one else to do it.

Both she and Mrs. Chance deny that they knew anything of the intentions of their husbands when they set out from the Rochotte home for the poolroom. They were somewhat defiant in attitude.

### Cavanaugh Family's Story.

According to the Cavanaugh family, Virginia's father, J. C. Rochotte, called on the Cavanaugh family several months ago. He was met by the boy's mother.

"Your boy and my girl are in trouble," he said.

"Well, what do you wish about it?" inquired Mrs. Cavanaugh.

"I want \$2,000 or I want Jimmie to marry the girl," said the father, according to Mrs. Cavanaugh.

"I am the mother of five boys and two girls," she replied. "I have a mother's heart. I would gladly take your girl to my heart if it were not for the kind of letters she has written to him," Mrs. Cavanaugh said.

She read part of the letters to him.

"We never know our children until some one else tells us," he said, according to Mrs. Cavanaugh.

"For years I have tried to keep my children right. Their mother died." And he left.

Rochotte said yesterday that he had asked nothing of the Cavanaghs.

One of the witnesses who will be called at the hearing will be Robert Roach, a friend of the Cavanaugh family, who lives at 2545 North Clark street. He refused to talk about the case last night.

Victim's Mother Prostrated.

Mrs. Thomas Cavanaugh, mother of the dead boy, was in bed all day at her home, 419 Arlington place. The father is an invalid.

"My poor boy," she moaned. "Why didn't I give them the \$2,000? I would

## PRINCIPALS IN FATAL TRAGEDY OF LOVE VENGEANCE

Two Men Under Arrest Admit Killing and Wives Are Held in Case. Victim and Girl He Is Alleged to Have Betrayed Are Also Pictured.



ABOVE—  
James Cavanaugh  
Mrs. Harry Rochotte

ABOVE—  
Virginia  
Rochotte  
BELOW—  
Mrs. John  
A. Chance.

### Dry Ratification Fails in New Jersey Senate

Trenton, N. J., March 10.—Failing to get the eleven votes necessary for the ratification of the national prohibition amendment in the senate tonight, and in order to save the measure from defeat, Senator Harold B. Wells, the introducer of the resolution, during the roll call had it laid over. Eight senators voted for it, ten against it, and two did not vote.

Gordon is another witness. He saw the shooting and tried to follow Chance. Cavanaugh had told of his trouble to several of his friends, including Karl, the barber.

"I am not to blame," he said. "I don't want to marry her. Why does she pick me out?"

He told friends that the girl had threatened to shoot him.

"If she doesn't kill me she will get some one else to do it," is one of the remarks attributed to him.

Police worked all night on the crime. An hour and a half after the boy died at Columbus hospital early Monday morning the police of the Sheffield avenue station had the facts that lay behind the affair. Detectives from the central bureau were out on the case all night. From the bureau were Sergeants Thomas Comerford, Gabriel Longobardi, Vincent, Sandarsiri, and Richard P. Gill. The men from Sheffield were Sergeants Tom Rohan, Harry Potts, Plum, and Fish.



**Matthews & Co.**  
Outfitters to Women

21 East Madison Street  
Between State and Wabash  
"THE SHOP OF PERSONAL SERVICE"

### Distinctive Accoutrement for Spring

OUR PRESENT COLLECTION OF THE most alluring in Spring Suits, Wraps and Frocks illustrates why discerning women of taste, fastidious in their appearance, find in Matthews Modes ideal expression and true reflection of their individuality and character.

YOU—MADAM—as well will find selection to properly reflect your own preferences in the way of your appearance a matter of ease and truly a source of pleasure.

VALUE EXCEPTIONAL IS A DOMINANT NOTE IN ALL MATTHEWS OFFERINGS.

Smart Spring Suits and Cape Wraps

Featuring Special Offerings at

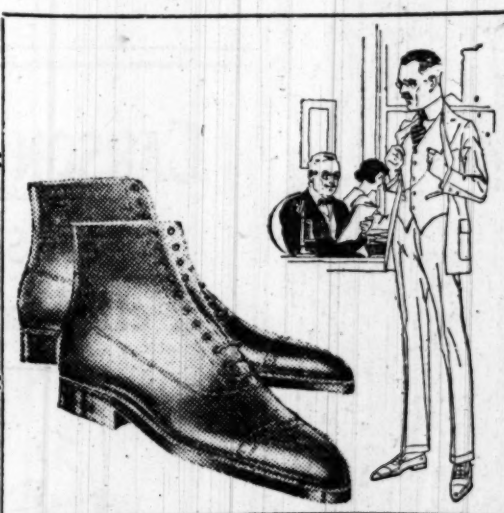
25.00 39.75 47.50 69.75

CHARMING SPRING FROCKS

Regular Values to \$75

24.75 29.75 34.75

**Business men will appreciate the character and price of this O-G Cordovan.** These shoes are especially recommended for early spring wear and at the price at which they are featured you may put them away for next fall with the knowledge that you have bought wisely.



### O-G Cordovan at \$7.75

A handsome, well constructed shoe on a full toe custom last of genuine shell cordovan. To be had in a rich dark brown shade. A particularly stylish and durable shoe. See it today!

**O'Connor & Goldberg**

This shoe now featured in these O-G Men's Stores  
205 South State St. 6 South Clark St.  
120 W. Van Buren 12th and Sawyer  
1253 Milwaukee Avenue

## NAVY WILL MAKE NEW INQUIRY IN MOSCOVITZ CASE

Graft Charges So Petty Other Accused Men Are Released.

The death of Samuel B. Moscovitz, who jumped from the eighth floor of the Commonwealth Edison building after a severe quizzing at the hands of naval intelligence men, will be made the subject of investigation by a general naval board of inquiry.

Coroner Peter M. Hoffman last night after an extended conference with attorneys for the Moscovitz family stated he would take up the matter of the appointment of such a body today. Lieutenant Commander Chester Roberts has stated that if the relatives of the dead sailor were dissatisfied with the findings of the medical inquiry board a more complete inquiry would be put under way by request.

### Other Accused Men Freed.

The naval inquiry report was made during the day, coincidentally with a finding of Capt. F. B. Bassett to the effect that the graft plot, in which Moscovitz was said to have been implicated, was of such a petty nature that other accused men in custody were released under suspended sentences and returned to active duty at Great Lakes.

Moscovitz took his death leap after being severely questioned on charges that he had collected money from other sailors under the representation that he could obtain discharges for them. The fact that the others involved were released and returned to their former naval status caused relatives and friends of the dead boy to be more insistent than ever to have every detail of his arrest in Detroit and the circumstances surrounding his death probed to the bottom. They expressed disappointment and dissatisfaction over the naval inquiry verdict, which read in part as follows:

"The board finds that he died from injuries received in an attempt to commit suicide or escape, by leaping from

a window in the office of the aid for information (intelligence bureau) of the Ninth, Tenth, and Eleventh naval districts, on the eighth floor of the Commonwealth Edison building, Chicago, Ill., through the glass roof of a court four floors below, a distance of approximately forty-two feet, and that his death was not occasioned by any act of duty in which he was engaged when it occurred, and was the result of his own misconduct."

### \$10,000 Insurance Holds Good.

The fact that Moscovitz's death was not in the line of duty will not interfere with the collection of his \$10,000 government life insurance provided the premiums have been kept paid up, naval officers said.

"I shall take up the matter of making a complete investigation of all the facts in the Moscovitz case with Lieutenant Commander Roberts tomorrow," Coroner Hoffman said. "I shall call together my jury, which viewed the body, in the morning, and we shall continue our inquiry indefinitely—that is, until the naval inquiry is finished. If the naval inquiry is not carried far enough to suit all concerned it will then be possible for me to bring out further facts through an inquest hearing at a later date."

### Lawyers for Family Clash.

The progress of the new inquiry was threatened by a rift in the diplomatic relations of the sundry legal counsel of the Moscovitz family. Attorney Marcus Pollasky, who has been characterized as "chief general counsel," in the case, had his authority questioned by Attorney Fred Bernstein, who was employed to handle the Chicago end. Capt. Julius Berman, a cousin of the dead sailor, is expected to arrive today and decide which attorney is to direct matters.

### The Why

Superior materials, careful workmanship, scientific construction and handsome finish, all contribute to the complete satisfaction given by the Boston Garter. It is easily and securely adjusted and holds the sock smooth without binding.

### Boston Garter

Wet Spring



The New BIG-SIX \$1985 F. O. B. Detroit

Standard equipment includes Cord Tires, Gabriel Snubbers and Waltham Clock.

THE riding qualities of the New Studebaker Seven-Passenger SIX are truly wonderful. The extra long springs, the absence of unsprung weight, the scientific Hotchkiss drive and the refined smoothness of power-application all contribute to a remarkable ease of travel.

Purchasers of New Seven Passenger SIX cars are reporting from 16 to 19 miles per gallon of gasoline.

Studebaker Sales Co. of Chicago  
Studebaker Automobiles  
Michigan Avenue at 21st Street

## WET spring weather

—requires the wearing of substantial waterproof shoes. Leaky soles are therefore a menace to your health and should be repaired. Bring your shoes to this modern, well equipped and convenient Shoe Repair Shop and have them repaired in the least time for the least money.

**O-G Shoe Repair Shop**  
Bank Floor  
115 S. Dearborn St.  
Harrison 9400  
Any O'Connor or Goldberg shoe store accepts shoes for repair in the O-G Shoe Repair Shop

## Mint Jell

Try Mint Jiffy-Jell with roast lamb or cold meats. It is vastly better than mint sauce. Try Jiffy-Jell desserts with their real fruit flavors in essence form, in vials. Each is so rich in condensed fruit juice that it makes a real fruit dainty. Yet they cost no more than old-style gelatine desserts.

**Jiffy-Jell**  
30 Flavors, at Your Grocer's  
2 Packages for 25 Cents

**FOWNES FILOSETTE**  
REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

You'll see at a glance Fownes quality in Fownes Filo-sette. The superior suede-finished fabric glove—finer than any formerly imported. Washes beautifully, stays shapely, fits like kid. Made in the U.S.A.

Seasonable shades. At shops everywhere

The Chicago home of Manhattan & Star good shirts



Spring has arrived in our shirt department

YOU'LL find it resplendent with the 1919 spring styles and fabrics. Quiet or pronounced patterns, beautiful colorings in the new woven color Madras shirts; a remarkable assortment, with the usual wide range to choose from.

Quality high; price low

\$3

**Maurice L. Rothschild**

Money cheerfully refunded  
S. W. Corner Jackson and State  
Chicago Minneapolis St. Paul

The Business End of a Truck

my tire soon proves the truth of the statement, "The better the tire the better the truck service."

or you know that damage to mechanism is often traceable to inferior tire equipment—just as disease of one organ oftentimes owes its origin to a defect elsewhere.

that's why you should choose truck tires on a quality basis.

You do so when you select GOODRICH DE LUXE Truck Tires. They embody the best that a half-century of rubber science can produce. Are long-wearing, lively and flexible—every one a guardian of the GOODRICH reputation.

let us apply them to your truck.

The B. F. Goodrich Rubber Co.  
CHICAGO BRANCH:  
1925 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

GOODRICH DE LUXE TRUCK TIRES



## NONPARTISAN VOTE MUST GET OUT UNASSISTED

Party Workers to Confine  
Efforts to Pledged  
Citizens.

The independent and nonpartisan voters who are not on the registration books will have to bestir themselves today without much outside help if they desire to participate in the election of April 1, according to yesterday's developments.

Neither the Thompson nor the Sweitzer forces are going to hurt themselves today routing out unregistered voters whose attitude in the election is unknown. While a general appeal has been issued by these camps to all men and women to get on the books the workers have been given a set list of names to account for today.

**Thompson Has List.**  
The Thompson forces have been carrying on a canvass in the effort to secure names only of those who are willing to pledge themselves to vote for Thompson for mayor. These names have been placed in the card index and the workers today for the mayor will be instructed to devote their entire attention to getting registered the men and women who they believe will vote for Thompson and to let the others take care of themselves.

The Sweitzer ward organizations were instructed to do general work today after they had accounted for the names of 45,000 unregistered persons who have signed Sweitzer pledge cards since the last registration.

**Hoynes Depends on Press.**  
The Hoynes organization forces will try to arouse all the unregistered ones in their respective districts, but the organization has been depending largely on the public appeals through the newspapers.

So it will be up to the nonpartisans and the independents to register today because they want to vote in April and not because there will be a worker at each door bell this morning reminding them that they have a duty to perform today.

Because the special work of the political camps will be directed largely only toward men and women with known attitudes the registration today may fall far below what the good government forces had hoped for.

The figures of the unregistered still stand, on the eve of the registration, 500,000 men and women.

**Sweitzer Gain 40,000.**  
The Sweitzer workers will put on between 40,000 and 60,000, they estimated last night. The Thompson claims are not as large, but they may hustle to the polls, they thought, around 50,000, making a total of about 110,000 the political prophets expect to be registered today. This would leave nearly 400,000 citizens of Chicago still unaccounted for.

What the labor forces will be able to do in the registration line is guesswork largely. They, too, have relied on general appeals and not on an organized force of workers to haul the derelicts to the polls today.

The only urge, then, as the situation appeared last night, according to civic leaders, that will have an effect on the great body of derelicts will be the newspaper appeals this morning.

The polls will open at 8 o'clock this morning and close at 9 o'clock.

Register today unless you registered last fall or you cannot vote on Tuesday, April 1. Polls open from 8 a. m. until 9 p. m.

## REGISTER TODAY!

This is the last day on which you can become eligible to vote at the city election of Tuesday, April 1.

If you failed to register last fall, or if you have moved outside of your precinct since registering last fall you must register today or you cannot vote April 1. This applies to men and women alike.

Every one of the 2,215 polling places in the city will be open today between the hours of 8 a. m. and 9 p. m. for registration purposes.

If you are one of the unregistered 500,000 this is your only opportunity to secure full citizenship.

## MAYOR APPEALS FOR ELECTION ON PARTY ISSUE

Says His Victory Will  
Be Omen of G. O. P.  
Success.

Mayor Thompson last night issued a statement in which he holds that his election as mayor on April 1 will encourage Republicans throughout the country to work hard for Republican national success next year.

He also urges the absent minded ones to get their names on the registration books today.

**Tells of "Dull Times."**  
"This year particularly," the statement reads, "the voters of Chicago can do much toward restoring confidence to business now suffering from dull times, precipitated by Democratic administration of our national affairs. By the election of a Republican ticket it will hold out the first ray of hope to the unemployed that prospects for the return of Republican prosperity in the nation are bright again."

"Republican success will be encouraging alike to capital and labor, stimulating to business in our city. Nothing can produce this effect so much as the victory of the Republican ticket April 1. Such a result will be heralded throughout the length and breadth of our land as an omen of success for the future. No more important duty rests upon any citizen, man or woman, than that of registering and voting to assist in the continuation of a clean, honest, and decent municipal government and restoring conditions which offer opportunities to all."

**Stands for Americanism.**  
"The Republican party stands for an opportunity to earn an honest dollar by honest toil. It stands for justice, impartiality, fairness, good faith, dignity, and honor. It stands for free and honest elections. It stands for the American people, the American school, house, and the flag of the nation. It stands for a policy opposed to debts and deficiencies. It stands for the dignity and independence of American labor and the enterprise and occupation of the American people, and it can be relied upon in the future as in the past, in the city as in the state and nation, to inaugurate and maintain commercial and financial policies that are uniformly recognized and indorsed as the key to prosperity in business and the safest prop to uphold the well being and happiness of the American people and safeguard their independence."

**CHINESE HELD ON OPIUM CHARGE.**  
Five Chinese, charged by federal agents with smuggling, sale, and use of opium in a Sheridan road apartment and an alleged resort at 235 West Twenty-second street, waived examination before United States Commissioner Nathan Rosenberg and were held to the grand jury. Opium valued at \$20,000 was seized in several raids two weeks ago when the men were arrested.

## HOYNE MAKING LISTS OF CHIEFS FOR CAMPAIGN

Men in All Walks of Life  
on Campaign Committee.

Names of those on the executive committee of the MacLay Hoynes 300,000 club were announced by the Hoynes campaign committee last evening. Persons of prominence in business, professional life and in practically every line of daily endeavor are on the committee. Chairmen of the hundreds of divisions which now are being formed will be announced shortly.

Some of those on the executive committee are: James C. McShane, Frank Johnston Jr., Clarence S. Darrow, Charles Weegman, Philip McKenna, John C. Scates, Clyde L. Day, Thomas Turner, Francis S. Williams, Orva G. Williams, John E. Owens, Donald Ribbner, James P. Bowers, Allan Dixon, Miss Kate Adams, Mrs. Glenn E. Plumb, Tom E. Magnus, Mrs. David Hill Dasek, John L. McInerney, Mrs. Minnie Jacobs, Vincent Colby, Dr. George Rubin, George Byron, J. J. Alexander, Fred V. Allain, F. J. Speigler, R. C. Wiley, Harry H. Lampert, Samuel Buchsbaum, Edward C. Taylor, Louis A. Geyler, Arthur B. Rogers, J. M. Kralovec, Frank J. Smolinski, Dr. L. L. McArthur, E. O. Hanson, Frank D. Stevenson, John M. Sims, Charles A. Pich, Louis A. Salinger, Dr. Allen A. Weiler, George H. Doty, Dr. Arthur R. Edwards, M. J. Collins, F. V. Barnheim, L. H. McCormick, James S. Friend, Frank Baen.

**Ald. John Powers Looks Out for a Constituent**  
Ald. Ross A. Woodhull was going to have duck for dinner last night. Going to is right, but a certain Italian actually had duck for dinner, the same duck that Ald. Woodhull had contemplated. It happened this way:

Ald. Woodhull went to the city hall yesterday to attend a committee meeting. The duck was wrapped up in a paper. The alderman laid it beside him while he made an argument. Ald. John Powers motioned to an Italian constituent of his that there was food in the package. The Italian made off with the duck.

"Bum joke," said Ald. Woodhull. "Some duck," the Italian is reported to have said.

**Beware of a Weeping Man with a Dry Handkerchief**  
This little matter of too much honesty has cost another citizen of Chicago dearly. It's the old handkerchief game. You meet a man weeping and he says he's got a lot of money. It's Spanish, or Italian, or French, or anything, and he wants an honest man to change it for him. Of course the honest man must show he has money, too. He must put it with the other money; all in one handkerchief. He's given the handkerchief to hold. And he finds, when it's too late, that all he has is a bunch of paper. Adam Bakala, 820 Townsend street, is the latest victim. He lost \$1,000 but maintained his honesty.

## BUSINESS MEN TAKE CHARGE OF SWEITZER FIGHT

Winston, Porter, and  
Rawson Named Officers of Club.

The organization of the Sweitzer Business Men's Non-Partisan club was completed yesterday, with Bertram M. Winston as president, Capt. George Hull Porter secretary, and Frederick H. Rawson as treasurer.

Mr. Rawson, who accepts the trusteeship, is president of the Union Trust company.

**Winston Tells Plans.**  
In accepting the presidency Mr. Winston said: "We will continue to wage a clean, constructive campaign. We shall not try to induce voters to support Mr. Sweitzer merely because he is the best candidate in the field, and consequently we shall not try to show the weaknesses of the other candidates. Rather we will present Mr. Sweitzer as a man fit by his business, official, and financial training for the office of mayor of Chicago. We expect to be able to convince the voters that he is the best qualified man in Chicago for the office he seeks."

**To Present Views.**  
"We intend to see that the views of Mr. Sweitzer upon all public questions are fully and fairly presented to the voters. We intend to meet every issue that has a proper place in the campaign."

"The first duty necessarily is to obtain a large registration today. That duty is in the hands of the members of the regular organization and I have no doubt that it will be well done. Immediately after the registration our committee will take entire charge of the campaign."

## Former Senator Lewis Expected Home This Week

Former Senator James Hamilton Lewis is expected to return to Chicago this week. He is resuming the practice of law in the Edison building, on the sixteenth floor. Associated with him will be Richard S. Folsom, former corporation counsel, and Wallace Streeter, former assistant attorney general and recently first lieutenant judge advocate.

USE McK&R  
**CALOX**  
THE OXYGEN  
TOOTH  
POWDER

Because the Oxygen tooth powder preserves good teeth and protects poor ones. In either case, you need Calox.

For sale everywhere.

McKesson & Robbins, Inc. N.Y.  
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS EST. 1893

ASK FOR and GET  
**Horlick's**  
The Original  
Malted Milk  
For Infants and Invalids  
OTHERS ARE IMITATIONS

## RICH CHINAMAN DYING; SCENT OPIUM MYSTERY

Mystery surrounds the finding of Joseph Sing, 42 years old, said to be a wealthy Chinese gambler, unconscious in a room at 606 Federal street, last night. He was found by Lee Moy, of the same address, who told the police he believed Sing to be unconscious from opium poisoning.

A small jar, believed by the police to contain opium, was found in the room. He was taken to the county hospital, where it was said his condition is serious. The police are investigating in the belief that he may have been poisoned or that he may have attempted to commit suicide by eating "ashes of opium."

## John T. Pirie Asked to Be Mayor of Lake Forest

Wealthy and influential citizens of Lake Forest are trying to get John T. Pirie, president of Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., who is now in Florida, to become a candidate for mayor of the village.

Mayor Kenne H. Addington, who has held the office for two terms, has announced he will not run this time. Mr. Pirie was mayor of Lake Forest three terms, and it is believed there will be no opposition candidate if he consents to run.

**Mandel Brothers**  
Apparel shop, fourth floor

Fashion's inaugural exposition of  
distinctive spring wraps

introduces many new, captivating modes of rare elegance. Gracefully draped capes and dolman wraps of rich duvetyne, poulette, evora cloth, tricotine wool velour are featured—particularly

ultra-smart  
dolman wraps  
at \$85

Fashioned of a luxurious evora cloth in newest shades, and richly lined with pussy willow silk. The model pictured. Unusually attractive value in an ultra modish spring wrap.

Other wraps, variously fashioned, priced \$35 to \$275. Fourth floor.

Mandel Brothers open tomorrow  
**a new frock shop**  
—superior dresses at popular prices

The resources of an expert and powerful buying organization have been devoted to the production of frocks to sell for less than thirty dollars. The opening day to be featured by

2,500 better grade dresses  
at 21.50—\$25—29.50

The frocks are copies of high-cost models by famous designers, and of a sort hitherto unobtainable at these prices. Particulars in this afternoon's papers.

Fourth floor, north aisle, Wabash side.

**CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO**

A Special Sale of 100  
Felt Mattresses at \$10.95

In this assortment of 100 felt mattresses made to our own specifications are a variety of sizes to fit almost any bed. They are made with rolled edges, are nicely tufted, and the covering is of an excellent quality of ticking, which may be had in several attractive color combinations.

Excellent Made and Thoroughly Sterilized

The full-sized mattresses contain fifty pounds of cream white felt and the smaller sizes are in proportionate weights. At this price early selection is advised, \$10.95.

Seventh Floor, South.

## Slim and Stout Suit Sale

Special Feature Event of  
Our Final Reduction Sales

1,500 garments—the remainder of the season's broken lines. Many of the fabrics were purchased at pre-war prices, which gives added importance to this remarkable offer.

If you are stout or slim, size 40 or up, here's your opportunity. There are cassimeres, worsteds, unfinished worsteds, tweeds, oxfords, both smooth and rough finish and pencil stripes—grays, olive drab, fancy mixtures, salt and pepper effects. Suits designed with peak and croy notch lapels, as well as conservative models. Fine Blue and Black Suits included.

A Saving of \$8 to \$12.50 on Each Suit

**22.50 and 28.50**

Sale on Second Floor

THE HUB  
**Henry C. Lytton & Sons**

N. E. Corner State and Jackson



Spring Fashions Arriving Daily  
Newest style creations in  
quality apparel for men and boys

THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY  
**Sonora**  
CLEAR AS A BELL

**Sonora's Leadership**

HERE'S a pride in possessing the finest phonograph made, and that feeling is enjoyed by every Sonora owner.

The Sonora plays all makes of disc records perfectly without extra attachments and with a tone of magnificent richness and beauty.

At the Panama-Pacific Exposition Sonora won highest score for tone quality.

A complete line of peerless models is available.

Prices  
**\$50 to \$1000**

CLICK'S MUSIC STORE, 2100 W. Division St.  
SONORA SHOP, 140 S. Dearborn St.  
JULIUS BAUER & CO., 305 S. Wabash Ave.  
PATTERSON BROS., 1950 Irving Park Blvd.  
DEIMEL FURNITURE CO., 2542 W. North Ave.  
GAINES & KOEHLER, 3015 Lincoln Ave.  
GREENSTONE FURN. CO., 1315 Milwaukee Ave.  
CHARLES BLACK, 1209 E. 63d St.  
WILSON-BROADWAY MUSIC SHOP, 1140 Wilson Ave.  
F. S. SPOFFORD, Room 730 Republic Bldg., 209 S. State St.  
PATTERSON BROS., 1522 Sherman Ave., Evanston, Ill.  
HORNOR PIANO CO., 540 W. North Ave.  
EGGERS FURNITURE CO., 6402 S. Halsted St.

**The Highest Class Talking Machine in the World**

Must others enjoy life while you suffer?

**USE Resinol**  
FOR THAT SKIN TROUBLE

That skin trouble makes you feel as though you must creep away and hide. While there is fun and laughter on all sides, nobody seems interested in you. Possibly you could enjoy life as they do if you would but give the Resinol treatment a fair trial. Anoint the red rough spots and irritated places with Resinol Ointment.

For a free trial of soap and ointment write to Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

Keep the face and skin well cleansed with Resinol Soap for it contains just enough soothing medication to relieve the clogged irritated pores. For outer skin disorders on the body or limbs, the same treatment may be applied.

At all Druggists.

**BEECHAM'S PILLS**

When your head aches, it is usually caused by your liver or stomach getting out of order. These "sick headaches" quickly disappear as soon as the stomach is relieved of its bilious contents. Right your stomach and regulate and tone the liver with Beecham's Pills, which rapidly improve conditions and promptly

**Help Headache**

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box.  
Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

Subscribe for The Tribune. Subscribe for The Tribune.



## DEBS' SENTENCE CONFIRMED BY SUPREME COURT

Base Action on Speech  
Obstructing the Draft;  
Pass Two Counts.

Washington, D. C., March 10.—Convictions under the espionage act of Eugene V. Debs, Socialist leader, and Jacob Frohwerk, a newspaper editor of Kansas City, were sustained today by the Supreme court in unanimous opinions delivered by Justice Holmes.

While not passing directly upon the constitutionality of the act, the court in effect did declare valid the so-called collection section and reaffirmed its opinion that the espionage law is not an interference with the constitutional right of free speech.

Debs was convicted on three counts, but the court passed only on only one of these, that charging him with obstructing recruiting and enlistment through statements made in a speech at Canton, O., last June.

Two Charges Not Passed Upon.  
The other two counts charged him with attempting to obstruct recruiting and enlistment, and also with uttering language intended to provoke and encourage resistance to the United States government. In arguing the case before the Supreme court, however, the government did not press the last charge.

Frohwerk's conviction resulted from articles written by him and published in the Missouri Staats Zeitung criticizing the United States' participation in the war.

Some attorneys interpreted the failure of the court to give a direct opinion as to the constitutionality of the espionage act as indicating its intention to pass upon the merits of each individual case considered by it.

In affirming Debs' conviction Justice Holmes reviewed the case in detail and held in effect that Debs had been guilty of willful attempt to obstruct recruiting and that the jury had been properly instructed by the lower court. He also said that the government had presented a strong argument from the history of the statutes that the instruction was correct and in accordance with established legislative usage, and added that, in the light of this fact, it was unnecessary to discuss the question in detail.

Violated Drafting Section.  
The decision holds that the so-called enlistment section of the espionage act is the most drastic in the measure and not only makes it a misdemeanor to circulate false reports for the purpose of interfering with military and naval operations and enlistments but also prohibits the utterance or writing of any seditious, profane, scurrilous, or abusive language about the American form of government, military forces, flag, or uniforms, or which is intended to bring them into contempt or intended to encourage resistance to the United States or to cripple the country in the prosecution of war.

Referring to the introduction of the so-called St. Louis platform as evidence the court said:

"Evidence that the defendant accepted this view and this declaration of his duties at the time that he made his speech is evidence that in that speech he used words tending to obstruct the recruiting service he meant that they should have that effect. We should add that the jury was most carefully instructed that they could not find the defendant guilty for advocacy of any of his opinions unless the words used had as their natural tendency any reasonably probable effect to obstruct the recruiting service, etc., and unless the defendant had the specific intent to do so in his mind."

Debs Celebrates Decision.  
Terre Haute, Ind., March 10.—"I defy the Supreme court to do its worst," declared Eugene V. Debs today in a formal statement on the upholding of

## SENTENCE UPHELD

Socialist Leader and Former  
Presidential Candidate Whose  
Ten Year Imprisonment  
Penalty Is Confirmed.



Eugene V. Debs  
PHOTO BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

his conviction on an espionage charge by the Supreme court. "I told the court when I was convicted that the law was despotic and have not changed my mind in the least. I am not concerned with what those he-powdered, be-wigged corporation attorneys at Washington do. I am going to celebrate tonight by taking Mrs. Debs to a picture show."

ASK CONSTITUTIONAL DECISION.  
Formal demand that the constitutionality of the espionage act be finally passed upon so that "citizens may not have to tremble lest in criticizing questionable acts of those who are attempting to run the affairs of this country they become liable to arrest" was voiced in a statement issued last night by Morton L. Johnson, secretary of the executive committee of the new Labor party.

The action followed the decision by the Supreme court of the United States in the Debs case. The statement said:

"For the second time in two weeks the Supreme court has affirmed convictions obtained under the espionage act without a decision as to the constitutionality of the act itself. What is the reason for this beating about the bush? Have not the American people the right to know whether this law, placed upon our statute books in the heat of war passion, is constitutional or not? It has been declared by eminent authority on legal matters outside of the courts to be in contradiction of the rights of free speech, free assembly, and a free press."

"There is much that is rotten in the affairs of this country and we demand the right to discuss them."

PRETTY CLOTHES  
WIN MEN, WIFE  
QUOTES RIVAL

"Don't be a fool. Get yourself some pretty clothes and you will get all the men you want."

This is the advice she was given by "Dottie" Devine, an actress, Mrs. Pearl Wittgreffe testified before Judge Dolan in the Morals court yesterday.

The actress, who lives at the City Hall Square hotel, and Raymond W. Wittgreffe, a salesman, were arrested Sunday night in a room at 12 West Ohio street. They were fined \$25 each and costs.

"I went to Miss Devine a number of times," testified Mrs. Wittgreffe, "and pleaded with her to let my husband alone. She told me she was not interested in my husband, but I found many notes from her to Mr. Wittgreffe. Monday night I traced him to the Ohio street number."

"Once when I made the request that she stay away from my husband she said: 'Don't be a fool. Get yourself some pretty clothes and you will get all the men you want.'"

Miss Devine denied that there were any improper relations.

## PRIEST HALTS MAYOR'S ATTACK ON PAVING MAN

Gary Meeting Stirred by  
Incident; New Bids  
to Be Opened.

Mayor William F. Hodges disturbed the otherwise serene atmosphere of Gary, Ind., yesterday. But for the timely interference of a Catholic priest the disturbance might have amounted to more, according to citizens who were present at a meeting in the public works department of the city hall.

The meeting was called for the purpose of hearing taxpayers on the proposed paving contracts, amounting to approximately \$200,000. Among those present was S. S. Saxton, president of the S. S. Saxton Contracting and Engineering company of Chicago. Ninety-nine resident property owners on six streets had signed a petition asking that he be permitted to offer his specifications on paving work.

Woman Tells of Meeting.  
But let Mrs. Charles Keener, owner of considerable business and resident property in Gary, and one of those present, tell the story of the meeting.

"You can have just five minutes," said the mayor to Mr. Saxton, who started to outline the proposition, in which many of us who will be directly affected by the work have become interested. He talked for about five minutes, when the mayor shouted: 'That's all—you've had your turn!'

"Mr. Saxton stepped down and started to put on his overcoat. He was just getting ready to leave the room, when the mayor seized him like this [and Mrs. Keener gave an illustration of the hold known in some places as "the bum's rush"] and shoved Mr. Saxton from the room."

Priest Interferes.  
"I was good and sore. I followed them out. The mayor had hold of Mr. Saxton and was acting as if he were going to swing on him. Father Gribba of St. Luke's church stepped between them."

"Mayor Hodges," he said, "I have always been your friend, but you are wrong in this case."

"The mayor let go and Mr. Saxton held his temper. Father Gribba was there in the interest of his church and school, which are located on one of the streets to be paved under the plan."

"Inasmuch as we are the ones who will carry the burden of the expense, we felt we had a right to hear all sides of the question. There was little opportunity for competition."

Mayor Says Graft Was Hinted.  
"There was no unusual incident," Mayor Hodges said at his home last night, "except what might be expected when a man makes intimations of graft against me."

"Mr. Saxton made remarks as he was preparing to leave the room which reflected on the honesty of other public officials and myself and I took hold of him. You might say he was leaving the courtroom and I went along."

"I will say that the specifications in the city engineer's office have been broadened and they will all have a chance to bid."

Mr. Saxton denied last night that he had made any intimations of graft at the Gary meeting.

## JUST ONE OF THOSE LITTLE TRAGEDIES OF POLICE STATIONS

EIGHT years ago Eddie Zoufal's father brought a canary into his home, 1132 South Millard avenue, and gave him the name of Jole.

Jole was a singer extraordinary. The children adored him. Six months ago, however, he ceased to sing. The children knew he was sick. They did everything they could for him, but Jole died and was buried and mourned.

The house seemed dismal and lonely without that cheerful, friendly voice. Eddie went to work. He got \$7 a week; and every day pay his mother allowed him to keep \$1 to do with as he wished. Eddie saved it—to buy another Jole.

On his fifth pay day he could hardly wait until after supper to go down to the Atlantic and Pacific bird store, 127 West Madison street. Proudly he came home with the new canary in the old cage.

"The man said a singing canary would cost \$20 or more," he said, "but I gave me this bird for \$1. It's a young one and doesn't sing yet; but the man said it would warble in three months."

When he woke up Sunday morning he found the bird was dead. He came into the central police station last night. He was crying. Desk Sergeant Pat Brady asked him what was the matter. The boy began slowly unwrapping a newspaper package, and presently he held up the yellow singer that never had sung.

"I took him to the bird man," said Eddie. "and he said he was sorry but he couldn't do anything. He would give me another bird for half price. But I haven't got the money."

"I'm sorry, too," said Brady, "but I can't do anything. He would give me another bird for half price. But I haven't got the money."

Slowly the boy wrapped up the dead bird and went out, crying more bitterly than before.

"SOME BABY" IN  
LINE FOR FORTUNE  
OF MORRISON

There is now another heir to the fortune of Edward W. Morrison, formerly "the millionaire millionaire."

She's 2 weeks old, and fat and smiling. Her mother is Mrs. Margaret Burnett-Morrison Beers, adopted daughter of the eccentric millionaire. Her father is Le Roy Beers, son of Archibald J. Beers, 123 North Elizabeth street, a discharged soldier. They were married in Crown Point, Ind.

"They married last May," said Mr. Beers, the elder, last night. "The girl had received so much publicity during Judge Landis' investigation she didn't want any more. But, say, that's some baby. She hasn't any name yet, but if the public can think of an appropriate name for her we'll be glad to consider it."

"Utility Cop" of Hammond  
Held Up; Robbed of \$12

John Eckstein is the utility cop of Hammond. He fills in when one of the regular force is ill, on a vacation, or otherwise absent. He has a gun and star and uniform and everything when he's working at the cop business.

Yet last night he walked into Hammond station and related that some rough person with a gun had held him up on State Line street and robbed him of \$12.

Any way, John isn't a cop now.

## IRA WESTBROOK A CAPTAIN NOW; TWO IN FAMILY

"There are now two captains in the family," was the message telephoned yesterday by

Capt. Ira Edward Westbrook to Capt. Westbrooke H. Westbrook, his brother, who is in command of the Austin police station.

Capt. Ira E. Westbrook, who was a lawyer at 112 Adams street, won a lieutenant's commission in the second officers' training camp at Fort Sheridan.

For sixteen months he was in service as artillery instructor and was with the Fifteenth balloon company in California when ordered to France. By the time he reached New York the armistice was signed and he was ordered back.

Upon returning to his office yesterday Lieut. Westbrook found a captain's commission in his mail. He was mustered out last Saturday.

When he woke up Sunday morning he found the bird was dead. He came into the central police station last night. He was crying. Desk Sergeant Pat Brady asked him what was the matter. The boy began slowly unwrapping a newspaper package, and presently he held up the yellow singer that never had sung.

"I took him to the bird man," said Eddie. "and he said he was sorry but he couldn't do anything. He would give me another bird for half price. But I haven't got the money."

"I'm sorry, too," said Brady, "but I can't do anything. He would give me another bird for half price. But I haven't got the money."

Slowly the boy wrapped up the dead bird and went out, crying more bitterly than before.

"SOME BABY" IN  
LINE FOR FORTUNE  
OF MORRISON

There is now another heir to the fortune of Edward W. Morrison, formerly "the millionaire millionaire."

She's 2 weeks old, and fat and smiling. Her mother is Mrs. Margaret Burnett-Morrison Beers, adopted daughter of the eccentric millionaire. Her father is Le Roy Beers, son of Archibald J. Beers, 123 North Elizabeth street, a discharged soldier. They were married in Crown Point, Ind.

"They married last May," said Mr. Beers, the elder, last night. "The girl had received so much publicity during Judge Landis' investigation she didn't want any more. But, say, that's some baby. She hasn't any name yet, but if the public can think of an appropriate name for her we'll be glad to consider it."

"Utility Cop" of Hammond  
Held Up; Robbed of \$12

John Eckstein is the utility cop of Hammond. He fills in when one of the regular force is ill, on a vacation, or otherwise absent. He has a gun and star and uniform and everything when he's working at the cop business.

Yet last night he walked into Hammond station and related that some rough person with a gun had held him up on State Line street and robbed him of \$12.

Any way, John isn't a cop now.

## BOND HOLDERS GIVEN PRIVILEGE OF CONVERSION

Washington, D. C., March 10.—Secretary Glass, acting under authority conferred by the Victory Liberty loan act, today issued an order reopening to holders of converted bonds of the first Liberty loan and of bonds of the second Liberty loan the privilege of having their bonds converted into 4½ per cent bonds. These two classes of bonds now bear interest at 4 per cent.

The conversion privilege, which expired last Nov. 8, under the loan act, then in effect, is reopened under the order as of March 7 and the extension is indefinite.

Holders of the bonds may present them for conversion at any bank. Regulation forms of application have been prepared and will be available within a few days. At the time the bonds are converted coupon bonds may be exchanged for registered bonds.

Eighty-five thousand captured German helmets, forwarded to the United States by Gen. Pershing, were sold today by the war department for \$1. The purchaser was Frank R. Wilson, publicity director of the Liberty loan, who will ship the helmets from New York tomorrow to district headquarters of the loan organization, to be used as prizes for Victory Liberty loan workers in the forthcoming campaign.

**WONDER-MIST**  
The Sprayer Polish  
Cleans and Polishes your car in 15 minutes

Spray right over the dust, mud, grease, grime or road tar. Wipe off with cheesecloth dampened with water—then polish with a second cheesecloth. A fine-looking car without breaking your back or smearing yourself with grease and grime.

WONDER-MIST not only takes off the dirt, but feeds and protects the finish and maintains the luster. Contains no acid, alkali, gum or wax. Non-combustible. Will not collect dust.

Buy WONDER-MIST from your auto supply, hardware, or drug dealer.

THE WONDER-MIST MFG. CO.  
Boston, Mass.

**Kitchens of Cleanliness**  
"Have a Grape"

Trim, tidy girls in clean cap and apron—kettles of copper sparkling in the sunlight that streams in through clean windows—floors as white as in Grandmother's kitchen of old—such is the place where your candies are made.

Does it not mean a lot to you to know that your candy is made in spotless surroundings where the air is the pure breeze from Lake Michigan—and where only the best cane sugar, the richest cream and the purest chocolate are used?

**Martha Washington Candies**  
Chocolates, Bonbons, Caramels, the full pound..... 80c

11 E. Adams St.  
1016 Wilson Ave.  
31 W. Washington St.

323-29 Broadway  
17 S. Wabash Ave.  
180 W. Jackson Blvd.

**O.W. Richardson & Co.**  
125 South Wabash Avenue

**Facts About  
Linoleum**  
—First of Series—  
Printed Linoleum

Linoleum is manufactured principally of oxidized linseed oil and ground cork, mixed together and compressed on a burlap back. Linoleum is dust proof because it is a solid, compact mass through which dust and dirt cannot penetrate.

It is sunproof—the pattern does not fade.

It is germ proof, for the reason that linseed oil is death to germs.

It is springy to the tread and is therefore easier to walk upon than a wood or tile flooring.

Printed Linoleum has the pattern printed on the surface with oil paints. By this method a great variety of designs are reproduced. The patterns are therefore liable to wear off unless the surface is occasionally coated with Richardson's Linoleum Life Saver.

**The Secret  
of a Good Linoleum Job**

is in having it properly laid. Richardson's Linoleums are laid by experts according to any one of three methods—(1) bradded to floor; (2) seams cemented; (3) cemented all over back.

**We Guarantee**  
the workmanship of all our Linoleum jobs for one year, thus assuring complete satisfaction.

**Special for this Week**  
**89c** per square yard

is an unusual price for this quality goods. The patterns on this cork linoleum are all standard and very desirable. It is only because we are the wholesale distributors for the manufacturers that we can make such low prices for regular goods.

About 31 other patterns are included in this sale, prices ranging from

**89c to \$1.32 per sq. yd.**  
All perfect goods. No seconds.

**O.W. Richardson & Co.**  
125 South Wabash Avenue  
Just North of Adams St.

Mary had a little voice,  
And lost it  
with the "flu";  
Found it with  
a Zymole Trokey;  
Why don't you?

**Protect Your Throat and Voice**  
WINTER winds, rain, snow, wet feet—all tend to encourage throat troubles such as hoarseness, tickling, huskiness, loss of voice and bronchitis.

Protect yourself by using Zymole Trokeys "for husky throats."

Zymole Trokeys quickly soothe the irritated parts and bring grateful relief. They are pure, pleasant and harmless. Not cough drops, but mildly antiseptic throat pastilles of real worth. Booklet of prize winning jingles sent on request.

**Zymole Trokey Jingle Contest Committee**  
1253 Jefferson Avenue  
Detroit, Michigan

**CENTRAL TRUST  
COMPANY  
OF ILLINOIS**  
125 West Monroe Street

**DEPOSITS MADE DURING  
THE FIRST TEN BUSINESS  
DAYS OF THIS MONTH  
DRAW INTEREST FROM THE  
FIRST DAY OF THIS MONTH.**

**3% Interest on MONDAYS** Savings Department Open All Day to 5 p.m.

**A Bank of SERVICE  
and SAFETY.**

**MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY**  
Household Utilities, Ninth Floor, Wabash Avenue

**De Luxe Gloria  
Vacuum Cleaner**

IT is the arch enemy of dust, soot and dirt. It detests grime and filth. It is the champion of cleanliness. It does housework efficiently, economically and dependably.

Worries, backaches and distorted dispositions are eliminated, while labor, which really is more like fun, is reduced two-thirds.

Price, \$37.50. Extra Attachments, \$8.25.

A trial of five days will be given for a thorough demonstration. If not satisfactory money will be gladly refunded. Telephone Private Exchange 1, Household Utilities.

**CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO**

FURTHER than the reward of being ready, and the advantage of making unhurried selections now from complete new stocks, is the added advantage of these pricings for

**Men's New  
Blue Serge Suits**  
Designed and Tailored for  
Us Especially by

**Stein Bloch**  
\$35 \$40 \$45

MEN who know clothes recognize the inside and outside worth of these finely tailored suits. Men of all proportions will find these suits here in the all-wool, medium-weight serge that many men favor for business. The coats are full-lined with alpaca and will make very practical suits for immediate and later spring wear. \$35, \$40 and \$45.

Second Floor, South.

**sinol**  
AT SKIN TROUBLE

ough you must creep away on all sides, nobody seems to enjoy life as they do if you have a fair trial. Anoint the red sinol ointment.

well cleaned with Resinol Soap for it being medicinal to relieve the clogged or skin disorders on the body or limbs, is applied.

**AM'S  
S**

es, it is usually stomach getting sick headaches' as the stomach contents. Right plate and tone's Pills, which as and promptly

**dache**

are with Every Box. id. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

cribe for The Tribune.







## ALDERMEN ASKED TO BE FAIR TO SCHOOL PUPILS

Strike at Helpless by  
Erasing Item from  
Budget.

BY EYE WITNESS.

Have a heart, aldermen, have a heart. Be fair to those who without your sense of justice and vision of the future will be very helpless.

Protect and guard those who cannot assert their rights. We mean the school children of Chicago, of whom you in the present crisis are in a special sense the protectors and the guardians.

Cut Out of Budget.

The commission to investigate the condition of the malnourished and malnourished Chicago school children learns with alarm and discouragement that your finance committee has stricken from the budget the entire appropriation for dental service for school children and, far from increasing the appropriations for school physicians and nurses, the which appropriations were urgently demanded, has held them to a figure which compels each health officer or physician to assume responsibility for the examination of 5,000 children and each school nurse to prepare and she can pass intelligently on the condition of 7,000 children.

Work done under such conditions can only be assuming and pretending, not because the physicians and nurses are unscrupulous—the nurses, indeed, are notably scrupulous—but because you are negligent.

Result Will Be Deplorable.

As for the school dentists whom you at one stroke will eliminate from the service, the result of your action will be doubly deplorable.

Do you know, Messrs. Aldermen, that neglected, defective teeth are almost the largest single source of the ailments suffered by malnourished children and of more serious ailments they have to endure when they grow older?

If you don't know this you ought to take an hour or two off from wrangling and political gossip and smoking in the committee rooms of the city hall and come over on a Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock to the meeting room of the board of education on the sixth floor of the Tribune building, where the malnutrition commission, popularly known as the Peterson commission, holds its sessions.

Paint in Classrooms.

Last January Jacob M. Loeb, president of the board of education, appointed that commission because he was appalled by reports he had received of children fainting in the classrooms because they were, if not underfed, certainly wrongly fed; in other words, malnourished. Loeb had heard member Charles S. Peterson, chairman of the commission because Peterson has a heart and is a man of large affairs with a genius for patient investigation and having accumulated the fruits and facts of investigation, for careful consideration of the fruits and facts. To help Peterson, Loeb gave him a volunteer commission composed of a dozen or fifteen of the shrewdest, farthest-seeing, carefulest speaking women in Chicago—among them Mrs. Ira Couch Wood, Mrs. Dunlap Smith, Mrs. Cyrus Hall McCormick, Mrs. Robert Bates, Mrs. W. H. Winslow, Mrs. William J. Hogan, and others equally conspicuous in the inconspicuous kind of social service the purpose of which is to make

## INCOME TAX ANSWERS

**NO DEDUCTION FOR WRECKING.**  
Moline, Ill., March 7.—(Income Tax Editor.)—If the authorities of a municipality declare that a building is unsanitary and unsafe for the purpose for which it is used and its destruction is ordered, can the losses sustained by the owner be claimed as a deduction?

**REPLY.**  
No, neither loss nor depreciation may be claimed.

**EXEMPTION ON OFFICE RENT.**  
Benton Harbor, Mich., March 7.—(Income Tax Editor.)—May a business man, using a part of his home as an office for business purposes, deduct any portion of the rent paid on a business expense?

**REPLY.**  
Yes. The proportion of rent paid which is properly chargeable to the number of rooms so used may be claimed as a deduction.

**OTHER QUESTIONS.**  
Bryn Mawr, Pa., March 7.—(Income Tax Editor.)—As the agent for a sum insured alien you are responsible for correct returns of all income according to your principal with the purpose of the agency, and for the payment of all taxes against that return.

**REPLY.**  
O. V. L.—A "head of a family" is held to be a person who actually supports and maintains one or more individuals who are closely connected to him by blood relationship, marriage, or adoption.

**REPLY.**  
D. L. S.—Alimony is not held to be in

come to the recipient and it is not allowable as a deduction to the person paying the same.

**REPLY.**  
E. D. P.—Contributions made to needy individuals would not be allowable as a deduction.

**REPLY.**  
L. C. D.—If the stock which died was purchased by you or your firm and the cost has not previously been claimed as a deduction, that cost may be claimed as a deduction in your return rendered in the year in which the loss occurred.

**REPLY.**  
L. D. C.—Where an indebtedness is claimed, contested, and a settlement made by way of compromise, and an amount less than claimed is accepted in full payment, the difference between the amount claimed and the amount paid cannot be deducted.

**REPLY.**  
M. R.—If the debtor corporation has no assets whatever, and it is positively known that nothing can be collected from the debtor or persons connected with it, a creditor need not institute bankruptcy proceedings in order to establish his claim to deduction of worthless debt.

**REPLY.**  
R. H. L.—Depreciation in the value of land cannot be claimed.

**REPLY.**  
Trustee—You should make a single return for all the trusts in your hands, notwithstanding they arise from different instruments, providing trusts are created by the same person.

this town a decent place to be born in and grow up in and grow old in.

**Women Are Discouraged.**

And be assured, aldermen, these women have had their discouragements, and you, when you slash into appropriations by which alone systematic social service in the schools can be maintained and extended, are their principal discouragement.

All that they have done they have done without a cent of expense to this community, and, believe me, they are women—most of them are mothers—who have other things to do.

And just as they are getting a program definitely mapped out, just as they have formulated plans for the highly necessary extension of the school lunch system and the open window room system and the physical examination system—all on behalf of the oncoming generation of our citizenry—you strike out certain appropriations entirely and make others on so meager a basis that the work these funds are supposed to pay for will become almost a mockery.

The women of the commission feel that it is literally a crying shame that conditions so urgent—and in some respects so scandalous that they impelled Loeb to appoint the commission—should make no appeal to you men who hold the purse strings. These women have no ends to serve except the ends of your and their and all our children. They know that the juvenile delinquents which now can be cured by the school doctors, the school nurses, and the school dentists will be the diseases of those juveniles when in a few years they have become adults. The women hate to bludgeon you with banalities, but still they would now call your attention to the ancient saw that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure—and is much cheaper.

**Own Children May Suffer.**

And be not so sure, Messrs. Aldermen, that they will not be your own children who will suffer by your policy of reducing in one year the school dental clinics from nineteen to six, and now, by wholly withdrawing the appropriation, which used to be \$12,000 per annum, reducing them to zero. For all the investigations of the commission prove that not poverty but ignorance and neglect are the prime causes of malnutrition among school children and that this ignorance and this neglect are as flagrant, though not as common, in well-to-do families as in needy.

**Attack on Children.**

The commission asks you in revising your budget to remember that health is the foundation of human welfare, and that any diminution of the

medical, nursing and dental service in our schools is an attack on every child in the community; that the health of the child is the power of the future, and that when the supreme crisis came the draft had to reject 33½ per cent of the men for physical defects which if recognized in their childhood could have been removed.

**Found Ill in Street, Dies on Way to Hospital**

Edward McTiernan, 69 years old, 9 West Ohio street, died in an ambulance last evening on the way to the Polyclinic hospital. He was found, ill, sitting on the stairs in front of 15 East Ohio street.

Wide publicity has been given the pro-

visions of the new revenue bill. The vast majority, therefore, of the American people know the demands of the government.

"I believe the majority of persons subject to the tax will pay their just share fully and willingly. But the duty of the honest man does not end with the payment of his own tax. I call upon him for aid in bringing into camp the tax evader."

Commissioner Roper called attention to the extension of forty-five days allowed taxpayers who are unable to file complete returns by next Saturday, providing they report an estimate of the tax due by that time, together with a payment of at least one-fourth of the estimated tax. This applies to both corporations and individuals.

It was announced today that gambling losses may be deducted from one's income.

Register today unless you registered last fall or you cannot vote on Tuesday, April 1. Polls open from 8 a. m. until 8 p. m.

## U. S. TAX BUREAU OPENS AT NIGHT TO AID RETURNS

Special Accommodation Arranged for Workers.

BY THE INCOME TAX EDITOR

According to the estimated number of taxable citizens few income tax returns have been filed and the department of internal revenue urges every one to turn in schedules at the earliest possible moment.

Julius F. Smietanka, collector of internal revenue, announces that the bureau in the federal building will remain open each evening until 8:30 o'clock for the benefit of workmen who have been unable to swear to their schedule or get desired information on filing out forms.

Monday was by far the busiest day that the Tribune bureau has seen. Hundreds seeking information poured into the lobby. The receipts from taxes paid mounted into thousands of dollars. Schedules of larger incomes are being filed. More than 500 blanks were issued during the noon hour rush.

**HEAVY FINE FOR SLACKERS.**

Washington, D. C., March 10.—Warning was issued today by Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper that persons who fail to file income tax returns with revenue collectors before next Saturday night will be subject to prosecution. He called on honest taxpayers to aid in the roundup of slackers by reporting any information they might have which would assist in detection.

Those who merely neglect to file returns are subject on prosecution to a fine of not more than \$1,000, and those who "willfully refuse" are subject to a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for one year, or both.

"Ignorance of the law," said the commissioner, "cannot consistently be offered as an excuse by the man who fails to file his income tax on time. Wide publicity has been given the pro-

## GERMAN OPERA IN NEW YORK IS CALLED OFF

New York, March 10.—(Special.)—After a conference with Grover A. Whalen, Mayor Hylan's secretary, following a mandate from the mayor forbidding the revival of the German opera scheduled for tonight at the Lexington theater, Dr. Max Winter, business manager, announced this afternoon that the revival had been postponed indefinitely.

A protest, signed by 2,000 army and navy men, as well as by prominent citizens, was presented to Mayor Hylan this morning by Carleton S. King, manager of the Navy club at 669 Fifth avenue, and W. G. McRae, a young sailor. Mayor Hylan immediately took steps to see that the opera would not take place as scheduled.

Elaborate plans for a demonstration at the theater, if the opera opened to night, had been made by service men.

Register today unless you registered last fall or you cannot vote on Tuesday, April 1. Polls open from 8 a. m. until 8 p. m.

WHAT MAKES THIS BOOK SO POPULAR?

**OLD-DAD**

By ELEANOR HALLOWELL ABBOTT

Author of "Molly Make-Believe," Etc.

The New York Sun says:

"It is so emotional that it intoxicated us slightly. . . . We thrill as she shakes up her words like ingredients in a cocktail mixer . . . and the most surprising things happen with engaging rapidity. And every little while someone says something so clever or funny that if it were in a book by Henry James it would be quoted in the best circles. Very seriously, anyone who declines to examine Miss Abbott's tales, if only to find out the secret of her great popularity, is making a grave mistake."

Crisp, sparkling dialogue—a young, but white-haired wholly delightful father, whisking away his adorable witch of a daughter from the gossip following an innocent escapade, into a series of breath-taking episodes, brimming over with the quaintest humor.

\$1.50 net at any bookstore.

**E. P. DUTTON & CO.** 681 Fifth Ave., New York.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

Bookstore.

## "Built Like a Skyscraper"



An average drawer load weighs fifty pounds. This Shaw-Walker drawer is holding about ten times that weight. And holds it easily—without sagging. (From actual photograph.)

## SHAW-WALKER STEEL LETTER FILES

EVERY time you pull open a Shaw-Walker drawer, two "Voluntary Slides" run out to support it. That's why capacity-loaded drawers "coast" smoothly, noiselessly. They're non-rebounding, too.

Shaw-Walkers are "Built Like a Skyscraper", with a framework of skyscraper steel. Electric-welded into one solid piece. No nuts—bolts—rivets—rods—screws.

We believe you'll say Shaw-Walkers are the best files ever made. If, after trying a Shaw-Walker, you don't think so—your money back—quick. Order one by 'phone.

## WOOD FILES

Shaw-Walker also manufactures a complete line of filing cabinets in wood; as well as supplies for all files.

## SHAW-WALKER

163 West Monroe Street, near La Salle

CHICAGO

Steel Files Wood Files Supplies for All Files  
Phone Franklin 5845



Buy Safely  
But Wisely!

REMEMBER—there is a price in Tailoring where the utmost quality is reached—

Above is Extravagance;  
Below, Inferiority.

Nicoll Tailoring means—

The very best materials—  
The very best Tailoring—

At the very lowest price for  
GOOD CLOTHES

Spring Woolens Are Now on Display

A vast assortment of the newest weaves and patterns. Mixtures of Browns and Blues, tinged with Green, promise to become decided favorites.

Prices: \$35, \$40, \$45 and Upwards

"Nicoll" means best without extravagance.

**NICOLL The Tailor**  
WM JERREMS' SONS  
Clark and Adams Streets

YOUR money doesn't belong to us until you are satisfied in every particular. We will refund any purchase price any time you want it.



These beautiful welt-waist models are certainly popular—4th floor

SEE this popular 1919 style in young men's single and double breasted welt-waist suits, custom-like tailoring, graceful models, correct in every detail; latest materials and colorings. This is a very attractive buy at \$35

Now you can save from \$5 to \$15 on a fine Hart Schaffner & Marx suit—\$35

WE'RE making a quick clearance of our 1918 wholesale surplus stocks. These include some wonderful values in Hart Schaffner & Marx finest all-wool suits; many of them year-round weights; also light weights, heavy weights and medium weights. Worsteds, silk mixtures, velours, tweeds, cassimeres. You might as well take these savings while we offer them; \$50, \$45 and \$40 values, now \$35

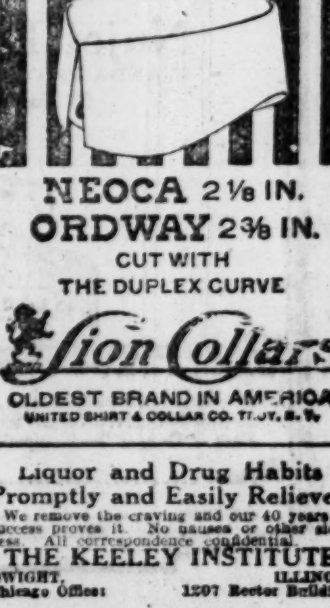
Winter overcoats now \$25  
YOU still have a chance to get a \$30, \$35 and \$40 winter overcoat or ulster at \$25

Carr's and Brooke's English Melton overcoats  
MADE by Hart Schaffner & Marx; full silk lined; we sold them at \$70; now at \$42.50

**Maurice L Rothschild**

Good clothes; nothing else  
Southwest Corner Jackson and State

Chicago  
Minneapolis  
St. Paul



Liquor and Drug Habits Promptly and Easily Relieved. We remove the craving and cure 40 years of success proves it. No nausea or other sickness. THE KEELEY INSTITUTE. BUREAU, 1207 North Dearborn. Chicago Office: 1207 North Dearborn.



## LAWYER PRAISES "TRIBUNE" PROBE OF FUNERAL COST

Poor Will Save Thousands  
as Result, Writes a  
Fraternal Counsel.

Tenth Article on the High Cost of  
Funerals in Chicago.

Letters to THE TRIBUNE on the sub-  
ject of the high cost of funerals in  
Chicago contain valuable suggestions  
and interesting comment.

Arthur D. Fulton, attorney in the  
Conway building, writes:

"The articles which you published  
relating to the 'high cost of dying'  
will be the cause of saving many thou-  
sands of dollars to the poor people of  
Chicago.

"I am general counsel for one of  
the largest of the fraternal beneficiary  
societies, and many of our certificates  
call for benefits of only a few hundred  
dollars, and it is no rare thing to hear  
of a case where the benefits amount  
to only \$300 and the funeral expenses  
are fully that if not more.

Families Destitute: Bill \$550.

"I became familiar with the amount  
charged by the undertakers through  
the handling of the proofs of loss and  
the payment of benefits through the  
Chicago office, and I think that the rule  
is that the funeral expenses will run  
from \$275 to \$350. I have heard of a  
number of cases where the expenses  
were as much as \$550, and these you  
will bear in mind are cases where the  
people are left practically destitute on  
account of the death of the head of the  
family.

"The great benefit of your articles  
to the people lies in the fact that they  
clearly show that where the under-  
takers know they cannot get any  
more than \$100, they can give a credit-  
able funeral for that sum of money.  
We are thinking of having your articles  
published and furnishing them to our  
members. I cannot speak too highly  
of the foresight and enterprise of THE  
TRIBUNE in showing up this matter."

Letter from Undertaker.

John T. Chruska, funeral director  
at 3410 West Twenty-sixth street,  
wrote:

"I have been connected with the un-  
dertaking profession for sixteen years.  
It is not always the undertaker who  
is to blame for the high cost of fu-  
nerals. I will admit that there are  
many undesirable ones among them,

## RED CROSS BURIAL FOR SOLDIER COSTS FROM \$75 TO \$150

THE government allows \$100 for  
the burial of a soldier. The home  
service department of the Red  
Cross has often been called on to  
arrange for these funerals in Chicago  
or for shipment.

"Where we get to the undertaker  
first we can get a funeral at a reason-  
able cost," said Mrs. Biggs, head of  
the department. "Where members of  
the family make the arrangements the  
cost runs higher. Our bills for such  
service run from \$75 to \$150.

"I investigated the case of a Cro-  
atian family where the father had  
died and the widow was left with a  
big family of children. There was  
\$1,000 insurance, and the bill for the  
funeral was \$700. The father had be-  
longed to a fraternal lodge, and mem-  
bers of this lodge told the widow it was  
the American custom to have bands at  
funerals and that her children would  
be hooded at unless she had a band.  
The lodge hired out the band."

whose methods of doing business is  
undignified. The advertising of the  
so-called cheap undertakers is noth-  
ing but a catch for the public.

"If the undertaker had to handle a  
funeral, prepare for burial, transfer  
the body, give mourning service, with  
a \$30 casket which cost \$25, he could  
not expect to make a living. The em-  
balming and preparation of the dead  
is what counts. Undertakers should  
charge a reasonable price for this,  
which is really their profession. Cas-  
ket selling should be only a side line.  
The undertaker has no profit from  
cemetery lots, graves, livery, bands,  
etc.

"As for the people spending money  
foolishly, here are two examples:

"Widow with four children, oldest  
nine years, had \$500 insurance. I told  
her to save as much as possible for her  
children, and gave her a neat funeral  
at cost. At the funeral I was surprised  
to see a band of twenty musicians.  
They played at the home, on the street,  
and at the cemetery—cost \$105. She  
paid a photographer \$25 for a picture  
of the procession and casket. She  
erected a monument for \$150. When  
this widow had paid the grocer, she  
had to go to work to pay the funeral  
bill. I asked her why she spent her  
money for such nonsense, and she said  
her friends coaxed her into it.

"A man died at the tuberculosis san-  
itarium, a mile away from the ceme-  
tery. I offered to bury the same from  
the cemetery chapel for \$25, as the  
widow had three small children. There  
was nothing doing. I had to bring the  
body home, give him a casket and  
a costly funeral. There was no  
insurance. The widow said she would  
rather work and pay the bill."

## SPIRITED FIGHT IS PROMISED IN BENCH ELECTION

National Issue Appears  
in Fourth Supreme  
District Contest.

BY H. O. PHILLIPS.

Springfield, Ill., March 10.—[Special.]  
Injection of national politics as an  
issue since the adjournment of con-  
gress, has tended to arouse interest in  
the special election of a justice of the  
Illinois Supreme court in the Fourth  
district.

The election follows upon the resig-  
nation of former Justice George A.  
Cooke, Democrat, of Alton, and will  
be held Tuesday, April 1. The nomi-  
nees are George H. Wilson of Quincy,  
Republican, and Floyd E. Thompson  
of Rock Island, Democrat.

This is the district in which two  
Democrats have been elected in terri-

tory that normally is heavily Repub-  
lican. Justice Guy C. Scott of Alton  
was elected in 1903, defeating the  
then Republican Justice, Joseph N.  
Carter of Quincy. Justice George A.  
Cooke of Alton, also a Democrat, later  
defeated Milton McClure of Beard-  
stown. In June, 1912, Justice Cooke  
was reelected.

Nominated at Bushnell.

At the recent Republican judicial  
convention in Bushnell George H. Wil-  
son of Quincy was nominated over  
Judge F. L. Wood of Rock Island,  
Claude E. Chipfield of Canton, Judge  
W. T. Church of Alton, and Judge C. A.  
Martin of Virginia. One week later  
Floyd E. Thompson of Rock Island was  
made the Democratic nominee. Charles  
J. Scofield of Carthage declined to be a  
candidate.

Within the last week the national po-  
litical angle has developed among both  
Republicans and Democrats. While  
the result may not be directly reflective  
of the state of feeling with respect to  
the league of nations, reports from  
the district indicate that the returns  
may have significance as a certain  
raiser for state and national politics in  
1920.

Was Dry Floor Leader.

Mr. Wilson is one of the well known  
lawyers of western Illinois. He was

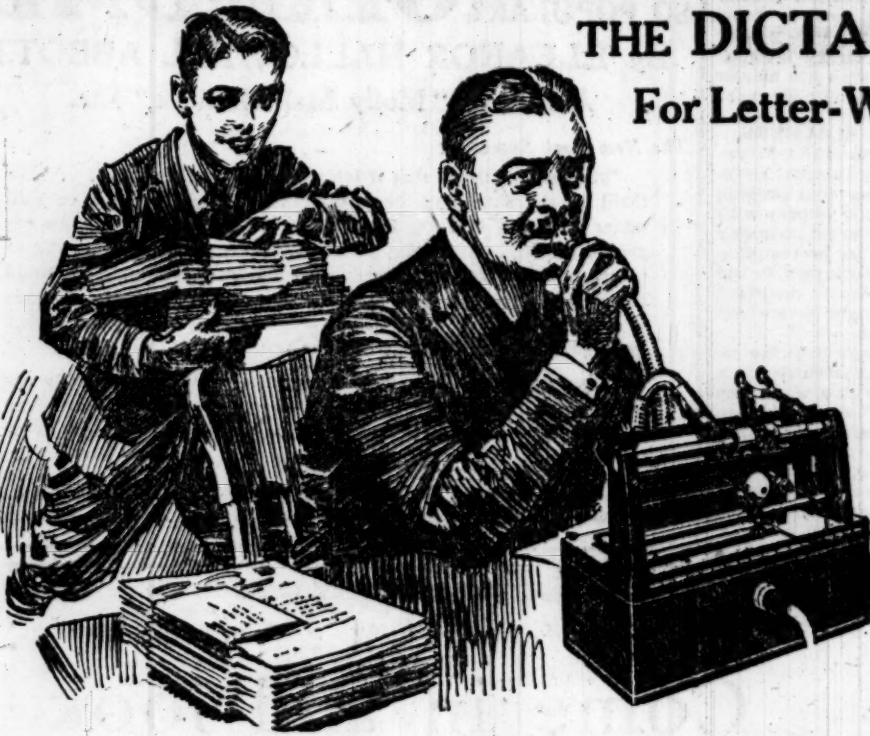
a member of the Illinois legislature for  
several terms and became one of its  
recognized leaders. He was in charge  
of the legislation backed by the Anti-  
Carter of Quincy. Justice George A.  
Cooke of Alton, also a Democrat, later  
defeated Milton McClure of Beard-  
stown. In June, 1912, Justice Cooke  
was reelected.

Mr. Thompson was born and reared  
on a farm in Greene county. He began  
his professional career in his home  
county and moved to East Moline in  
1911. In 1912 he was nominated for  
state's attorney of Rock Island county  
and was elected by a plurality of 293  
votes, the first Democrat to be elected  
to that office in Rock Island county.  
He was reelected in 1916, running nearly  
8,000 votes ahead of the normal Dem-  
ocratic vote.

The fact that the special election is  
to be held simultaneously with the  
township elections in the fourteen  
counties of the district is held by the  
Republicans to augur well for Mr. Wil-  
son.

Register today unless you registered  
last fall or you cannot vote on Tues-  
day, April 1. Polls open from 8 a. m.  
until 9 p. m.

## THE DICTAPHONE For Letter-Writing



It's Always Ready—Saves Time

You can dictate to The Dictaphone any  
time of the day or night you're ready.

It's so scientifically simple that you use it  
like you use the telephone—just slip the re-  
ceiver off the hook and talk.

Because it's the most convenient letter-  
writing system, The Dictaphone gives you twice  
as many letters per day, at one-third the cost.

15-Minute Demonstration

To convince yourself that The Dictaphone is  
convenient, have The Dictaphone Man call to-  
day with his machine and give you a 15-minute  
demonstration on your work. That's all it takes—  
15 minutes. Phone or write.

## THE DICTAPHONE

Registered in the U. S. and Foreign Countries  
Phone Randolph 2771 Call at 814 No. American Bldg., Chicago

Branch Offices also located in the following cities:  
Rockford, Ill. South Bend, Ind. Sioux City, Iowa Des Moines, Iowa Chicago, Wis.  
Danville, Ill. Des Moines, Iowa Waterloo, Iowa Omaha, Nebraska Milwaukee, Wis.  
There is but one Dictaphone, trademarked "The Dictaphone" made and merchandised by the Columbia Graphophone Co.  
"The Shortest Route to the Mail-Change"



More Than 1000 Coal Dealers  
Use the Autocar

Chassis  
\$2050

A two-ton load on a 97-inch wheel base, small turn-  
ing radius, easy handling in close quarters, automatic  
power-lift body, quick discharge and quick getaway—  
that is what is making the Autocar the popular truck  
with coal dealers.

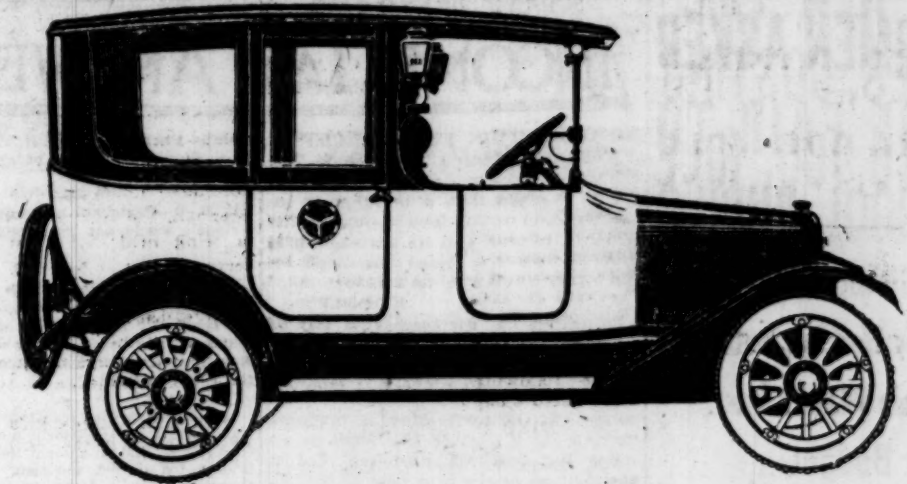
The Wilcox Company, of Chicago, has found  
that it not only operates economically, but can be  
depended on in all emergencies of road and weather.

The new Chicago factory branch  
building of The Autocar Company is the  
most complete truck service station in  
the country. It assures after-sale service  
to Autocar owners.

THE AUTOCAR SALES & SERVICE COMPANY  
913-25 W. Jackson Boulevard Chicago

## Autocar

The Autocar Company, Ardmore, Pa. Established 1897



## The Yellow Cab Company Has No Labor-Wars Why?

Every employee of the Yellow Cab Company is getting  
that part of our success to which he is entitled. He is putting a part  
in his bank. He is building a home, sending his children to school, and giving the  
family luxuries that they never had hoped to enjoy.

That is the only way to solve the world-old fight between  
Capital and Labor. Give your helpers what they are entitled to—and  
a little bit more—and you will never have labor difficulties. We never have them  
because we solved the problem this way a long time ago.

With this problem solved as we have solved it, there is no  
doubt about absolute efficiency. And the public is the direct benefi-  
ciary of this advanced condition.

We—the officers—are not keeping all the profits of this  
company. What's more, we don't WANT them all. We give part of  
them to our employees, not because there is any law on the subject, but because  
they contribute to our success and we choose to think they are entitled to them.

We recognize our employees' moral rights and their ac-  
tual rights. And they know that we recognize them.

Big business men in this city will tell you, if you ask them,  
that the Yellow Cab Company is the soundest institution of its kind  
in the world and one of the big reasons is that it gives its employees their part of  
its success.

We treat our men as individuals. We transact our business  
with them direct. There are no middlemen. Every man here stands  
on his own merits and as soon as he makes good WE make good. We give him  
his share of the success.

Now let's see you beat that plan.



The Yellow Cab Co.  
PHONE  
CALUMET 6000

"THE GREATEST OF MODERN NOVELS"

## THE FOUR HORSEMEN OF THE APOCALYPSE

JOHN WALCOTT says in the March Bookman:

"CLEARLY, FOR A VAST NUMBER OF US, IT HAS SUC-  
CEDED IN BRINGING SOME SORT OF MENTAL AND  
MORAL ORDER OUT OF THE DREADFUL WORLD-CHAOS  
OF THE PAST FEW YEARS."

The Shadow of the Cathedral

Both are by V. BLASCO IBANEZ Each, net \$1.50  
For Sale Wherever Books Are Sold E. P. DUTTON & CO. 681 Fifth Ave. New York

RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Ocean Travel.

(a) SOUTH AMERICA

Regular Sailings

From ENGLAND to

BRAZIL AND ARGENTIN

By the R. M. S. P. & N. Line

Mail Steamers

(b) Central America

(c) The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.

(d) The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.

(e) The Nelson Line

SOUTH AFRICA

BY

UNION-CASTLE LINE

SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts.

227 S. La Salle St., Chicago

Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent

HOLLAND AMERICA

LINE

NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM

via PLYMOUTH and HAVRE

S. S. NEW AMSTERDAM, Mar. 26

S. S. NOORDAM, April 9

For fares and further information apply

Gen'l Passenger Office, 130 N. La Salle St. Chicago

RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Ocean Travel.

CUNARD

ANCHOR

ANCHOR-DONALDSON

New York-Boston-St. John to Southampton

London-Liverpool-Singapore-Brisbane

New York to Southampton

Mauritania Mar. 12

Caronia Mar. 19

Aquilonia Mar. 26

Orduna Apr. 2

ST. JOHN TO GLASGOW

Mar. 12

Saturnia Mar. 19

For all information apply to

COMPANY'S OFFICES, CUNARD BLDG.

S. W. Cor. Dearborn and Randolph Streets

Telephone Central 5000

SOUTH AMERICA

ROYAL HOLLAND LLOYD

T. S. S. "HOLLANDIA"

SAILING MARCH 25

From NEW YORK for PERAMBICO,

BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS,

MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AIRES.

For Rates, Reservations, Etc., Apply to

PASSENGER OFFICE, 2 BATTERY PLACE, N. Y.

or Local Agents

AUSTRALIA

NEW ZEALAND—SOUTH SEAS

Via Tahiti and Honolulu. Mail passenger

service from San Francisco every 28 days.

ENJOY A. C. CO. OF NEW ZEALAND

230 California Street San Francisco

or Local Steamship and Railroad Agencies

RESORTS—FOREIGN.

Ocean Travel.

AMERICAN LINE

PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL

Haverford, Mar. 28 Northland, Apr. 11

WHITE STAR LINE

OLYMPIC N. Y. Southampton Mar. 29

NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL

Adriatic, Mar. 19 Lapland, Apr. 11

Cretic, Mar. 29 Megantic, Apr. 11

Baltic, Mar. 29 Adriatic, Apr. 11

And Regular Thereafter

F. C. BROWN, Western Passenger Agent

14 North Dearborn St., Chicago

Telephone Randolph 6054

SCANDINAVIAN

AMERICAN

Denmark

Norway Sweden

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

Switzerland

FOUR NEW  
HOUSES, CO  
\$140,000

Fifth Building at  
nearly Ready,  
One Wants

BY OSCAR E. H.  
Unused, unequipped, an  
stand four new fire engi  
Chicago.

The four represent a  
—or rather a deteriorat-  
count without interest—  
and a fifth house—  
tically completed addi-  
The cash for all was  
bonds pay interest on the  
twenty years.

One of the quartet h-  
idle for more than three  
the three others have b-  
occupancy for a period  
year. Lack of money is  
reason.

In that time they have  
ized for anything—except  
source of supply for bus-  
\$40 Weekly

But since the thefts t-  
have been replaced, a  
watchman employed a  
chased to prevent the s-  
freezing. For each hou-  
officially estimated the  
spending \$40 a week to  
able parts of each struc-  
The contractors have  
ing for more than a ye-

buildings over to the  
the city was inclined  
buildings. City Archite-  
he would accept them an-  
to free Marshall O'Con-  
him the beautiful new  
Tom" balked.

"But I have no fire t-  
he would accept them an-  
to free Marshall O'Con-  
him the beautiful new  
Tom" balked.

"I'll hand them back-  
al. He finally succeede-  
with several little strin-  
the returned gift. The  
the contractor to keep  
repair; it must pay the  
the watchman and it m-  
tractor for the coal and  
pense.

The fire stations are  
lows: Engine, 1653 W.  
street, completed two  
truck, 1721 Springfield  
pleted 1721 months  
vard avenue and One  
Fourth street, com-  
months; truck, 112 Nor-  
new, completed twelve  
and engine, Fifty-four  
South Park avenue, ne-

The reason for the ne-  
first station can be trac-  
influence of a certain  
the council finance co-  
fire engine house in  
was old and dilapidate-  
had approved of a bond  
alderman wanted a slice  
so he had the city buy a  
yards and erect a fire  
about that time the  
brought to the attention  
Packers' Donator

"If my only profit is a  
new station," said the  
fact, "we will gladly bu-  
station in Chicago free  
and donate its use to y-  
And they have—so w-

Men's

All the  
from ou  
and ma

The  
priate  
ught

Models f  
styles, fu  
conserva  
of trustw

Pruden







## THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF THEODORE ROOSEVELT

(Continued from yesterday.)

## INSTALLMENT L.

Copyright, 1919: By the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.

I have been a foreign and domestic affairs since the policy pursued during my administration was simple. In foreign affairs the principle from which we never deviated was to have the nation behave toward other nations precisely as a strong, honorable, and upright man behaves in dealing with his fellowmen. There is no such thing as international law in the sense that there is municipal law or law within a nation. Within the nation there is always a judge, and a policeman who stands back of the judge.

The whole system of law depends, first, upon the fact that there is a judge competent to pass judgment; and, second, upon the fact that there is some competent officer whose duty it is to carry out this judgment, by force if necessary. In international law there is no judge, unless the parties in interest agree that one shall be constituted; and there is no policeman to carry out the judge's orders. In consequence, as yet each nation must depend upon itself for its own protection.

## The Case of China.

The frightful calamities that have befallen China, solely because she has had no power of self-defense, ought to make it inexcusable in any wise American citizen to pretend to patriotic pride and yet to fail to insist that the United States shall keep in a condition of ability if necessary to assert its rights with a strong hand. It is folly of the criminal type for the nation to keep up its navy, not to fortify its vital strategic points, and not to provide an adequate army for its needs.

On the other hand, it is wicked for the nation to fail in either justice, courtesy, or consideration when dealing with any other power, big or little. John Hay was secretary of state when I became president, and continued to serve under me until his death, and his and my views as to the attitude that the nation should take in foreign affairs were identical, both as regards our duty to be able to protect ourselves against the strong and as regards our duty always to act not only justly, but generously toward the weak. John Hay was one of the most delightful of companions, one of the most charming of all men of cultivation and action. Our views on foreign affairs coincided absolutely; but, as was natural enough, in domestic matters he felt much more conservative than he did in the days when as a young man he was private secretary to the great radical democratic leader of the '60s, Abraham Lincoln. He was fond of jesting with me about my supposedly dangerous tendencies in favor of labor against capital.

When I was inaugurated on March 4, 1905, I wore a ring he sent me the evening before, containing the hair of Abraham Lincoln. This ring was on my finger when the chief justice administered to me the oath of allegiance to the United States. I often thereafter told John Hay that when I wore such a ring on such an occasion I found myself more than ever to treat the constitution, after the manner of Abraham Lincoln, as a document which put human rights above property rights when the two conflicted. The last Christmas John Hay was alive he sent me the manuscript of a Norse saga by William Morris, with the following note:

"Christmas Eve, 1904."

"Dear Theodore: In your quality of Viking this Norse saga should belong to you, and in your character of elf my property this Mr. of William Morris will appeal to you. Wishing you a

merry Christmas and many happy years, I am yours affectionately, "JOHN HAY."

## Had No Definite Schemes.

In internal affairs I cannot say that I entered the presidency with any deliberately planned and far-reaching scheme of social betterment. I had, however, certain strong convictions; and I was on the lookout for every opportunity of realizing these convictions. I was bent upon making the government the most efficient possible instrument in helping the people of the United States to better themselves in every way, politically, socially, and industrially. I believed with all my heart in real and thoroughgoing democracy, and I wished to make this democracy industrial as well as political, although I had only partially formulated the methods I believed we should follow.

I believed in the people's rights, and, therefore, in national rights and states' rights just exactly, to the degree in which they severally secured popular participation in the exercise of the national power with absolute freedom for every national need; and I believed that the constitution should be treated as the greatest document ever devised by the wit of man to aid a people in exercising every power necessary for its own betterment, and not as a straitjacket cunningly fashioned to strangle growth. As for the particular methods of realizing these various beliefs, I was content to wait and see what method might be necessary in each given case as it arose; and I was certain that the cases would arise fast enough.

As the time for the presidential nomination of 1904 drew near, it became evident that I was strong with the rank and file of the party, but that there was much opposition to me among many of the big political leaders, and especially among many of the Wall street men. A group of these men met in conference to organize this opposition. It was to be done with complete secrecy. But such secrets are very hard to keep. I speedily knew all about it, and took my measures accordingly. The big men in question, who possessed much power so long as they could work under cover, or so long as they were merely throwing their weight one way or the other between forces fairly evenly balanced, were quite helpless when fighting in the open by themselves.

## Big Business in Politics.

I never found out that anything practical was even attempted by most of the men who took part in the conference. Three or four of them, however, did attempt something. The head of one big business corporation attempted to start an effort to control the delegations from New Jersey, North Carolina, and certain gulf states against me. The head of a great railway system made preparations for a more ambitious effort looking towards the control of the delegations from Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, and California against me. He was a very powerful man financially, but his power politically was much more limited, and he did not really understand his own limitations or the situation itself, whereas I did. He could not have secured a delegate against me from Iowa, Nebraska, or Kansas. In Colorado and California he could have made a fight, but even there I think he would have been completely beaten. However, long before the time for the convention came round it was recognized that it was hopeless to make any opposition to my nomination. The effort was abandoned and I was nominated unanimously. Judge Parker nominated by the Democrats against me. Practically all the metropolitan newspapers of largest circulation were against me. In New York City fifteen out of every sixteen copies of papers issued were hostile to me. I won by a popular majority of about two million and a half, and in the electoral college carried 330 votes against 136. It was by far the largest popular majority ever hitherto given any presidential candidate.

The two term custom. My opponents during the campaign had laid much stress upon my supposed personal ambition and intention to use this office of president to perpetuate myself in power. I did not say anything on the subject prior to the election, as I did not wish to say anything that could be construed into a promise offered as a consideration in order to secure votes. But on election night, after the returns were in, I issued the following statement: "The wise custom which limits the president to two terms regards the substance and not the form, and under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination."

The reason for my choice of the exact phraseology used was twofold. In the first place, many of my supporters were insisting that, as I had served only three and a half years of my first term, coming in from the vice presidency when President McKinley was killed, I had really had only one and a half years of the term, so that the third term custom did not apply to me; and I wished to repudiate this suggestion. I believed then, and I believe now, that the third term custom or tradition to be wholesome, and therefore, I was determined to regard its substance, refusing to quibble over the words usually employed to express it.

On the other hand, I did not wish simply and specifically to say that I would not be a candidate for the nomination in 1908, because if I had specified the year when I would not be a candidate it would have been widely accepted as meaning that I intended to be a candidate some other year; and I had no such intention, and had no idea that I would ever be a candidate again. Certain newspaper men did ask me if I intended to apply my prohibition in 1912, and I answered that I was not thinking of 1912, nor of 1920, nor of 1940, and that I must decline to say anything whatever except what appeared in my statement.

(Continued tomorrow.)

## Real Estate Man Fails with Debts of \$391,925

Claud E. Anderson, a real estate broker having offices at 35 South Dearborn street, filed a voluntary petition of bankruptcy in the United States District court yesterday, scheduling liabilities of \$391,925, of which, he claims, \$379,979 is secured. His principal creditors are listed as Arnold Hollinger & Co., \$75,000, protected by real estate valued at \$153,000, and Emil L. Weber, to whom he claims to owe \$240,000, backed by real estate security worth \$440,000.

## GRAHAM TO HEAD DEPARTMENT OF WAR INQUIRIES

Illinois Member Chosen Chairman of Committee on Expenditures.

(BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.)

Washington, D. C., March 10. (Special.)—Investigation of the war department in the next house will be handled under the direction of Representative Graham of Illinois. This was determined by the Republican committee on committees today when Mr. Graham was elected chairman of the standing committee on expenditures in the war department.

Mr. Graham, who was not the ranking member on the committee but was given the place after another and senior member had been transferred, is starting his second term in the house. He represents the Rock Island district, his home being at Alledo.

Assignments for Illinois. The complete list of committee assignments of the twenty-two Republicans from Illinois as it now stands, subject to revision, follows: Madden—Postoffice and post roads. Mann—No committee assignment. Wilson—Agriculture.

Juhl—Rivera and harbors. Britten—Naval affairs. Chisholm—Merchant marine and fisheries; public buildings and grounds. Copley—Ways and means.

Keller—Chairman, invalid pensions; member, insular affairs. McKelzie—Military affairs. Graham—Chairman, expenditures in war department.

Ireland—Chairman, accounts; member, claims and coinage, weights and measures. Smith—Foreign affairs. McKinley—Agriculture. Cannon—Appropriations. Wheeler—Chairman, railways and canals; member, District of Columbia. Rodenberg—Chairman, flood control; member, rules. Brooks—Public buildings and grounds. Williams—Chairman, expenditures in department of commerce; member, roads and invalid pensions. Mason—Foreign affairs. Yates—Judiciary.

For Minor Chairmanships. Among those elected today for minor chairmanships were Little of Kansas for the committee on the revision of the laws; Smith of Idaho for alcoholic liquor traffic; Goodall of Maine for elections No. 2, and Dowell of Iowa for elections No. 3.

## POPE CONFIRMS U. S. CHURCHMEN

ROME, March 10.—Pope Benedict held a consistory today and confirmed the American bishops and archbishops appointed by brief since the last consistory, granting the pallium to the new American archbishops. In his allocution the pope expressed the hope that the new arrangement of the world would be inspired by sentiments of justice and fairness, capable of bringing about a true and lasting peace.

## CHILD GETS SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH, IF CONSTIPATED

Look at tongue! Then give fruit laxative for stomach, liver, bowels.

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm children and they love it.



Mother! Your child isn't naturally cross and peevish. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign the little stomach, liver and bowels need a cleansing at once.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomach-ache, diarrhea, remember, a gentle liver and bowel cleansing should always be the first treatment given.

Nothing equals "California Syrup of Figs" for children's ill; give a teaspoonful, and in a few hours all the foul waste, sour bile and fermenting food which is clogged in the bowels passes out of the system, and you have a well and playful child again. All children love this harmless, delicious "fruit laxative," and it never fails to effect a good "inside" cleansing. Directions for babies, children of all ages, and grown-ups are plainly on the bottle.

Keep it handy in your home. A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

California Fig Syrup Co., San Francisco, Cal., Wheeling, W. Va.

—and for You Doctors—



## Elgin Strap Watch

"If anybody watches his time any closer than I do," says the Doctor, "I'd like to know who he is."

"My time is my capital. Every minute must count. My profession, like a successful business, has to run on schedule—and my Elgin Strap Watch is a sure antidote for missed appointments."

"I like the black dial with luminous figures—because when necessary I can consult my Elgin with turning up the lights and disturbing the patient."

"In adopting this handy extra watch, I am simply following the example set by successful men in many other walks of life."

Genuine black-dial Elgins—100% American. Once a fad—now an essential.

Handy in winter, when gloves and overcoat make fumbling in your pocket clumsy and unsafe.

Handy in summer, when you wear no vest and half the time no coat.

"Pershing" "Kitchener" "Foch" Cushion shape. Heavy pigskin strap. Nickel - \$21 Gold-filled or Silver - \$25 Square shape. Wide pigskin strap. Nickel - \$20 Gold-filled or Silver - \$23 Round shape (see watch on wrist). Khaki or pigskin strap. Nickel - \$18.50 Gold-filled or Silver - \$21.00

Now at your jeweler's. Take your choice of the above popular styles of case and strap.

Whatever your age or occupation, you need an Elgin Strap Watch. Wear one a week and you'd feel lost without—



## "The Handy Extra Watch for Men"

## EDUCATIONAL. EDUCATIONAL.

## Northwestern University

EVANSTON CHICAGO The third term of the College of Liberal Arts begins March 31. Courses of study arranged to meet the needs of men returning from camps. Summer School opens June 23.

## LAW SCHOOL

The third term of the Law School begins March 31, and will include a course in Federal Taxation. Increased requirements for admission and graduation in the Law School will become effective Sept. 1, 1919.

For information address THOMAS F. HOLTGATE, President ad interim NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY BUILDING LAKE AND DEARBORN STREETS, CHICAGO PHONE RANDOLPH 473

## Learn French

The practical course offered by means of Victor Records enables the student to express his wants in correct language, and forms the basis of perfect pronunciation.

Set consists of three double-faced records in waterproof case and two duplicate booklets (so that two people may study together). Price, \$3.00. Come and hear them.

## Lyon &amp; Healy

Wabash Ave., at Jackson

## EDUCATIONAL.

## School of Commerce

## Courses Now Opening

Practical Speaking, Mon., Mar. 17  
Memory, Wed., Mar. 19  
Bonds and Investments, Wed., Mar. 26  
Principles of Acctg., Tues., April 1

For further information in any of these courses, write or call for bulletin.

Central Institute 19 S. La Salle St. Central 6789

## MOVIE CAMERA MEN

EARN \$50 TO \$100 WEEKLY. Learn Moving Picture Photography. Instruction by famous Chicago cameramen in large photographic studio. Day and evening classes.

## THE CINEMA INSTITUTE

58 W. Randolph St.

## Burroughs &amp; Comptometer

Instruction DAY AND EVENING CLASSES

IYA MAY SAMPSON, Room 405, 327 South La Salle Street Harrison 1717

## STAMMER NO MORE

Re-educate the key. My remarkable book—"How to Stop Stammering"—taught on record of 10 cents. Make no mistake. Try with me. Phone Central 425.

The Hatfield Institute, 109 N. Dearborn St., Chicago

## COMPTOMETER

Adding Machine School. Operator Earn Good Salaries. Day and Evening Classes.

EDWARD C. WARNER 14 E. Jackson Blvd. Phone Wabash 582

## STUDY SHORTHAND AT DE PAUL UNIVERSITY

START NOW. For catalog, call phone (Rand. 3160) or write Dept. 708, 708 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

## CORTINA LANGUAGE RECORDS

teach Spanish, French, or Italian. Personal instruction at our academy included, without extra charge. CORTINA ACADEMY, Suite 819 McClure Bldg., 218 S. Wabash Ave.

## ACCOUNTING

Cost—C. P. A. or Executive

Learn the best paying profession by Quick, Sure, Spare Time training under the supervision of a large staff of prominent practicing certified public accountants. No bookkeeping experience necessary.

Accepted applicants guaranteed satisfaction. Low tuition; easy terms; home study. For free book call, write or phone Randolph 3850. Open evenings.

Theo. Walliser, Registrar International Accountants Society 115 First National Bank Bldg., Chicago

## BRYANT &amp; STRATTON

CHICAGO'S MOST HELPFUL BUSINESS COLLEGE

Established 63 Years. Endorsed by 100,000 Graduates DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS

START NOW. Call, telephone (Randolph 1573), or write Principal for catalog.

The college occupies the 10th, 11th and 12th floors, Lake View Building, 116 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago

## SCHOOL OF DOMESTIC ARTS AND SCIENCE

Classes now forming in Menu Preparation, Pastry, Table Service, Food Values, etc.

For WOMEN OF EXPERIENCE—Courses in Cooking (includes menus for teas, luncheons, dinners, etc.) and Candy Making. Call, write or phone (Central 5182-5191) Director, Box 8, 8 North La Salle Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

## SUCCESS SHORTHAND

Individual expert instruction with system. Four efficiency and your pay. Enter now. Day and Eve. sessions. Free catalog. 804, 804, SUCCESS SCHOOL, 723 Central Bldg.

## Languages

BERLITZ SCHOOL 120 N. La Salle St. Phone 421

## GREER COLLEGE OF MOTORING

1519 WABASH

## GREGG SHORTHAND

SAVES TIME AND MONEY. Day and Night Sessions. Start Now. GREGG SCHOOL, 8 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Two-year course for men and women. Athletics, games, etc. Scientific training. Accredited. Term begins September 1. American College of Physical Education, Dept. T., 4200 Grand Boulevard, Chicago

## Texas Senate

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit

Austin, Tex., Mar. 10. House of Texas passed a bill today to prohibit the sale of

Willard-Dempsey was held in Texas when the senate was providing an athletic

Bill to Prohibit



# THORPE DEFEATS WHITE IN 10-ROUNDER IN PEORIA

## CLINCHING MARS WORK OF BOXERS; NO HARD PUNCHES

Aggressiveness Earns Kansas City Boy Honors of Contest.

### "Tribune" Decisions

Decisions of "Tribune" representatives are:

At Peoria—Harvey Thorpe beat Charlie White (10).

At Philadelphia—Frankie Brown beat Johnny White (10).

At Kansas City—Harvey Thorpe beat Charlie White (10).

At St. Louis—Harvey Thorpe beat Charlie White (10).

At St. Paul—Harvey Thorpe beat Charlie White (10).

At Minneapolis—Harvey Thorpe beat Charlie White (10).

At Detroit—Harvey Thorpe beat Charlie White (10).

At Chicago—Harvey Thorpe beat Charlie White (10).

Peoria, Ill., March 10.—[Special.]—Harvey Thorpe of Kansas City won his newspaper decision over Charlie White of Chicago by a shade tonight in a ten round go. The bout was witnessed by nearly 3,000 fans.

It was a tame affair and was fought by almost constant clinching, despite the efforts of Referee Smith. Neither man scored a knockdown or an effective blow. Thorpe was the aggressor in most of the rounds.

Thorpe Carries Fight to White. They started mixing in the first round and Charlie landed once with his left to Thorpe's chin. When the round ended Thorpe was carrying the fight to White in White's corner. In the second round White started a great rally towards the end but couldn't get better than an even break. None of Thorpe's blows did much damage and White was fighting back. Some terrific blows were exchanged in the fourth, White trying with all his might to send his right to the proper spot, and while he connected with Thorpe's chin several times, he did not have the necessary effect.

Bombardment at Finish. The boys pulled a heavy bombardment in the ninth and tenth rounds, but their condition enabled them to stand the punching. Clinching was frequent and the referee had to break the fighters time and again. Both boys were fighting hard at the final gong.

### SOME ONE SHOULD MATCH TH' PAIR

The scene was Clark and Madison streets. The time was 6:45 p. m. last night.

Stewart Donnelly, lightweight boxer of Chicago Heights, Gary, Ind., and Tommy Gary, lightweight boxer, formerly of Chicago Heights, Gary, Ind., were seen in the streets. Donnelly, who had passed, left jabs, hooks, right crosses, swings, and everything known in boxing were flying through the air. It was some fight while it lasted. The cause of the mixup couldn't be learned, for Gary quickly disappeared when a couple of cops hove to and forced them to "break." Donnelly, however, was a bit of a scoundrel, refused to give his version.

This street battle was the second between the pair during the day. Between in the afternoon they met in the lobby of a hotel and started a row. They were ordered out of the hotel, only to resume hostilities in the open air later.

### SOUTH BEND ON PUGILISTIC MAP

South Bend, Ind., will hop onto the pugilistic map tonight with quite a little surprise by Pat Moore, Memphis heavyweight, who gained world-wide fame by winning a decision over Jimmy White in London.

Moore is to stack up against a chap who has a few seasons has been the big noise in Indiana. His name is Frankie Mason and his address, Port Wayne. Mason has been meeting everybody that his manager could find, and while the general opinion is that he is not quite the real thing, he has been successful with a couple of the spectators, he may surprise the doubters tonight, for he is a clever fighter.

It will be the first real show held in South Bend for a long time.

### NO DUNDEE MILL; BOXER FALLS ILL

Milwaukee, Wis., March 10.—[Special.]—Johnny Dundee wanted to fight Ritchie Mitchell tonight with a savage attack of tonsillitis, but he became too ill and the fight was called off. His temperature was 101. Dundee loses a profit of \$375 and the boxing promoters saw a \$5,000 house disappointed. Dundee is in bed.

### Johnny Kilbane Floored; Brown Wins by Big Shade

Philadelphia, Pa., March 10.—Frankie Brown of New York gained the popular decision over Johnny Kilbane, featherweight champion, in his six round bout tonight. In the third round Brown knocked the champion down with a left to the jaw and in nearly every round had the advantage.

### Texas Senate Votes Down Bill to Permit Boxing

Austin, Tex., March 10.—Lingering news of Texas sporting men that the legislature would pass a bill to permit boxing in Texas was disappointed today when the senate killed the boxing bill providing an athletic commission.

## THE GUMPS—ANDY'S A MILLIONAIRE AND HE DON'T KNOW IT.

IT HAS BEEN A HARD UP HILL BATTLE FOR UNCLE SAM—

THE OLD FLO HAS LEFT HIM PRETTY WEAK BUT HIS BANK ROLL REMAINS AS HEALTHY AS EVER

THE GUMPS HARDLY REALIZE HOW NEAR THEY CAME TO LOSING THEIR DEAR FRIEND AND NOW CLOSE THEY CAME TO HAVING OODLES OF WEALTH THRU UPON THEM

WELL—I LOOK PRETTY PALE—IT WAS A HARD SIEGE—I OWE IT ALL TO THAT LITTLE WIFE OF ANDY'S AND TO THEIR KIND TREATMENT THAT RECOVERED—A MAN NEVER KNOWS HOW LUCKY HE IS TO HAVE SUCH FRIENDS 'TILL HE'S TAKEN SICK IN A STRANGE LAND

ANDY—I'LL NEVER FORGET THE DEBT THAT I OWE YOU—AND YOUR LITTLE FAMILY—I TELL YOU MONEY COULD NEVER HAVE DONE WHAT THEY DID FOR ME—WEALTH—BANK—AND PEOPLE SEEK RICHES—I REALIZE NOW—HOW POOR I AM—WITH ALL MY MONEY—A BACHELOR—ALONE—AND YOU—YOU DON'T KNOW HOW WEALTHY YOU ARE

I TELL YOU—WITH A GOOD WOMAN LIKE MIN FOR A WIFE—YOU ARE TEN TIMES RICHER THAN THE RICHEST MILLIONAIRE THAT EVER WALKED THE STREETS—NO JEWEL CAN EVER COMPARE WITH HER—SHE'S WORTH MORE THAN ALL THE GOLD IN THE WORLD.

YEP—SHE'S A PEACH ALLRIGHT

## NEW LONDON TOSSERS SHOW FAST FORM IN A. A. U. BASKET MEET

Games Today

4 p. m.—Olympic club vs. Third Infantry.

5 p. m.—Clyde A. C. vs. Hebrew Institute.

7 p. m.—Aviation Club vs. Lake vs. Gary Independents.

8 p. m.—Hamlin Park girls vs. Hebrew Institute.

9 p. m.—Illinois A. C. vs. Edison A. C.

BY WALTER ECKERSALL.

Victory of Edison A. C. of New London, Wis., over Seward Park Meteors, 36 to 28, featured yesterday's opening games of the Central A. A. U. unlimited championship tournament at Guyon's Paradise.

New London came to Chicago with a great reputation and it lived up to all that has been said about it. Its combination play was a striking feature, short and long passes being used with equal success. Few attempts were made to cage the ball on long shots, the forwards generally receiving the ball under the net.

Watson Scores 26 Points.

The visitors outplayed the locals, although Earl Watson scored twenty-six of the points made by his team.

Illinois A. C., strengthened by the return of the veteran Peppard, recently discharged from the navy, showed a flash of the play which made it 1918 champion. The Tricolor defeated Hamlin Reserves, 37 to 23, and is expected to be a contender.

Military Teams Win.

Capt. Omer's Camp Grant team won off by itself in defeating Streator Y. M. C. A. Purples, 48 to 18. The soldiers, according to Capt. Omer, displayed better team work than in any game this season. Cadets from St. John's Military academy at Delafield, Wis., took an easy game from Independence Park, 32 to 8. Lincolns.

Afternoon Games.

New London, Wis., Seward Park (28).

Edison A. C. (36) vs. Hamlin (23).

Illinois A. C. (37) vs. Hamlin (23).

Edison A. C. (36) vs. Hamlin (23).

Illinois A. C. (37) vs. Hamlin (23).

Evening Games.

St. John's (32) vs. Independence (18).

Owen (30) vs. Shultz (10).

Shultz (10) vs. Shultz (10).

Larch (10) vs. Larch (10).

Cravall (10) vs. Jensen (10).

Jacob (10) vs. Larch (10).

Schultz (10) vs. Jensen (10).

Overholt (10) vs. Jensen (10).

Armand (10) vs. Jensen (10).

Jim Driscoll Winner Over Pedlar Palmer

LONDON, March 10.—Jim Driscoll and Pedlar Palmer, two old-time featherweights, met in the ring at Hoxton today. The fight was stopped by the referee in the fourth round, with Driscoll winner.

ARMY PROHIBITS CHAPLAINS' BOUT

NEW YORK, March 10.—[Special.]—Boxing has become such a popular sport among the American expeditionary forces in France that the enthusiasm has spread even to the army chaplains.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTIETH FIELD ARTILLERY, recently challenged the Rev. Charles Rodas, Three Hundred and Sixtieth M. P., for a ten round bout at the Palais de Glace in Paris. The "fighting persons" were all ready for the bout when orders came from the army authorities placing a ban on the bout.

## In the Wake of the News By RING W. LARDNER

ANTI-CLIMAX.

Chl. March 10.

And read the time table and it said the bird would come around the next time at 11:45 so I waited till 11:45 and sure enough he came to collect mail. So in the mean while I had bought a cigar that I was going to give him the minute he gave me the envelope. And the cigar cost \$15 and no hundreds. Well, he came as I say and I marched up to him and I said, "They're a whole lot more respects for it. Well, Harvey, here is what happened."

Well, Harvey, today I met several people and they all said they didn't care for what I had in the paper Sunday A. M. and I admitted that I didn't care much for it myself when I wrote it, but if they knew what that story went through before it got in the paper maybe they would have a whole lot more respects for it. Well, Harvey, here is what happened.

So I started downstairs to file that story. Well, you know how that filing is done. I merely stuck that story in an envelope and wrote "Mr. Lowry," the artist, on the outside so as he could draw pictures to it and I came downstairs with that story in my hand and also a letter to out of town parties with stamps on them and I was going to mail the ones with stamps on them and keep "Mr. Lowry" in my hand and subsequently stick him in the box where he could look for it, but just as I got to the mail shoot I ran into Pete Linzueta that I hadn't seen for 4 yrs. and whenever I meet a collector I can't help from stopping and asking them how they spell and especially a man that starts his name with 2 L's. I stopped and shook hands with Pete besides the mail shoot and the next thing you know I had dropped "Mr. Lowry" with no stamp or address on him in the mail shoot.

So the next thing was to go down and wait for Uncle Sam's mail collector and I went down on the first floor.

MISS R. DUGAN REACHES FINAL

Belleair Heights, Fla., March 10.—Miss Ruth Dugan of Chicago will meet Miss Helen Morrison of Pittsburgh in the finals of the women's championship.

Miss Dugan had a close match with Miss Edith Hopwood of Uniontown, Pa., today in the semi-finals, but managed to pull out the game after going to the fourteenth hole 1 down. She won this one and the long sixteenth and became one up. The match was here when Miss Hopwood missed a two foot putt on the seventeenth green.

Miss Ruth Dugan, Chicago, defeated Miss Edith Hopwood, Uniontown, Pa., 2 and 1. Miss Helen Morrison, Pittsburgh, defeated Mrs. T. R. Palmer, Erie, 3 and 2. Philadelphia, defeated Miss Hazel Ford, New York, 3 and 2. Miss Agnes Morrison, Pittsburgh, defeated Mrs. Peter Boyd, Philadelphia, 2 up.

RICKARD CHATS HERE OVER BOUT

Tex Rickard, who is promoting the July 4 scrap for the heavyweight championship between Jess Willard and Jack Dempsey, was a visitor in Chicago yesterday. His stay was brief. He arrived Sunday night and left at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon for New York.

The promoter has received several offers within the last week from foreign western states which would like to hold the contest. One is Nevada, where the legislature went over the governor's veto and legalized twenty-five round boxing. The other came from Idaho, which passed a bill permitting twenty round bouts. The most recent offer of \$100,000 from Idaho Falls didn't seem to arouse Rickard to any extent, for he said: "If I accepted that bid I would be a loser."

ZBYSKO FLOPS STECHER TWICE

Kansas City, Mo., March 10.—Wladek Zbyzsko, Polish aspirant to the heavyweight wrestling title, won from Joq Stecher of Dodge, Neb., after almost three hours of wrestling here tonight.

Stecher applied the body scissors and armhold, taking the first fall in 23:25. Zbyzsko came back savagely when they resumed and won the second fall with a reverse body hold in 21:48. He pinned the Nebraska boy for the deciding fall in 14:03.

STATCHES OFFBEAT ROGERS.

Ben Klischer of Schenemann's defeated Peter Rogers (45), 60 to 35, in eight-two minutes here tonight. Rogers was at Beninger's Washroom room. Capron and Le Gros will play at the Casino tonight.

## HYDE PARK BANTIES WIN ANOTHER, 28-11; W. P. GAINS A SPLIT

BY GEORGE SHAFFER.

Hyde Park banties ended the preliminary round in the central section with a clean slate, Evans being chief scorer in a 28 to 11 triumph over Phillips. Phillips split even in the double bill at Hyde Park, however, 12 to 5. The latter game put W. P. in the semi-finals along with Thiden. Lineup:

Phillips (12) vs. Hyde Park (12).

Hollman (12) vs. Landis (12).

Landis (12) vs. Smith (12).

Smith (12) vs. Dugan (12).

Dugan (12) vs. Kowalski (12).

Kowalski (12) vs. Kowalski (12).

Free throws missed—Kowalski, 1; Smith, 2.

BANTAMWEIGHTS

Hyde Park (28) vs. Phillips (11).

Price (12) vs. Sacks (12).

Evans (12) vs. White (12).

White (12) vs. Mayer (12).

Mayer (12) vs. Fisher (12).

Fisher (12) vs. Fisher (12).

Free throws missed—Evans, 1; Sacks, 4.

Western Section

McKinley beat a chance to re-statement in the western section semifinals by trimming Marshall, 24 to 13, at 11:45. Marshall scored 13 points, and Sullivan and Keston equally prominent by their play.

Northern Section

The 1918 champion Lane beat a record by defeating Walker, 24 to 13, at 11:45. Lane scored 24 points, and Sullivan and Keston equally prominent by their play.

SHOTS ON THE LINKS

LESS than three weeks ago the New Evanston Golf club had a waiting list of twenty-three and a membership limit of 250. It was decided to increase the limit to 400, and these additional memberships were snapped up so quickly there are now thirty-two on the waiting list. Probably no club in this country can boast of a better record in such a short space of time.

David Stevens, who was with the Mohawk club of Schenectady for eight years, will be at Manitowish this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. John L. Miller of the Evanston Golf club, announced the arrival of a nine and one-half pound boy, who has been christened John Russell Miller.

The late Charles E. Van Loan, California journalist, was an ardent golfer. A few years ago he broke his left wrist in an automobile accident. The bones refused to knit and he had to play golf with his right arm. After a short time he was about eight strokes better than when he used both arms. Sympathetic opponents who allowed him a little extra handicap on account of the injury generally were taken into consideration.

J. R. McKee, the Beverly player, was defeated in the second round of the White House trophy tournament at Bloxi by Dr. W. B. James of Port Huron, Mich., won by 2 up.

VICTORY PROSPERITY

Points 3½ Back 2½

Two heights in a smart roll front style

arey London Cigarettes

have exclusively

Lincoln Unbreakable Bottoms

Geo. P. Ide & Co., Makers, TRIST, N. Y.

## Woods and Waters by LARRY L. JOHNS

QUESTIONS THEY ASK.

CHICAGO.—[To the Editor.]—(1) Is it true that the laws of Wisconsin prohibit the use of wooden baits with more than three hooks? (2) In counting hooks is a treble counted as one or as three? (3) Are single hooks on wooden baits a success? Do they hook the fish as well? (4) Do you think that wooden baits injure more fish than the still fishermen with worms? T. U. S.

Answers.—(1) The present laws carry no such restrictions; the legislature now in session may have passed such a law. We haven't heard about it yet. (2) No, more than three hooks on any bait. (3) A treble hook is counted as three to use in hooking a fish, but if the angler does his part they hook and hold better than single hooks. (4) No, we believe still fishing is far more decent, but that's about all against still fishing in general.

Pekin, Ill.—[To the Editor.]—(1) Isn't it a fact that the migratory bird law has been declared unconstitutional? (2) I intend to shoot ducks this spring. Who is going to stop me? R. E.

Answers.—(1) No; if it were it has nothing to do with the present migratory bird law. (2) Perhaps you haven't noticed that state warblers will enforce the law this year. You haven't noticed that the present year carries no spring season like it did last year, so you won't be able to use that as an alibi.

Chicago.—[To the Editor.]—(1) When does the black bass season open in Illinois? (2) In Indiana? (3) In Wisconsin? (4) In Michigan? Euc.

Answers.—(1) No closed season in Illinois. (2) No closed season in Indiana. (3) The opening date is closed until July 1. (4) May 25. (5) Large mouthed bass season in Michigan opens June 1. (6) Small mouthed bass season in Michigan opens June 1. (7) No closed season in Michigan. (8) No closed season in Michigan. (9) No closed season in Michigan. (10) No closed season in Michigan.

Officers Elected.

About 400 dealers attended the dinner. Officers were elected as follows: President—L. A. P. Dashiell. Secretary—R. C. Cook. Treasurer—Thomas J. Hay.

MICHIGAN BEATS ILLINI TOSSERS

Urbana, Ill., March 10.—[Special.]—Rychener's long distance shooting of five baskets was the chief factor in the defeat of Illinois by the Wolverines, 22-18.

Michigan led at half time, but the Illini in the second period caught up, only to be repassed by the dexterous caging of the Wolverine guard. The Illini had no basket eye at all and missed countless opportunities. The game ended the local season. Lineup:

Michigan (22) vs. Illinois (18).

Hollett (12) vs. Mittleman (12).

Karpas (12) vs. Mittleman (12).

Willems (12) vs. Mittleman (12).

Willems (12) vs. Mittleman (12).

Willems (12) vs. Mittleman (12).

Stainmetz Is Victor in Indoor Ice Contest

In the third batch of ice races at the Arena last night, Julian Stainmetz of the Franklin Skating and A. C. won the three-quarter mile race for Class A skaters. Roy Schoenmann of the same club was second and Fred Buehagen of Northwest Sportsmen's club third. The time was 2:15. Henry Goldstein won the half mile race for bluejackets, with John Peitz second.

Capt. Hinkle Re-elected to Head Maroon Team

The curtain dropped on the Maroon basketball season yesterday when Capt. Paul S. Hinkle, guard, was re-elected to succeed himself as leader for 1920.

ROCKY AT ARENA TONIGHT.

Both the Illinois A. C. and Calumet A. C. reinforced their lineup yesterday for tonight's ice hockey game for local supremacy, which will be played on the Arena indoor rink.

## BRITONS PLANNING GREAT AERIAL NAVY, SAYS DAVE BEECROFT

BY SHEPPARD BUTLER.

"That Great Britain is planning an aerial navy that will place her in a better position as a world power than her sea navy does today" was an opinion expressed by David Beecroft, director of the Class Johnson company, principal speaker at the annual dinner of the Chicago Automobile Trade association at the Congress hotel last night.

"Great Britain is nowhere near through her air program," said Mr. Beecroft, who has just returned from a visit to the battlefields of Europe and a tour of the British and French automobile factories.

No Time to Build Motor Cars.

"Rolls Royce, the big English manufacturer, still is building aeroplanes and must keep on until the fall. His firm has had no opportunity to build a single automobile or to develop its new small car."

"Europe has nothing but praise for the Liberty engine, the only complete being it did not arrive sooner and in greater quantities. Unfortunately, the same credit cannot be given American aeroplanes, and all honor is due the American aviators because they fought under handicaps. Until Nov. 11 not a single American plane was provided with a non incendiary gas tank, nor did an American aviator have a parachute."

Word reached President Coe of the White Sox that Joe Jenkins expected to land in the States March 21, which means he will miss the start of the training trip but will be able to join the Gleason tribe in Texas.

Buck Weaver, one of the three White Sox holdouts, was in the city but did not call on the club owner. Instead he spent the day fixing up his income tax schedule and filing it, then returned to his home in Chicago, where he is returning to Beloit last night. Weaver said his position in the matter of salary was unchanged and it depended on the outcome of the arbitration on the south side or with the Beloit team and held down his "essential" job there next summer.

Twelve Traveling Clubs Join the Chicago League

At the regular weekly meeting of the Chicago Baseball league twelve traveling clubs were admitted to the circuit, as follows:

Madison, Wis., West End, Arlington, Gallatin, Rockland, Elgin, Chicago Giants, Rogers, and Union Giants.

John Kozlek signed as manager of the South Chicago, Charles Gleason has severed his connection with the Gallatin to manage the Magpies.

CITY LEAGUE MEETS.

The City league met in the Ashland block last night and decided on the make up of the league for 1920. The league in 1920 will have twelve teams as follows: Maroons, Melrose Park, De Paul, Gary, Hammond, Rex Aetles, Crutcher, Lawndale, and Cicero. Six applications from traveling teams were accepted as follows: Alton, Madison, Rockland, Union Giants, Polaris, Americans, Hartford Giants, and South End.

NATIONAL LEAGUE UMPIRES.

New York, March 10.—National league umpires of last season have been re-elected for 1919. Robert Emslie, who began umpiring the league in 1901, will serve his twenty-ninth consecutive year. List of umpires: Robert Emslie, Henry O'Day, William Klein, Charles Richter, William Brown, George H. Peter, Harrison, Charles Moran.

BARNES DISCHARGED FROM ARMY.

Junction City, Kas., March 10.—Jesse Barnes, pitcher for the New York Giants, who has been stationed at Fort Riley and Camp Funston, has been discharged from service.

## EUROPE SLOW IN BASEBALL LORE; CAN'T GRASP IT

Lt. Col. Huston Sees Big Year Ahead for Sport in This Country.

BY I. E. SARBORN.

Lieut. Col. T. L. Huston, veteran engineer of two wars and part owner of the New York American league team, who has been week ending in Chicago, anticipates a good year for professional baseball in this country, particularly in New York, but is from Missouri regarding the outlook for America's national pastime in Europe during the present generation.

The French will have to be taught the game from the 6 year old stage up before they can become proficient in it as players, and so far have displayed only polite curiosity in the sport as an exhibition. The English patronized baseball games profusely and apparently enjoyed it as a spectacle, but will require considerable time to learn to play it themselves except in an amateur way.

Armistice Stops Plans.

If the war had lasted another year Col. Huston believes baseball might have gained a foothold in continental Europe through plans that were being formulated by officers in the A. E. F., particularly in the hospital units.

Col. Huston came here on Saturday from Detroit, where he was called by business in connection with the demobilization of his regiment of engineers, who were recruited from Michigan and adjacent terrain. The purpose of his visit, he declared, was merely to return to his home in Chicago.

He did not even get in touch with the Old Roman for the reported trade before leaving last night for Detroit, where he expects to help members of his regiment to obtain jobs before he returns to New York the middle of the week.

While here Col. Huston was guest of honor at a military banquet at the Union League club, at which President Johnson was host.

Jenkins in U. S. March 21.

Word reached President Coe of the White Sox that Joe Jenkins expected to land in the States March 21, which means he will miss the start of the training trip but will be able to join the Gleason tribe in Texas.

Buck Weaver, one of the three White Sox holdouts, was in the city but did not call on the club owner. Instead he spent the day fixing up his income tax schedule and filing it, then returned to his home in Chicago, where he is returning to Beloit last night. Weaver said his position in the matter of salary was unchanged and it depended on the outcome of the arbitration on the south side or with the Beloit team and held down his "essential" job there next summer.

First Bunch of Indians Goes South for Training

Cleveland, O., March 10.—The first detachment of the Cleveland American league baseball team left tonight for New Orleans for spring training. The party consisted of Manager Fohl, Pitchers Coveleskie, Bagby, Coume, and George Uhle, a Cleveland sandlotter, Catcher O'Neill, Outfielder Joe Wood, Scout McCallister, and Trainer Percy Smallwood.

K. OF C. BALL TEAMS MEET.

Twenty-three councils were represented at the meeting of the Knights of Columbus in Chicago, which was held at the principal business was registering teams.

There's something about them you'll like.

Twenty to the package

Herbert arey London Cigarettes

Neighbors Say You "Drink Too Much"

Better stop the neighborhood talk and stop UNDERMINING your health. Buy a bottle of SERENE Mixture. It will save you from spending three to seven days at Head and Neck Hospital, all with the Chicago (Oakland 39). Ask for book.

There's something about them you'll like.

Twenty to the package

Herbert arey London Cigarettes

Neighbors Say You "Drink Too Much"

Better stop the neighborhood talk and stop UNDERMINING your health. Buy a bottle of SERENE Mixture. It will save you from spending three to seven days at Head and Neck Hospital, all with the Chicago (Oakland 39). Ask for book.

Neighbors Say You "Drink Too Much"

Better stop the neighborhood talk and stop UNDERMINING your health. Buy a bottle of SERENE Mixture. It will save you from spending three to seven days at Head and Neck Hospital, all with the Chicago (Oakland 39). Ask for book.











# The Onward Sweep of a Magazine Success

*1,750,000 circulation for the April issue*

*1,800,000 circulation for the May issue*

**Pictorial Review now has the largest monthly circulation in America**

**T**HIS is the largest circulation ever accorded a high-priced magazine—a fact truly remarkable since Pictorial Review sells for 20c a copy, whereas its nearest competitor, The Ladies' Home Journal, sells for 15c a copy.

No publication, monthly or weekly, selling for more than 5c a copy has ever published or claimed figures equaling the mark attained by the May issue of Pictorial Review.

The growth of Pictorial Review represents the greatest tidal wave of success there has ever been in the woman's magazine field. It is a circulation that has not yet attained its peak.

The progressive American woman—whether in industry or in the home—has come to depend on Pictorial Review for the news, thought and leadership she demands.

What has been the verdict of American business? What has been the response of advertising men? Let the facts speak:

## Gains in Pictorial Review advertising lineage

The January 1919 increase is 41%  
The February 1919 increase is 39%  
The March 1919 increase is 91%  
The April 1919 increase is 76%  
The May 1919 increase is 90%

No other woman's magazine has ever shown such gains. There has never been such recognition.

What is the significance of this success?

Just this:

It is possible now as never before to reach through one magazine a tremendous body of the progressive housewives of this

The following comparison of the Pictorial Review and Ladies' Home Journal circulations is based on the last itemized figures furnished by the two magazines plus the percentage of gain indicated in the last total figures published by them.

| STATES                | PICTORIAL REVIEW | LADIES' HOME JOURNAL |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| New York              | 175,166          | 152,839              |
| New Jersey            | 43,133           | 56,534               |
| Pennsylvania          | 141,195          | 146,262              |
| Delaware              | 2,858            | 4,316                |
| Maryland              | 13,536           | 19,632               |
| District of Columbia  | 11,951           | 13,173               |
| North Atlantic States | 367,839          | 392,756              |
| Ohio                  | 155,451          | 97,284               |
| Indiana               | 61,485           | 44,352               |
| Illinois              | 109,370          | 107,141              |
| Michigan              | 64,074           | 56,873               |
| Wisconsin             | 40,080           | 31,720               |
| Minnesota             | 53,304           | 40,576               |
| Iowa                  | 50,033           | 44,640               |
| Missouri              | 72,524           | 46,281               |
| North Dakota          | 8,979            | 11,400               |
| South Dakota          | 12,102           | 11,064               |
| Nebraska              | 26,975           | 13,977               |
| Kansas                | 33,733           | 30,026               |
| Middle States         | 688,110          | 844,734              |
| Maine                 | 14,641           | 15,975               |
| New Hampshire         | 8,933            | 8,862                |
| Vermont               | 6,231            | 7,812                |
| Massachusetts         | 71,007           | 69,514               |
| Rhode Island          | 9,277            | 9,978                |
| Connecticut           | 42,419           | 28,330               |
| New England States    | 182,598          | 148,771              |
| Kentucky              | 19,440           | 19,873               |
| West Virginia         | 14,378           | 17,332               |
| Tennessee             | 20,985           | 20,626               |
| Alabama               | 15,288           | 13,589               |
| Mississippi           | 9,896            | 9,653                |
| Louisiana             | 17,783           | 10,665               |
| Texas                 | 58,454           | 56,372               |
| Oklahoma              | 25,732           | 24,884               |
| Arkansas              | 14,427           | 14,062               |
| South-Western States  | 195,883          | 186,956              |
| Montana               | 13,367           | 16,870               |
| Wyoming               | 4,031            | 3,871                |
| Colorado              | 24,942           | 21,985               |
| New Mexico            | 5,484            | 5,484                |
| Arizona               | 5,153            | 5,412                |
| Utah                  | 7,644            | 8,590                |
| Nevada                | 1,748            | 2,064                |
| Idaho                 | 8,508            | 10,285               |
| Washington            | 48,390           | 36,320               |
| Oregon                | 24,522           | 20,508               |
| California            | 80,123           | 82,167               |
| Western States        | 227,952          | 213,556              |
| Virginia              | 20,636           | 29,171               |
| North Carolina        | 12,256           | 21,183               |
| South Carolina        | 10,675           | 13,082               |
| Georgia               | 21,951           | 23,098               |
| Florida               | 19,446           | 13,852               |
| South-Eastern States  | 77,944           | 109,344              |
| Miscellaneous         |                  | 5,151                |
| Total U. S.           | 1,725,286        | 1,584,296            |
| Canadian & Foreign    | 74,809           | 166,785              |
| Grand Total           | 1,800,095        | 1,751,075            |

You will notice that the States are grouped by geographical division and that these figures show Pictorial Review not only has a larger circulation in 4 of the 6 sections, but in total United States circulation leads the Ladies' Home Journal by over 140,000 copies monthly.

country. Every Pictorial Review woman is a good prospective buyer because her wide-awake interest in the modern woman marks HER as a wide-awake, modern woman.

In New York State, Pictorial Review reaches the homes of 175,000 women of this type; in Pennsylvania it reaches 141,000; in Massachusetts 71,000; in Illinois 109,000; in Indiana 61,000; in Iowa 50,000; in Michigan 64,000.

In each state a dominating circulation among those whom the advertiser wants most to reach!

Consider an average Illinois town of 50,000 population. It has approximately 10,000 families; 2,500 of these 10,000 homes constitute the best market for almost any advertised product. Pictorial Review each month is received into one-third of these homes.

Take a New England town of 150,000 population and you will find that in such a city Pictorial Review is likewise a monthly influence in one-third of the 7,500 homes which represent the best market there.

During its entire history Pictorial Review has always gone ahead—in circulation, in advertising lineage, in advertising revenue.

The present increase in circulation demands more adequate printing facilities and greatly increased floor space. Plans have been completed and contracts have been signed for the erection of an additional twelve-story plant with 200,000 square feet of floor space, to cost nearly \$3,000,000.

The success of Pictorial Review is the logical culmination of the consistent pursuit for a period of years of a progressive editorial policy. That policy is what has made Pictorial Review a leader in the past. It promises to make Pictorial Review an even greater power in the future of American life and business.

## Special message to merchants

**O**F all business men, you, the local merchants, more than any other, realize to the full the definite power of advertising. You know from practical experience the merchandising advantage of handling advertised, trade-mark products, for which a demand has been created.

It is because of this fact that you should be vitally interested in the mediums which carry the advertising of the various trade-mark lines that you handle.

If you have read this advertisement, you will appreciate how tremendous a demand and how

favorable an opinion is developed for products advertised in Pictorial Review, which reaches at least one-third of the substantial homes and families in your community.

It is the type of strong, progressive magazine whose advertising columns are most effective in creating a desire to buy among its readers.

The national advertiser of dependable products is, through the advertising columns of Pictorial Review, telling the consumer the merits of his goods with only one thought in mind—to send

customers to your store to ask for his products.

Above all, you may be sure that whatever is presented in the advertising columns of Pictorial Review is absolutely reliable merchandise. The publishers not only refuse to accept questionable advertising, but they guarantee all readers against any loss through misrepresentation in their advertising columns.

You should handle the goods advertised in this magazine, which carries a monthly message into 1,800,000 homes, because it is reaching one-third of the substantial homes in your community.

# PICTORIAL REVIEW

*America's leading woman's magazine—20 cents the copy*

SECT  
GENE  
MARKETS

LIBERTY B  
WORTH S  
SUNK IN

Consumers Ca  
Lesson to t  
\$160,000

This story is for  
erty bond and war sav  
ers who contempla  
world's safest and be  
gambles in the for  
stocks.

Fifty thousand of  
bonds and war savin  
better than 4 per c  
taxable, and a mortg  
in the United States  
by small holders for  
sumers packing com  
national concern,  
even constructed, w  
nothing about the  
and whose promoter  
a nickel's worth of  
Federal Judge La  
facts sworn to in h  
They were not the m  
velopments of the  
Some of the other  
were:

Edward J. Ader, t  
nator, formerly a di  
last Friday, previou  
had his clerk make  
000, par value, of st  
himself as a prom  
The company's tre  
\$160,000. H. M. T  
tary-treasurer, after  
had found "a very  
checks drawn to  
"ranging in amou  
\$2,400," was order  
where the missing  
Considerable Se

A sworn statement  
lic had bought \$80  
that of this sum \$2  
selling expense, as  
stock given as bon  
the salesmen. The  
lows a selling exp  
25 per cent.

Fred Guggenheim  
packing firm of  
admitted he had ac  
estate which cost  
company for \$140  
Pfauter, president  
pany, who did not  
was to get \$20,000  
When this latter  
Judge Landis turn  
said:

"Mr. Pfauter, I  
services of a crim  
criminal lawyer."

Landis Call  
The judge then  
to send for State  
in a few minutes  
ficial was represent  
by John E. Foster.

It developed th  
for the company ha  
day to induce the U  
Court of Appeals to  
dis to call a halt t  
the old officers th  
A new set of offic  
before this transp  
Stoinkich, president  
ates for \$250,000 o  
zer, the company's  
However, Judge L  
pounded that stock

Trust Mad  
Ader and Pfauter  
day E. H. Troost w  
Dr. G. W. Miller of  
was made vice pres  
whose eight weeks  
packing business l  
of the entire gro  
made secretary-tre  
When court

Landis not only  
of stock in his cust  
all officers or emp  
thing to do with  
away from the d  
manded a full li  
whom Liberty bo  
in exchange for a

CITY IS A  
VOICE AT  
ON 7 CE

Thomas E. Den  
state public utilit  
terday declared  
by the commis  
the petition of  
lines for the rig  
fares.

Chester E. Cleve  
for the city in  
utilities body he  
ation created by  
tion of Commerce  
utilities board ne  
which would me  
the surface line  
make up deficit  
fares and a fallin  
Mr. Cleveland  
before the comm  
any suggestion  
commission he  
given an opportu  
Ezra J. Warne  
Marvin B. Poole  
the special com  
est is to see that  
state commissio  
proposition will  
the surface line  
The business is  
created to bring  
ment for the li  
car riders.

Mr. Dempsey s  
would be in sess  
and would hear  
which due notig  
the moving part  
interested.



TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 1919.

\* \* 17

## LIBERTY BONDS WORTH \$50,000 SUNK IN STOCK

### Consumers Case Offers a Lesson to the Public; \$160,000 Missing.

This story is for those glibble Liberty bond and war savings stamp owners who contemplate trading their war's aces and best investments for gambles in the form of promotional stocks.

Fifty thousand dollars of Liberty bonds and war savings stamps, paying better than 4 per cent interest, non-taxable, and a mortgage on everything in the United States have been traded by small holders for stock in the Consumers Packing company, a highly promotional concern, whose plant isn't even constructed, whose officers know nothing about the packing business, and whose promoters paid for scarcely a nickel's worth of stock.

Federal Judge Landis had all these facts sworn to in his court yesterday. They were not the most sensational developments of the hearing, however. Some of the other things of interest were:

Edward J. Ader, the company's originator, formerly a disbarred lawyer, on last Friday, previous to his resigning had his clerk make out to him \$250,000 par value, of stock which he gave himself as a promotional fee.

The company's treasury is shy about \$100,000. H. M. Theobald, its secretary-treasurer, after testifying that he had found "a very large number of checks drawn to cash only" and "ranging in amounts from \$200 to \$2,400," was ordered to try to find where the missing money went.

Considerable Selling Expense.  
A sworn statement showed the public had bought \$801,000 of stock, and that of this sum \$353,087 has gone for selling expense, as well as \$50,000 of stock given as bonuses to encourage the salesmen. The blue sky law allows a selling expense not to exceed 25 per cent.

Fred Gugenheim, a member of the packing firm of Gugenheim Bros., admitted he had sold a piece of real estate which cost him \$40,000 to the company for \$140,000, and said Eli Pfleiser, president of the new company, who did not pay for any stock, was to get \$20,000.

When this latter testimony came out Judge Landis turned to Pfleiser and said:

"Mr. Pfleiser, I think you need the services of a criminal lawyer, a good criminal lawyer."

Landis Calls in Hoynes.  
The judge then instructed his bailiff to send for State's Attorney Hoynes. In a few minutes that prosecuting official was represented in the courtroom by John E. Foster, an assistant.

It developed that after attorneys for the company had failed last Thursday to induce the United States Circuit Court of Appeals to force Judge Landis to call a halt on his investigation, the landies officers threw up the sponge. A new set of officials was elected. Before this transpired Ader had Goldstein, a clerk, draw up five certificates for \$250,000 of stock, which Pfleiser, the company's president, signed. However, Judge Landis yesterday impounded that stock.

Troost Made President.  
Ader and Pfleiser resigned. On Friday E. H. Troost was elected president. Dr. G. W. Miller of East Chicago, Ind., was made vice president, and Theobald, whose eight weeks' experience in the packing business is the sole experience of the entire group of officials, was made secretary-treasurer.

When court adjourned, Judge Landis not only had Ader's \$250,000 of stock in his custody, but had ordered all officers or employees who had anything to do with the transfer to stay away from the office, and had demanded a full list of persons from whom Liberty bonds had been taken in exchange for stock.

## CITY IS ASSURED VOICE AT HEARING ON 7 CENT FARES

Thomas E. Dempsey, chairman of the state public utilities commission, yesterday declared no date had been set by the commission for a ruling on the petition of the Chicago Surface Lines for the right to charge 7 cent fares.

Chester E. Cleveland, special counsel for the city in the matter, told the utilities body he understood a commission created by the Chicago Association of Commerce intended to ask the utilities board not to entertain a petition which would mean taking away any of the surface lines' renewal fund to make up deficits caused by 5 cent fares and a falling off in traffic.

Mr. Cleveland was assured that before the commission took action on any suggestion made by the traction commission he would be notified and given an opportunity to answer.

Era J. Warner, J. Harry Seitz, and Marvin B. Poole are the members of the special commission. Their interest is to see that whatever action the state commission takes on the fare proposition will tend to destroy the surface lines' securities.

The business men's commission was created to bring about equitable treatment for the lines' securities and the car riders.

## 'THE SAVING GRACE'

BY PERCY HAMMOND.

THE servants apprise you in the conventional preliminaries of "The Saving Grace" that "Fighting Blinn" Corbett and his colonel's lady have fallen upon evil days. Having eloped and been married before the play begins (in 1914) they are now resident in a village hard by London, well dressed, with an ample manège, happy and care free, though their cupboard is bare and not a shilling exists between them and an absolute penury. You know then that you are about to be gracefully led by Cyril Maude through one of Haddon Chambers' pleasant bypaths, encountering on the way several interesting characters and situations, with many a winning speech and emotion. An ideal route.

Imprimis, the duck, with which they are to regale the solvent youth, of the adjoining homestead, lured to dinner that he may fall under the spell of Susan, their niece, and marry her. Though the duck simmers in the oven, the poultryer's boy waits, sullen, in the kitchen for his six and nine pence, threatening to interrupt the feast with demands for payment. How blithely they all greet the news that the fowl is safely cooked; and with what amused grins they learn later that it is served.

Mr. Maude as the jaunty ex-soldier man, with graying hair, is one of those irresistible semi-adventurers, a genial ne'er do well who jokes at hostile Fortune, and in the end makes the old jade laugh. His is a comedy not too elegant, but still a smart and often noble penciling. A cheerful and a noble ne'er do well who jokes at hostile Fortune, and in the end makes the old jade laugh. His is a comedy not too elegant, but still a smart and often noble penciling. A cheerful and a noble ne'er do well who jokes at hostile Fortune, and in the end makes the old jade laugh. His is a comedy not too elegant, but still a smart and often noble penciling.

Of course, it is Mr. Maude we like and not Blinn Corbett. Just as it is Dickens we like and not Micawber. At any rate, we do not object (with the stern mother of the youth on the adjoining estate) that he regards the sacred principles of life in a spirit of levity and derision. We yearn for more butchers for him to balk, and were it not for the sympathetic quality of Miss Laura Hope Crew's acting we might long for him to seduce and to succor other pretty ladies from the brutal colonels who are their husbands.

The chill and imperial Miss Charlotte Granville's maternal cynicism interferes with the engagement between her son and Susan, a niece with the saving grace; and the Blinn Corbetts are again upon the rocks. Miss Granville is as good as the rhythmic polysyllable as is De Wolf Hopper, and when in Mr. Chambers' majestic, though human phrase, she upsets the alliance, you best time with your play-bill. Miss Granville must always in this generation be referred to as a member of the ancient Drama Players, who performed unadorned, it seems, ages ago, at the Lyric theater, now the Hippodrome, ten cents.

Miss Betty Murray, as Susan, was a likeable person in the beginning, an enterprise at Powers' last evening. I don't know when I've seen so nice a girl upon the stage. "Nice," they tell me, is to young women, a hideous word, so it is withdrawn, and that old friend of the adjectives, "charming," substituted. As Susan she knew what every woman knows, and she was humorous, capable, a bit unscrupulous, and Irish, very wise, and not too pretty. She was far too wise for marriage with Mr. Douglas, who was vis-à-vis in the romance, and who played, as he was written, no doubt, the new style of English silly ass. His ambition was to be "a clean-living blighter with his hair brushed back, and a long upper lip."

They all find the rainbow's end at the finish, I surmise, with Mr. Maude getting a commission, and the titular lovers enmeshed in one another's arms. I was not there. Though "The Saving Grace" is old stuff in a new bottle, the only vintage theatricals in the piece were the sentimental heroines, the two servants, who were otherwise well denoted by Miss Annie Hughes and Stanley Harrison. There were seven in the cast. I hope I have complimented them all, for they all were good.

## Investigator Arrested as He Stops to Talk to Woman

A. C. Stewart, 1947 Kildare avenue, an investigator, was arrested yesterday when he stopped to talk to Bernice Meyers, 128 East Forty-third street. The woman was arrested also. The police called her "an old timer." Stewart said he was investigating a woman at the time, but admitted it was not Miss Meyers.

## 30,000 TO VOTE ON HARVESTER WORKING POLICY

### Company Offers Voice in Business to Its Employees.

The 30,000 employees of the International Harvester company are to have a voice in shaping the policy under which they shall work if they accept the plan submitted yesterday by the company. Elections will be held tomorrow in the seventeen American and three Canadian plants upon the proposition, which is called the "Harvester industrial plan" of employee representation.

The principal feature is the establishment at each plant of a works council for consideration and recommendation to the management of plans regarding working conditions, health, safety, hours, wages, recreation, and education. The make-up of the works council shall consist of an equal number of workers and representatives of the management. The workers shall elect their members and the company members will be named by the management. Each group shall vote separately, under the unit rule.

Free Speech Granted.  
Any employee, or group of employees, shall have the right to make suggestions and appear before the council for discussion.

Every employee representative has the right of appeal to the president, and, if the latter's ruling is unsatisfactory, the right of arbitration. There shall be no discrimination in regard to race, sex, political or religious affiliation, or membership in any labor or other organization. The company will provide the meeting places of the council and pay the regular wages to employees while they are away from their jobs as members of or witnesses at the works council.

No restriction as to time of service in the right to vote upon the proposition.

## Shaping of Policy.

While the shaping of the policy shall be the prerogative of the works council, the execution of it is left to the management, subject to review by the council. Before any plan is voted upon it must first be presented to the management.

President Harold F. McCormick submitted the plan. In his letter concerning it he says: "The directors and officers have for some time been working out a plan to establish closer relations between the employees and the management. Should this plan be adopted by majority vote of the employees, the officers pledge their best efforts to carry it out in letter and spirit. It is my hope and belief that the plan, if adopted, will materially strengthen our relations in the work we have in common and will make for the greater contentment and well-being of us all."

## Eastern Man to Direct Psychopathic Hospital

Dr. Clarence A. Neymann of Johns Hopkins university was appointed by the county board yesterday to direct the county psychopathic hospital. He was appointed by President Peter Reinberg on recommendation of the Johns Hopkins university staff as the best man available for the position.

Appointments of President Reinberg submitted to the board at the meeting last week were approved, as follows: Henry L. Bailey, superintendent of Oak Forest.

William H. Ehemann, county agent. Peter Elliott, committee clerk. Michael Zimmer, wardens county hospital.

Henry A. Zender, superintendent of public service.

Eric C. Hall, county architect.

## Death, Attributed to Fall, Starts Inquiry at Dunning

An investigation was begun yesterday by Coroner Peter M. Hoffman into the death of William Mott, 84 years old. He was injured more than a week ago by a fall in the Chicago State hospital. Pneumonia, superinduced by the injuries, is said to be the direct cause of death. According to Miss Adelaide Gray, sister-in-law of the dead man, the injuries were the result of being thrown violently to the floor by a patient at the institution.

## SOMEBODY IS ALWAYS TAKING THE JOY OUT OF LIFE



## F. A. BROWN GETS NEW NOTE AS MAN OF THREE WIVES

### One Who Says She Is Third Sues for Divorce.

The name of Fred A. Brown has many times been scribbled upon police blotters and warrant books, yet, despite his three alleged illegal ventures in matrimony, his name was yesterday for the first time recorded in the divorce courts. Mrs. Margaret K. Friedman, sued for divorce.

Brown was at one time confidential secretary to the late Senator A. J. Olson and was employed as a bookkeeper for the Olson Dairy company, where alleged confidential safe robbing brought an arrest.

## Tales of Marriages.

The bill for divorce filed by Attorney Friedman recites a tale fertile enough with marriage to rival a history of Brigham Young.

According to the bill Margaret K. Brown became the wife of the defendant on Oct. 10, 1910. For a couple of years things went along quite smoothly. Mrs. Brown, upon whom the male eye is prone to linger, was quite happy.

But, the bill says, on July 19, 1913, Brown without need to one existing wife married Miss Bernice Carlson of Elgin. A baby was born of this union. Again in 1915—still according to the bill—Brown without need to two existing wives, married Miss Bettie Peterson and a child was born of this marriage.

## The Luck Turns.

In March, 1917, things started to break against Brown. A couple of his wives found out about his disregard to law and convention and discussed the matter with the police. Then he was arrested on a charge of robbing the safe at the Olson Dairy company.

As final evidence that Brown was a failure at the faithful husband business the bill relates that he always neglected his wife—the wife the bill is concerned with.

"I don't know where Brown is now," said Attorney Friedman last night. Neither do we.

## ASKS DIVORCE WHEN SHE LEARNS FIRST HUSBAND IS LIVING

In a divorce suit filed in the Superior court yesterday by Mrs. Agnes McLaughlin, who, Attorney Charles E. Erbstein says, lives at 2895 South Park avenue, the plaintiff asserts she married William McLaughlin when she learned that her first husband was dead. From Feb. 5, 1913, until Feb. 21, 1918, Mr. and Mrs. McLaughlin lived together. On the latter date the wife learned that her first husband was alive. Now she doesn't care to live with McLaughlin.

The Appellate court decided that Mrs. Mary M. Jackman's preference for business life should bar her from securing a decree of separate maintenance from Dr. Clarence W. Jackman, a dentist in the Chicago Savings Bank building.

"It is patent that Mrs. Jackman is a capable business woman and that she found more pleasure in the office than in a home," says the opinion.

Mrs. Christina A. Benson may—if she can—go right to the home of Mary W. C. Nelson and collect \$10,000 for the alienation of the affections of the former's husband, Nils C. Benson. A verdict of that amount was affirmed yesterday by the Appellate court.

But Mrs. Nelson's attorney alleges that his client is in Sweden.

## FRIENDS GIVE A NEW CLEW TO DOLLY CHESHER

Friends of Mrs. Dolly Cheshier, the nurse who disappeared from the home of Clarence F. Parker, 999 Lake Shore drive, a few weeks ago, advanced the theory yesterday that she may be found in the company of an elderly man whom she once nursed in Buchanan, Mich.

Mrs. Cheshier at that time was living with Mr. and Mrs. Sparks, a new north of Buchanan. About two years ago she left to go to Chicago, arranging to meet this man, who had announced he was going to Chicago on a business trip.

Mr. Sparks has since died. Mrs. Martha Sparks, the widow, recalled the facts yesterday, but could not remember the name of the man. She has heard nothing from Mrs. Cheshier since she left.

Mrs. Cheshier was last seen walking along the drive with the Parker dog on a leash. The dog was found later.

## \$10,750,000 IN BONDS PUT UP TO CITY VOTERS

### Council Asks Action by April 1 Ballot to Pay Debts.

Voters at the April 1 election will be asked to approve the issuance by the city of \$10,750,000 in bonds. The city council yesterday, by a unanimous vote, ordered this placed on the ballot.

Of this amount \$1,250,000 is to pay for the city's share of the cost of the new Twelfth street viaduct, a part of the Twelfth street widening project. The balance, \$9,500,000, is for current debts owed by the city's corporate fund. The bonds are to draw 4 per cent interest.

## Saves \$100,000 a Year.

Ald. John A. Richert, chairman of the finance committee, explained that the \$9,500,000 bond issue would mean a saving in money for the city of \$100,000 a year. This is because the city can issue 4 per cent bonds to pay the bills instead of the 5 per cent which judgments on the debts would draw.

The city owes a large part of the \$9,500,000 to the banks of the Chicago Clearing House association. Last year the banks loaned the city \$1,750,000 to raise the salaries of city employees, and \$2,848,275 for current expenses, when a falling off in the number of salaried licenses caused a deficit in the corporate fund. The sanitary district also is owed considerable money for improvements it made in the city's street lighting system.

## Approved by Civic Organizations.

The Chicago bureau of public efficiency and allied civic organizations have approved the \$9,500,000 item, although it was explained that it was contrary to good policy to pay current expenses with bond issues.

"If these bond issues are approved," said Harris S. Keeler, director of the bureau, "it will enable the city to start off without a deficit in the corporate fund. It has nothing to do with the city's fight for increased taxes."

## WILL TEST SCALPING LAW.

A charge of attempting to sell theater tickets at a premium of the city ordinance against scalping against Earl Irwin, 918 Oakdale avenue, a waiter, was continued by Judge Williams yesterday until Saturday to allow his attorney to file a brief attacking the constitutionality of the ordinance.

## CITY TO PROSECUTE LANDLORDS WHO BAR CHILDREN IN FLATS

WHERE you refused an apartment because you have children? All right, tell Ald. George M. Maypole. The alderman yesterday started after persons who refuse to rent apartments because families have children.

There is a state law which provides a fine for this offense and the alderman called the city council's attention to it. The council directed the police department to prosecute all persons who refuse to rent apartments because of the presence of children.

## REPORT 27 CASES OF THE ALLEGED "SLEEP SICKNESS"

Springfield, Ill., March 10.—[Special.]—Dr. C. St. Clair Drake, director of the state department of health, received a telephone report tonight from Dr. S. S. Winnier, district health officer assigned to investigate the reported outbreak of lethargic encephalitis, or "sleeping sickness" in Cook county. The report says that Dr. Winnier conferred with Dr. Peter Basco of Evanston, who reported a total of seven cases, four of which died and three are living. One of the sufferers was a resident of Evanston, one from Wilmette, one from Fairfield, Ill., and the other from Chicago.

Dr. Charles Elliott of Chicago reported three cases, two of whom died and the other lived. One of the cases was at Lake Forest, one at Marseilles, and another in Chicago.

Dr. Theodore Ticken of Chicago reported fourteen cases. Eleven have died and three are living. The first case was discovered by Dr. Ticken the latter part of November. Dr. Kaufman of Chicago reported three cases, one dead and two living. The two living sufferers are at the Children's Memorial hospital.

The total number of cases is evenly divided between adults and children. They seem to have followed influenza. The state department of health does not regard the outbreak threatening more serious than infantile paralysis. The department, however, urges that physicians report all cases and that the same regulations be applied as for infantile paralysis.

## Kennedy Joins Attack.

"Only the public utility corporations want the commission," Ald. John C. Kennedy said.

"The Chicago Association of Commerce or any other civic organization has the right to ask the legislature for anything," said Ald. A. A. McCormick, who wanted the Toman resolution filed.

"The council ought to tend to its own business and let these organizations alone."

## Push South Shore Work.

Ald. George F. Iliff introduced resolutions asking that speedy action be had on the south shore improvement plan. The resolutions asked that the "red tape" be cut, so that the work be provided for returned soldiers and sailors and the improvement carried out.

Resolutions were adopted asking the officials of the Peoples Gas Light and Coke company to cooperate with the city officials in preventing "poison gas waves" such as recently swept over the Lawndale district.

Ald. W. J. O'Toole offered resolutions asking that all Irish employees be given a holiday March 17, St. Patrick's day. He also asked that the council meet some other day than on March 17. They were adopted. The council will meet Thursday next week instead of Monday, its regular day.

## COUNCIL HURLS COLD WATER ON CITY MANAGER

### Ald. Lyle Leads Fight; Attacks "Reformers" and the "Interests."

Chicago's city council indicated yesterday that it does not look with favor on proposed radical reforms in mayorality and aldermanic elections. The council had before it five proposed bills for election reforms recommended by the special committee on state legislation. The bills also have the approval of several civic organizations. The bills provide:

City manager plan, the council to select the mayor.

Nonpartisan city elections. Four year terms for aldermen, with a recall. The number of aldermen to be cut from seventy to thirty-five—one from each ward. City clerk and city treasurer to be appointed instead of elected.

Lyle Leads Opposition.  
The proposed bills provide for a referendum by the voters if the legislature enacts them into laws.

Ald. John H. Lyle led the opposition to the bills. There was so much discussion that only one bill was called up for approval. This was the four year aldermanic bill. Consideration of this and the others was deferred until tomorrow afternoon. This action was taken after a motion to file the bills had been made and withdrawn.

"These bills need the light of day," Ald. Lyle said, "as they have been discussed only in 'exclusive' circles. They seem to be against progressive ideas. The public should not have its representation in governmental affairs cut down, it should be increased if anything."

Ald. Lyle then delivered a speech against reformers. He mentioned soviet and bolshevik a few times.

Denied Mystery About Bills.  
Ald. R. H. McCormick strenuously objected to Ald. Lyle's remarks. "I am more on the square with the voters than you are," he said. "These bills have been before you since last December. There is no secret or mystery about them."

Ald. Edward F. Callerton moved to have the bills filed. He withdrew this time it was agreed to meet tomorrow afternoon to finally dispose of the bills. From the sentiment expressed it is believed the bills will be shelved.

## Lyle Sees Hand of "Interests."

"Why cut down the number of aldermen to thirty-five?" Ald. Lyle asked. "The interests seem to be getting just enough to fill a little party at the Union League club or some other exclusive place."

Ald. Joseph O. Kostner and John Toman offered resolutions asking the mayor, department heads, and council committee heads to go to Springfield to have Chicago excluded from the jurisdiction of the state public utility commission, or to have the act creating the commission repealed. The resolutions were adopted.

"It was only a few days ago that a committee of the Chicago Association of Commerce went to Springfield and said the city wanted the commission retained," Ald. Toman said. "The men who said this ought to be shot at sunrise. The city council wants Chicago to control its own public utility corporations and these men know it."

Kennedy Joins Attack.  
"Only the public utility corporations want the commission," Ald. John C. Kennedy said.

"The Chicago Association of Commerce or any other civic organization has the right to ask the legislature for anything," said Ald. A. A. McCormick, who wanted the Toman resolution filed.

"The council ought to tend to its own business and let these organizations alone."

The council agreed to cooperate with the Apollo club for a memorial concert April 13 at the Auditorium. The concert is to be memorial for the soldiers who lost their lives in the war.

Push South Shore Work.  
Ald. George F. Iliff introduced resolutions asking that speedy action be had on the south shore improvement plan. The resolutions asked that the "red tape" be cut, so that the work be provided for returned soldiers and sailors and the improvement carried out.

Resolutions were adopted asking the officials of the Peoples Gas Light and Coke company to cooperate with the city officials in preventing "poison gas waves" such as recently swept over the Lawndale district.

Ald. W. J. O'Toole offered resolutions asking that all Irish employees be given a holiday March 17, St. Patrick's day. He also asked that the council meet some other day than on March 17. They were adopted. The council will meet Thursday next week instead of Monday, its regular day.

## SHOOTS DRIVER IN WRIST AND GETS STOLEN CAR

Motorcycle Policeman John D. Onthank of the West Chicago avenue station, who bears a reputation as marksman obtained at the Great Lakes Naval Training station, shot Leonard Barrigan, 18 years old, 215 North Fairfield avenue, in the right wrist yesterday afternoon when the boy refused to stop a speeding automobile he was driving.

The car swerved from its course and the right front wheel was broken before the boy could stop it after being shot.

It was later learned that it had been stolen from M. H. Bokum of Evanston. Barrigan was taken to the bridewell hospital, where he confessed stealing the car.









## LOCAL EXCHANGE

HAS LARGEST

TRADE SINCE 1899

Trading Totals More than

30,000 Shares of

Stock.

Trading on the Chicago stock exchange

totalled over 30,000 shares, being

the largest day's business since the

Moore conducted their campaign in

American Tinplate, National Biscuit,

National Steel, and other Moore stocks

traded in 1899. In those days the exchange

witnessed an occasional 50,000

share market.

Since the time mentioned there has

been no such breadth in market opera-

tions as has characterized the last few

trading days. Stock rights, however, have

been dealt in heavily, but the total

share transactions the record in

many years was yesterday.

Coke's Shares Lively.

The activity at this time is largely

the packing house shares. Barring

Union Carbide, there has been the

most activity on local exchange for a number

of months. Yesterday it was Libby-

McNeil and International Packing that

led in volume of business, though Swift

and C. was one of the leaders. And

prices were higher in every instance.

International Packing at 50 made the

top quotation since it was listed. The

price value is 215 per share, so that the

final quotation was over 333 per cent

per, a rather fancy price for packing

house stock.

Other Packers' Stocks.

But Libby-McNeil at 27 was note-

worthy, bringing a price equivalent to

70 per cent of the par, the latter being 10

per share.

Wilson &amp; Co. common had a large

movement, based on the figures of the

annual report. The price rose to 79, a

gain of two points, and reached one-

half. Cudahy was up about three points

at one time. This stock, however, is

closely held, and is easily susceptible in

price to a small buying or selling

movement.

Union Carbide did well in both activity

and price. It recovered the greater part

of its dividend of 14 per cent. Pneum-

atic Tool was up one point, and Sears-

Roeck common showed a gain of one,

though its activity was small. A few

shares of American Shipbuilding com-

mon were traded in at 111.

While there was no local activity in

Peoples Gas, the stock advanced on the

New York exchange from 50 3/4 to 52 1/2.

The final quotation was 51.

There was nothing of moment doing

locally in bonds.

STEEL TONNAGE OFF.

Again the United States Steel corpora-

tion reported a heavy decrease in steel

tonnage, the amount being 673,000

tons at the end of February, as com-

pared with the figures on Jan. 31.

The total decrease was 1,000,000 tons

since the end of October, the last month-

ly statement before the armistice, has been

2,115,000, or 27.1 per cent. The figures

indicate the continued shrinkage in the

volume of production not only in the

steel industry but in all allied basic

products.

Comparative figures of tonnage changes

in the last year follow:

| Month | 1918      | 1919      | Change   |
|-------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Jan.  | 6,011,268 | 6,732,000 | +720,732 |
| Feb.  | 6,084,288 | 6,084,288 | 0        |
| Mar.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Apr.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| May   | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Jun.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Jul.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Aug.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Sep.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Oct.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Nov.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Dec.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Total | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |

| Month | 1918      | 1919      | Change   |
|-------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Jan.  | 6,011,268 | 6,732,000 | +720,732 |
| Feb.  | 6,084,288 | 6,084,288 | 0        |
| Mar.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Apr.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| May   | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Jun.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Jul.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Aug.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Sep.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Oct.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Nov.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Dec.  | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |
| Total | 6,124,663 | 6,124,663 | 0        |

## NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS

## STOCK MARKET

MOST ACTIVE

SINCE OCT. 18

More than 1,225,000

Shares Dealt In;

Tone Firm.

The New York Times.

New York, March 10.—[Special.]—

Stocks were subjected to a great deal

of selling at times today, but in the

case of most issues offerings were ab-

sorbed without more than temporary

recessions, and at the close the under-

tone appeared to be as strong as any

time last week. The total of deal-

ings was well up toward 1,225,000

shares, the largest day since Oct. 18 of

last week. If the first hour's pace had

been kept up throughout the session

the turnover would have stood among

the largest for any day in the history

of the stock exchange. These figures

and the tone are supplied for the

purpose of emphasizing the size of

trading which was also denoted in a

broad stock list.

Opposing Forces at Work.

The fact that the opposing forces of

buying and selling both made their pres-

ence felt in turn was not surprising in

view of conditions in industry and trans-

portation, to say nothing of the tech-

nical situation of the market itself. The

marked progress forward last week,

culminating in unusual strength on Sat-

urday, invited considerable profit taking

and attracted short sellers.

Steel common was one stock to be of-

fered in quantity whenever it started to

rise, and this may have been accounted

for by the decline in unfilled orders re-

ported for February. Bookings fell away

nearly 675,000 tons, and this total, com-

pared with the recession in January

and December, showed a shrinkage of

about 50 per cent from the aggregate of

orders on hand at the end of November.

Cancellations probably played an im-

portant part in cutting down contracts,

but what the street paid more attention

to yesterday was the indication that new

orders were coming in slowly. The cor-

poration apparently has been enraging

since war business fell away on work-

ing up old orders.

Rail Stocks Prominent.

Railroad stocks were prominent and

for the most part fairly sturdy good

advances. Their rise in the morning

fueled a really substantial increase in

buying, and when selling pressure in-

creased it took a long time to get the

fessional operators on the short side

had turned their hand to this depart-

ment.

The comment heard in banking quar-

ters showed a feeling that considerable

dickering will have to be completed at

Washington over emergency railroad

financing before bankers become com-

mitted to a comprehensive plan for rais-

ing funds.

STOCK MARKET

AVERAGES.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

| Index          | High  | Low   | Close |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 35 Railroads   | 63.47 | 62.50 | 62.51 |
| 35 Industrials | 67.47 | 66.20 | 66.21 |
| 30 Stocks      | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

| Index    | High  | Low   | Close |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| March 10 | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| March 9  | 76.13 | 75.30 | 75.31 |
| March 8  | 75.60 | 74.75 | 74.76 |
| March 7  | 74.71 | 73.70 | 73.71 |
| March 6  | 74.08 | 73.38 | 73.39 |
| March 5  | 73.15 | 72.45 | 72.46 |

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

| Index | High  | Low   | Close |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1919  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1918  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1917  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1916  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1915  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1914  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1913  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1912  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1911  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1910  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1909  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1908  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1907  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1906  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1905  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1904  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1903  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1902  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1901  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1900  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |

FULL YEAR.

| Index | High  | Low   | Close |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1919  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1918  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1917  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1916  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1915  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1914  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1913  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1912  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1911  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1910  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1909  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1908  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1907  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1906  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1905  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1904  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1903  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1902  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1901  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |
| 1900  | 77.27 | 75.80 | 75.81 |

\*To date.



## STATEMENT OF CONDITION

At the Close of Business March 4, 1919

| Assets                                       | Liabilities     |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Time Loans secured by Collateral             | \$ 5,114,699.66 |
| Demand Loans secured by Collateral           | 14,169,993.98   |
| Other Loans and Discounts                    | 6,475,947.21    |
| Bonds                                        | 6,774,974.46    |
| Overdrafts                                   | 50,000.00       |
| Federal Reserve Bank Stock                   | 120,000.00      |
| U. S. Government Liberty Loan Bonds          | 664,450.00      |
| U. S. Government Liberty Loan Bonds          | 1,000,000.00    |
| Bank Premises—Ground                         | 400,000.00      |
| Building                                     | 1,400,000.00    |
| Customers' Liability Account Acceptances     | 255,000.00      |
| Customers' Liability Under Letters of Credit | 249,640.00      |
| Due from Federal Reserve Bank                | 3,254,619.63    |
| Cash and Due from Banks                      | 6,316,560.34    |
| Total                                        | \$44,847,812.20 |

| Assets                               | Liabilities     |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Capital Stock                        | \$ 2,000,000.00 |
| Surplus Fund                         | 3,000,000.00    |
| Undivided Profits                    | \$29,897.08     |
| Reserve for Taxes, Interest, etc.    | 281,910.38      |
| Discount Collected but not earned    | 125,361.27      |
| Demand Deposits                      | \$25,157,721.04 |
| Time Deposits                        | 12,714,177.69   |
| Acceptances Executed for Customers   | 37,871,898.73   |
| Liability to Customers' account pay- | 255,000.00      |
| ments on Liberty Loan                | 434,304.75      |
| Letters of Credit Outstanding        | 249,640.00      |
| Total                                | \$44,847,812.20 |

| Assets                               | Liabilities     |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Capital Stock                        | \$ 2,000,000.00 |
| Surplus Fund                         | 3,000,000.00    |
| Undivided Profits                    | \$29,897.08     |
| Reserve for Taxes, Interest, etc.    | 281,910.38      |
| Discount Collected but not earned    | 125,361.27      |
| Demand Deposits                      | \$25,157,721.04 |
| Time Deposits                        | 12,714,177.69   |
| Acceptances Executed for Customers   | 37,871,898.73   |
| Liability to Customers' account pay- | 255,000.00      |
| ments on Liberty Loan                | 434,304.75      |
| Letters of Credit Outstanding        | 249,640.00      |
| Total                                | \$44,847,812.20 |

| Assets                      | Liabilities     |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Capital Stock               | \$ 2,000,000.00 |
| Surplus Fund                | 3,000,000.00    |
| Undivided Profits           | \$29,897.08     |
| Reserve for Taxes, Interest |                 |



MORGAN TO AID MEXICO TO GET BACK ON FEET? May Form Big Syndicate to Furnish Cash for Refinancing.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10. (Special.)—Progress has been made, according to information secured today from an authoritative source, in the efforts of J. P. Morgan & Co. to secure aid from American bankers for the rehabilitation of the finances of the Mexican republic.

Señor Nieto expressed himself as optimistic after the first of a series of conferences with J. P. Morgan & Co. New York, but would give no details.

According to present information, however, his optimism is caused by a definite proposal by Mr. Morgan to take up the question of Mexico's finances and to organize a group of bankers in which will be represented financial interests of Great Britain and France as well as the United States.

This has no bearing whatever on the international group organized after Señor Nieto's arrival in New York, which has been organized solely for the purpose of securing the aid of foreign investors in Mexico to get their money out or to protect their interest in the southern republic.

The new proposal made by Mr. Morgan, it is asserted, lays down the following conditions on which Mr. Morgan will undertake to aid Mexico financially, with the cooperation of bankers of England and France:

First—The assets of the state department of the United States must be secured for the undertaking.

Second—Mexico must show that she is able and willing to pay a substantial portion of the amount of interest on the foreign debt, which is in arrears since 1913, and the railroad debt, which is practically in the same condition.

Third—Mexican officials shall handle the money subscribed for the banking group shall have full control of the financial situation in Mexico insofar as it is related to this movement toward the financial rehabilitation of the country, until the country is stable and a "going concern."

CLOSING NEW YORK BID ASKED

Table with 2 columns: Bid, Asked. Lists various financial instruments and their corresponding bid and asked prices.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE

Table with 2 columns: Bid, Asked. Lists various financial instruments and their corresponding bid and asked prices.

THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE: TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 1919.

LARGE INCREASE IN DEPOSITS SHOWN BY REPORTS OF CHICAGO BANKS' CONDITIONS

REPORTS of the national and state banks of Chicago, giving their conditions as of March 4 and showing large increases in deposits and, by the national or commercial banks, decreases in loans, indicate the changes in business following up of business that has followed the armistice and the fact reflects the general condition of the country. The reports show that the national banks have increased their deposits by \$1,000,000, while the commercial banks have increased their deposits by \$1,000,000. The reports also show that the national banks have decreased their loans by \$1,000,000, while the commercial banks have decreased their loans by \$1,000,000.

Table with multiple columns: Bank Name, Deposits, Loans, Assets, Liabilities. Lists various banks and their financial data.

NEW YORK BOND TRANSACTIONS

Table with multiple columns: Bond Name, Price, Yield. Lists various bonds and their market data.

Continental and Commercial National Bank of Chicago

Statement of Condition at Close of Business Tuesday, March 4, 1919

Table with 2 columns: RESOURCES, LIABILITIES. Lists various financial instruments and their corresponding values.

Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank Chicago

Statement of Condition of this Bank at the Close of Business Tuesday, March 4, 1919

Table with 2 columns: RESOURCES, LIABILITIES. Lists various financial instruments and their corresponding values.

THE CAPITAL STOCK OF THE CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK IS OWNED BY THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO

Combined Deposits of These Banks \$371,400,426.95

TANDARD TRUST & SAVINGS BANK

Member Federal Reserve System. Statement of Condition at the Close of Business March 4, 1919

Table with 2 columns: RESOURCES, LIABILITIES. Lists various financial instruments and their corresponding values.

Unlimited Credit Insurance. The American's Unlimited Policy of Credit Insurance may sell, however numerous. Nor does it limit the amount of the insurance you may collect on the covered losses sustained during the all.

105 W. Monroe Street. TRIBUNE READERS ARE INTELLIGENT READERS



# Commercial

## INSURANCE NEWS IN ALL BRANCHES EAST AND WEST

### Risk Men Urge Co-operation with Business Interests.

BY THOMAS R. WEDDELL.

There is a general disposition among insurance men to seek closer cooperation between their business and the general business interests of the country for mutual protection against economic tendencies. At the recent meeting of the Michigan board of the Blue Goose Insurance Co., a resolution to this end was adopted, requesting the joint conference committee, representing the fire insurance companies operating in the middle west, to give careful consideration to the subject of closer relations with the general business interests.

#### CLOQUET INSURANCE SUITS.

When the Minnesota forest fire of last fall was approaching Cloquet, the Cloquet Lumber company telephoned to the Duluth insurance agency asking it to place additional insurance. Insurance to the amount of \$100,000 was bound a few hours before the forest fire reached Cloquet, and the insurance companies interested have denied liability, holding that the fire which destroyed the property was practically a continuous fire, and was burning at the time the insurance was effected. In consequence the Cloquet Lumber company has brought suit against the Duluth insurance agency for the \$100,000 involved.

#### FEDERAL ASSESSMENTS.

At the recent conference of fraternal insurance men in Chicago the committee adopted unanimously a resolution declaring that it was unwise for a fraternal to borrow money or sell its securities in order to meet such a demand. The committee also declared that the insurance companies which have issued the special assessments so long as it exists. The fraternalists which have issued the special assessments report that they have been paid with much less opposition than usual, owing to the widespread knowledge of the unusual conditions.

#### INSURANCE NOTES.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Merchants' National Fire Insurance Co. of Chicago, the stockholders were unanimous in their approval of the proposed absorption of the Bankers' and Merchants' Fire of Minneapolis was unanimously ratified and plans were made for other extensions. The stockholders of the Minneapolis company will meet this month to ratify the deal.

The casualty and surety men of Chicago will give a dinner at the Hotel La Salle this evening in honor of W. S. Crawford of the insurance Post and the insurance Post will have at the end of the week to become insurance editor of the Journal of Commerce in New York City.

The executive committee of the national convention of insurance commissioners will meet today in New York City to consider important matters in connection with impending legislation.

O. F. Cray Jr., who has been a local agent at Oakbrook, has been appointed Wisconsin

of the National City Bank

Federal Taxes

We should like to help you with your tax problem.

We will send on request a copy of the new law, digest, primer, suggestions to business men, or required forms for returns.

The National City Company

Correspondent Office in 35 Cities

Chicago—137 So. La Salle St.

Telephone—7200 Randolph

The National Produce Bank of Chicago

Report of Condition at the Close of Business March 4, 1919

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts.....\$2,651,956.50

United States Bonds.....150,000.00

United States Liberty Loan and Certificates of Indebtedness.....490,000.00

Other Bonds and Securities.....635,344.79

Interest Earned but Not Collected.....10,256.58

Real Estate.....1,148.50

Due from U. S. Treasurer.....7,500.00

Customers' Liability Under Letters of Credit.....42,530.00

Money Orders.....1,454.55

Cash and Due from Banks.....\$6,473,138.61

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock.....\$ 500,000.00

Surplus Fund.....100,000.00

Undivided Profits.....502,853.42

Re-discounts with Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago.....1,305,000.00

Contingent Account.....500,000.00

Dividends Unpaid.....733.00

Reserve for Taxes and Interest.....340,000.00

Acceptances.....6,705,420.00

Demand Deposits.....\$51,749,679.10

Time Deposits.....50,482,901.40

Total.....\$127,586,586.92

OFFICERS

Edwin L. Warner, President

John W. Low, Vice-President

Ralph S. Ballou, Cashier

H. B. Armstrong, Assistant Cashier

Wm. F. Gleason, Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS

John W. Low

John W. Low

John W. Low

John W. Low

John W. Low

special agent of the Providence of Washington, with Headquarters at Milwaukee. Fred Dale Wood, an attorney, will address the Fire Insurance Club of Chicago this evening on "The Expansion of Democracy and the Insurance of Nations."

Milton B. Finney, who is a member of Montana special agents has petitioned for the issuance of a charter to the Montana board of the Blue Goose.

J. E. Dunne, vice president of the Insurance Field, was called to Louisville yesterday by the sudden death of his mother, after a short illness.

### American Steel Foundries Increases Capital Stock

New York, March 10.—(Special.)—Directors of the American Steel Foundries have approved the plan for the advance in capital stock from \$17,184,000 to \$42,184,000 by the issue of \$25,000,000 7 percent preferred stock.

The present \$17,184,000 common stock will be divided into new stock of the same amount, but each share will have a par value of \$12.33 and three shares of new stock will be exchanged for each existing share of \$100 par.

Stockholders will vote on the plan at a special meeting on April 22.

It is generally understood that part of the \$25,000,000 new preferred stock of the American Steel Foundries which it is proposed to issue is to be given in payment for Griffin Wheel company. The price to be paid for this company cannot be ascertained, but it is rumored in equipment circles that it will be approximately \$10,000,000.

### MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT

O. G. Pond du Lac, Wis.—The Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie railway is controlled by the Canadian Pacific through ownership of a majority of the stock. The capitalization is fair by low, but as more than two-thirds of it is in bonds the amount of earnings applicable to stock is subject to wide fluctuations. In 1918 over 17 percent was earned on common stock, in 1917 17 percent while last year fixed charges were hardly covered. The future of the stock depends to a great extent on what the government may do.

### WILLIS OVERLAND

J. H. P.—Willis Overland common of \$25 par pays 4 percent a year and now sells at a price to make the yield 5 1/2 percent. In the last year and a half the company has acquired control of the Curtis Aeroplane, the Moline Plow company, and other corporations. The exact position of its stock will not be known till the annual report for 1918 appears.

### BANKRUPTCY PETITIONS

Petition of Frank March, 633 North Paulina St., liabilities, \$350; assets, \$172.

Petition of Herbert H. Green, 1425 Chicago St., liabilities, \$2,865; assets, \$200.

Petition of Claude E. Andersen, 35 South Dearborn St., real estate, liabilities, \$391,925; assets, \$948 (all except about \$12,000 of the liabilities are secured by first mortgage on real estate).

## The Tribune Investors' Guide

Answers to inquiries are based upon information which The Tribune believes reliable, fair, and unprejudiced, but beyond the exercise of care in securing such information The Tribune assumes no responsibility.

### Sierra Pacific Electric

St. P. Customers, Ia.—The Sierra Pacific Electric company has been operating eight years, covering its interest charges from three to six times. The bonded debt is low and is being reduced steadily by sinking funds. The company is now issuing \$400,000 of three year notes to take up an issue of \$350,000 maturing on April 1 and retire \$80,000 of floating debt. There are now \$603,000 of subsidiary bonds underlying the notes. Gross earnings in 1918 were \$721,297 and net \$366,536, net being equal to more than one-third of the entire debt. The notes are a high grade investment.

### Brief Answers

F. P. Adams, Mich.—The Erie "first consolidated" 7s outstanding to the amount of \$1,681,000 are secured by sixth mortgage on 447 miles of main line. The five underlying issues amount to about \$15,000,000.

O. S.—The Butte and Superior Mining company produces zinc and lead. On war prices for those metals it earned more than \$10 a share a year. In the last quarter of 1918 it earned at the rate of \$1.52 a share a year.

L. E. O.—Peoples Gas stock is all of one class. One class stock cannot have special rights to "cumulative" dividends. It has a right to all the surplus; also to the deficit, if there is one.

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

Frederick N. Mercer, Cashier

George M. Lincoln, Assistant Cashier

Wm. A. Tilden, President

John E. Shear, Vice President

## REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

### Fort Dearborn National Bank CHICAGO

At the Close of Business March 4, 1919

#### RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts.....\$38,378,202.71

Overdrafts.....3,995.83

United States Bonds, par value.....300,000.00

United States Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness.....4,562,000.00

Other Bonds and Securities.....2,748,722.65

Interest Earned but Not Collected.....12,344.86

Customers' Liability Under Letters of Credit.....665,719.95

Customers' Liability Under Acceptances.....1,801,354.84

Cash and Sight Exchange.....18,321,312.86

Total.....\$67,286,853.70

#### LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in.....\$ 3,000,000.00

Surplus and Undivided Profits.....1,350,891.85

Interest Collected but Not Earned.....300,000.00

Reserved for Taxes.....108,668.68

Dividends Unpaid.....990.50

Cash Letters of Credit and Travelers' Checks.....33,233.98

Commercial Letters of Credit Outstanding.....666,469.95

Banks' Acceptances outstanding.....1,868,161.74

U. S. Bonds.....300,000.00

Deposits.....59,688,927.10

Total.....\$67,286,853.70

#### OFFICERS

WM. A. TILDEN, President

WM. E. MOORE, Vice President

JOHN E. SHEAR, Cashier

GEORGE M. LINCOLN, Assistant Cashier

CHAS. H. ROY, Assistant Cashier

MARCELO COOBY, Assistant Cashier

CHARLES FERNALD, Assistant Cashier

E. C. WILSON, Assistant Cashier

EDW. N. HINZ, Asst. Cashier and Mgr. Foreign Dept.

C. A. BICKEL, Asst. Cashier

Walter S. Bogie, Asst. Cashier

William F. Burrows, Asst. Cashier

R. J. Fletcher, Asst. Cashier

Richard Fitzgerald, Asst. Cashier

John Fletcher, Asst. Cashier

Clayton Friend, Asst. Cashier

A. Gowan, Asst. Cashier

William A. Tilden, Asst. Cashier

#### REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

### Fort Dearborn Trust and Savings Bank CHICAGO

At the Close of Business March 4, 1919

#### RESOURCES

Time Loans on Collateral.....\$2,293,171.22

Demand Loans on Collateral.....\$1,634,852.44

United States and other Bonds at present market value.....1,603,043.61

Cash on Hand and in Banks.....851,141.22

Total.....\$6,382,208.49

#### LIABILITIES

Capital Stock.....\$ 500,000.00

Surplus and Undivided Profits.....318,935.80

Reserved for Interest and Taxes.....71,563.44

Time Deposits.....5,491,709.25

Total.....\$6,382,208.49

#### OFFICERS

WILLIAM A. TILDEN, President

JOHN E. SHEAR, Vice President

FREDERICK N. MERCER, Cashier

GEORGE M. LINCOLN, Assistant Cashier

WILLIAM A. TILDEN, President

JOHN E. SHEAR, Vice President

FREDERICK N. MERCER, Cashier

GEORGE M. LINCOLN, Assistant Cashier

WILLIAM A. TILDEN, President

JOHN E. SHEAR, Vice President

FREDERICK N. MERCER, Cashier

GEORGE M. LINCOLN, Assistant Cashier

WILLIAM A. TILDEN, President

JOHN E. SHEAR, Vice President

FREDERICK N. MERCER, Cashier

GEORGE M. LINCOLN, Assistant Cashier

WILLIAM A. TILDEN, President

JOHN E. SHEAR, Vice President

FREDERICK N. MERCER, Cashier

GEORGE M. LINCOLN, Assistant Cashier

WILLIAM A. TILDEN, President

JOHN E. SHEAR, Vice President

FREDERICK N. MERCER, Cashier

GEORGE M. LINCOLN, Assistant Cashier

WILLIAM A. TILDEN, President

JOHN E. SHEAR, Vice President







THE  
GIBLARTAR OF THE  
WEST SIDE

**GARFIELD  
PARK  
STATE  
SAVINGS  
BANK**

**CHICAGO**  
"I WILL"

W. Madison Street and Crawford Avenue  
REPORT OF CONDITION  
at the close of business March 4th, 1919, as

| RESOURCES.                            |                       |  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Loans .....                           | \$ 605,105.15         |  |
| Liberty Bonds .....                   | 328,100.00            |  |
| Short Term Notes.....                 | 620,836.73            |  |
| U. S. Government Bonds.....           | 97,975.00             |  |
| Bank Bldg. Vault, and Fixtures.....   | 55,000.00             |  |
| Overdrafts .....                      | None                  |  |
| Cash and Due from Banks.....          | 892,711.16            |  |
|                                       | <b>\$2,880,080.02</b> |  |
| LIABILITIES.                          |                       |  |
| Capital .....                         | \$ 200,000.00         |  |
| Surplus .....                         | 60,000.00             |  |
| Undivided Profits.....                | 19,428.22             |  |
| Fourth Liberty Bond Loan.....         | 160,000.00            |  |
| Liberty Bond Advances.....            | 323,185.00            |  |
| Due to other Banks.....               | 200,000.00            |  |
| Reserved for Taxes and Interest ..... | 10,339.19             |  |
| DEPOSITS .....                        | <b>2,128,097.57</b>   |  |

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                   |                |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                   | \$2,880,080.02 |
| <b>GAIN IN DEPOSITS.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                   |                |
| This call                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | (close of business March 4, 1919) |                |
| Total                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | deposits.....                     | \$3,128,092.57 |
| Last call                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | (close of business Dec. 31, 1918) |                |
| Total                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Deposits.....                     | 2,061,994.58   |
| Total Gain.....                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                   | \$ 69,097.99   |
| <b>BOND DEPARTMENT.</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                   |                |
| We own and offer a large variety of safe and profitable investments for those surplus funds in the form of bonds and stocks, to wit: Denominations, \$100, \$500, and \$1,000. First Real Estate Mortgages for sale at 6% annual interest. |                                   |                |

**INVEST NOW.**  
Our patrons are offered the privilege of depositing with us for safe keeping Liberty Bonds or any security purchased from us. An itemized receipt is given you and your property is insured by us against loss.

**GARFIELD PARK STATE SAVINGS BANK**  
W. MADISON ST. & CRAWFORD AVE.  
PHONE GARFIELD ONE.

**ENGLEWOOD  
STATE BANK**  
63rd Street and Yale Avenue  
Statement of Condition at Close of  
Business March 4th, 1919

**RESOURCES**

|                                 |                       |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Loans and Discounts.....        | \$1,558,462.92        |
| U. S. Bonds and Securities..... | 1,000,000.00          |
| Real Estate.....                | 1,000,000.00          |
| Deposits.....                   | 1,000,000.00          |
| Other Assets.....               | 1,000,000.00          |
| <b>Total.....</b>               | <b>\$5,558,462.92</b> |

|                                     |                       |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Overdrafts.....                     | 461.37                |
| Banking House.....                  | 60,000.00             |
| Furniture and Fixtures.....         | 4,376.98              |
| Cash and Exchange.....              | 394,542.06            |
|                                     | <b>\$2,749,638.24</b> |
| <b>LIABILITIES</b>                  |                       |
| Capital Stock.....                  | \$ 200,000.00         |
| Surplus.....                        | 30,000.00             |
| Undivided Profits.....              | 35,676.38             |
| Reserve for Taxes and Interest..... | 6,349.80              |
| Deposits.....                       | 2,478,222.06          |
|                                     | <b>\$2,749,638.24</b> |
| <b>OFFICERS</b>                     |                       |
| <b>FRANK H. TINSLEY, President.</b> |                       |

BRYAN G. TIGHE, Vice President.  
 E. W. STANSBURY, Cashier.  
 ERNEST E. HARTY, Asst. Cashier.  
 WM. M. GOLDSBERRY, Asst. Cashier.

CONDITION OF THE  
**First National Bank of Chicago**  
 BUILDING  
 and Clinton Street

| LIABILITIES                                                               |                       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Capital Stock.....                                                        | \$ 250,000.00         |
| Surplus .....                                                             | 75,000.00             |
| Undivided Profits.....                                                    | 23,828.86             |
| Due Subscribers for Pay-<br>ments received on U. S.<br>Liberty Bonds..... | 135,961.20            |
| Reserved for Taxes and In-<br>terest .....                                | 20,509.20             |
| Deposits .....                                                            | 3,476,874.47          |
|                                                                           | <b>\$3,982,173.73</b> |

OTTO A. ZINKE, Secretary.  
WM. W. FARRELL, Asst. Cashier.  
J. E. O'SHAUGHNESSY, Asst. Cashier

**RECTORS**

E. A. HOWARD, Vice-Pres. C. B. &  
O. R. R. Co., Jackson Blvd. and  
Clinton St.

E. A. RUSSELL, Vice-Pres. Otis Ele-  
vator Company, Jackson Blvd. and  
Jefferson St. Chairman Ordnance  
District Claims Board U. S. Army.

HENRY X. STRAUSS, President Meyer  
& Co., Adams and Green Sts.

LOUIS LOEFF, President Wolf  
Manufacturing Co., 601 W. Lake St.

HARRY A. WHEELER, Vice-Pres.,

also Vice-Pres. Union Trust Co.  
FREDERICK H. RAWSON, President,  
also President Union Trust Company.

---

# NORTH AVENUE STATE BANK

Condensed Statement of the Condition of the  
NORTH AVENUE STATE BANK, at the  
Close of Business March 4, 1913.

| RESOURCES                                         |                |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Bonds and Discounts.....                          | \$1,451,999.61 |
| Municipal—Public Utility and<br>Other Bonds ..... | \$45,005.47    |
| U. S. Bonds .....                                 | 420,300.00     |
| U. S. Certificates .....                          | 220,000.00     |
| Banking House .....                               | 110,782.36     |
| Demand Loans .....                                | \$209,901.82   |
| Cash and Sight Exchg..                            | 647,906.33     |
|                                                   | \$68,808.15    |
|                                                   | \$3,916,795.59 |

| LIABILITIES               |                |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Accounts Payable .....    | \$1,000.00     |
| Accounts Receivable ..... | 1,000.00       |
| Notes Payable .....       | 1,000.00       |
| Long-Term Debt .....      | 1,000.00       |
| Current Liabilities ..... | 1,000.00       |
|                           | \$3,916,795.59 |

|                                     |                |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Capital Stock .....                 | \$ 200,000.00  |
| Surplus and Undivided Profits ..... | 63,644.44      |
| Deposits .....                      | 3,653,151.15   |
|                                     | <hr/>          |
| Deposits March 4, 1919 .....        | \$3,916,795.59 |
| Deposits Dec. 31, 1918 .....        | \$3,663,151.15 |
|                                     | <hr/>          |
| Increase .....                      | \$ 253,644.44  |

**OFFICERS**

London C. Rose, President  
Charles E. Schick, Vice President  
Otto G. Roehling, Cashier  
Victor H. Thiele, Assistant Cashier

OUR BUSINESS is CORDIALLY INVITED  
North Avenue and Larrabee Street,

1



1

1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 26

A blank, lined page from a notebook. The page is white with faint horizontal ruling lines and a vertical margin line on the right side. There are some minor blemishes and a small dark spot near the bottom center. The page is slightly aged and has a slightly textured appearance.

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and small dark spots, possibly due to age or handling. A vertical crease is visible down the center of the page. The right edge of the page is slightly irregular, and there is a dark, possibly black, strip along the bottom edge, which might be the binding or the edge of the book cover.







P. | WANTED-MALE

[illegible]







**WANTED-TO RENT-HOUSE**  
low 4 or 7 rooms; in Chicago

WANTED TO RENT—8 Rms. on N. or steam elec. light. Call 385.

WANTED TO RENT—7 OR 8 ROOMS on lake front. Must have hot water refrigerator. Call 385.

WANTED TO RENT—BUNGALOW cottage, 5 rooms, with bath, central heating and basement. April or about \$300. Call Ravenna 2-1025.

WANTED TO RENT—COTTAGE about 8 rms. from June to October. Side of Lake. Call 218.

WANTED—AT SUMMER RENT TO RENT—OR BUY, cottage on lake front. Call out Geo. to Kintner 2813 N. 2410.

TO RENT—FLATS—5 ROOMS AND ANNEKES  
4632 LAKE BLACKSTONE BLVD.  
4632-4648 BLACKSTONE BLVD.  
TO RENT—APARTMENT, FINE  
12 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, CLO., KITCHEN, MEN'S IN THE BUILDING, RADI-  
TRIC LIGHT FIXTURES, BURNING  
701 FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG.  
TO RENT—  
Flat 1, 4006 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 2, 4006 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 3, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 4, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 5, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 6, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 7, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 8, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 9, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 10, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 11, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 12, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 13, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 14, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 15, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 16, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 17, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 18, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 19, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 20, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 21, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 22, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 23, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 24, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 25, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 26, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 27, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 28, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 29, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 30, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 31, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 32, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 33, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 34, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 35, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 36, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 37, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 38, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 39, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 40, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 41, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 42, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 43, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 44, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 45, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 46, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 47, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 48, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 49, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 50, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 51, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 52, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 53, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 54, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 55, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 56, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 57, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 58, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 59, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 60, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 61, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 62, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 63, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 64, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 65, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 66, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 67, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 68, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 69, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 70, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 71, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 72, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 73, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 74, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 75, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 76, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 77, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 78, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 79, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 80, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 81, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 82, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 83, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 84, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 85, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 86, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 87, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 88, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 89, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 90, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 91, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 92, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 93, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 94, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 95, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 96, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 97, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 98, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 99, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1  
Flat 100, 4206 Michigan-av. 5 rms. 1







[illegible]



**HOUSEHOLD GOODS.**

LOOK  
FACTORY FURNITURE.  
WHOLESALE PRICES.  
ALL THIS WEEK.

\$73 7 piece case and crowded down  
suits, unholstered in fact all values  
up to \$128. Values up to \$430.  
19 bedroom suits beautiful Mat. m.  
to \$425.

45 French Wills and Velvet An-  
tlers. All values up to \$330 to \$67.50.  
Metal values up to \$120.

\$37 floor lamps, with beautiful silk  
shades. \$9.75 to \$27.50. Metal values ap-  
prox. \$65.

\$75 all bed and cotton Mattress, with high  
grade coverings. \$7.50 to \$16.50. Metal  
values approx. \$100.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS

TWO NUMEROUS TO MENTION SO COME  
EARLY AND GET FIRST CHOICE

BEST FLOOR GOODS FOR FUTURE DELIV-  
ERY.

WORLD FACTORIES,  
1320 S. WARREN-AV.,  
PUBLIC SALE

FURNITURE AND RUGS.

-OF-

MANUFACTURER'S SAMPLES.

Brass Beds, Parlor Suite, Bedroom Suite,  
Dining Room Suite, Living Room Suite,  
Bathrooms, Floor Lamps, Talking Ma-  
chines, etc. etc. etc. The best of selection  
now being held at the

CHESTER HOTEL, CHESTER, KENTUCKY

3451 and 3453 INDIANA AVE.

Every article new and perfect and  
at prices so low you can't believe them.  
In many instances the price is about half  
the regular price. Don't miss it, as you'll  
find many of these handsome pieces  
will never come again.

Here are a few of the bargains:  
\$50; massive 3 piece living room suite, 7 piece, \$25;  
\$25; 3 piece dining room set, \$10;

335 to \$45; 9x12 Wilton rugs, \$35; dressers and chiffoniers, \$18 to \$30; library table, \$12 to \$20; floor lamps complete, \$15 to \$20; mattresses, \$3 to \$10; odd rockers and chairs, \$3 to \$12; large cabinet talking machines, \$55; complete bedroom suits and so many other bargains too numerous to mention. Now if you are contemplating the purchase of a household goods whatsoever, I would advise you to call on me.

[illegible]

FOR SALE—STUNNING SOLID MAHOG any davenport, upholstered in rose velvet; bargain for quick sale, \$25. 4246 Sheridan St., Apt. 57.

REFRIGERATOR, BOHN'S \$150 SIZE, radiator, automatic gas, steam, and 2 lavatories cheap; excellent condition. Phone Coliseum 8644.

**HOUSEHOLD GOODS WANTED.**  
**ATTENTION.**  
Do not sell your household goods for a few dollars. We have cash for all household goods. Our customers willing to pay a good price. Call on Kenwood.

**M. PARNASS & CO.**  
214 Cottage Grove Ave.  
BUY 2D HAND FURNITURE, LOOK etc. for cash. Prompt attention to all orders.

**EMPIRE STORAGE CO.**  
214 Cottage Grove Ave.  
Tel. Midway 1.

**HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR 2D HAND FURNITURE** in any part of the city. **REXEL 4442.**  
214 Cottage Grove Ave. Tel. Rexel 4442.

**REBIE'S CLOTHING HOUSE.**  
We buy and sell clothing, shoes and furnishings of apts. or houses. **Furn. Furniture.**

**MRS. B. GELDER BROS. FURNITURE**  
We buy and sell furniture, clothing and shoes. **Phone 4740.**

**W. H. PHILPOTT, AUCTIONEER AND Appraiser.** Entire furnishings of homes and stores. **Phone 4740.**

**REXEL 4442 PAID FOR FURNITURE.** Carpets, draperies, etc. **REXEL 4442.**

**RAUCH 3421 State St.** Dept. 7661.  
We buy ladies and gents clothing, fur coats, hats, etc. **Phone 14201.**

**WE BUY AND SELL ELECTRIC washing machines and vacuum cleaners.**

**WE BUY 2D HAND FURNITURE.** LOOK for cash. **REXEL 4442.**

**W. H. SCHNEIDER, 440 E. 315th St.** Tel. 4442.  
**ANTIQUES AND CLOTHING.** **DOG 9999.**

**WE BUY 2D HAND FURNITURE.** **REXEL 4442.**  
Rooming house; will pay cash. **Kenwood 6666.**  
Every description; will pay cash. **Ken 6666.**

**LEASEHOLDS.**  
SEE WM. LANGE, 704 N. DEARBORN-ST.  
honest deals, 500 places to choose from.  
15 2 rm. apts., beautiful furn., 15 bath-  
a-dor beds, etc.; clear \$4,000 yearly. Is  
negotiate; worth price asked.  
\$55 mos. Wilson dist. inc. \$250 monthly.

[illegible]

Canadian subscribers ~~without~~ <sup>with</sup> daily, are charged 20 cents  
month extra for postage. Give postoffice  
in full, including county and state.  
Pay by express money order, draft, or in  
registered letter at our risk to The Tribune  
Company, publisher.  
NEW YORK—351 FIFTH AVENUE.  
WASHINGTON—40 WYATT BUILDING.

LOS ANGELES-409 HAAS BUILDING  
LONDON-10 REGENT STREET & W.  
PARIS-429 RUE ST HONORE  
MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED  
PRESS

The Associated Press is exclusively  
entitled to the use for republication of  
news dispatches credited to it or not  
credited in this paper, and  
to the local news published herein,  
and all rights of republication of special  
dispatches herein also are reserved.